Part One.. MARION WEEKLY STAR. Pages 1-8

VOL. XVI. NO. 48 MARION, OHIO, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1900. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

AFE IN JAIL

illiam Gibson, the Fiend Who Tortured and Murdered

SLITTLE STEP-CHILD

Placed Behind the Bars of County Jail at Maysville, Kentucky.

UTE MAKES A CONFESSION

Little Child Is Burned with the Hot Poker To Give Appearance of a Smallpox Case.

URANCE ON THE CHILD'S LIFE

he Stake for Which Gibson, and ther Involved in the Awful Crime, mmit Murder—Frightful Injury ures to a Man at Cleveland, nber of Miners Overcome by s—Stories of Crime.

..., Ky., Dec. 6—W. L. ..., deputy sheriff, arrived here ... having charge of Wil... Gibson, the fiend who tortured ... daughter at Cattlettsburg, ... and Mr. Griffith captured ... at an old iron furnace in Car... county yesterday morning. Gibson made no resistance, but claimed he did so to allow himself up as he had fear of a mob. Gibson was taken to ...sburg jail last night, was kept ... twenty minutes, and then was ... by buggy to Russell and a train ... there. The Cattlettsburg ... did not know of Gibson's pres... there.

... one year ago today Dick Cole..., ... from Covington here, ... a crime not much greater ... Gibson's. Gibson will be kept ... the present term of the circuit ... Catlettsburg.

... Gibson was placed in jail he ... two other implicated in the ... and she was killed ... escape money. He also ... in spotting the child ... was to have the ... and died of smallpox.

Frightful Injury.

..., Dec. 6—Michael Kon... in the American Steel ..., was the victim of a ... this morning. He was ... and the drill was torn ... the lower, exposing ... intestines. A piece of ... has been inflicting ... His left arm was crushed ... forearm almost torn off. ... taken to the hospital, ... he had no chance of re...

Instantly Killed.

..., Dec. 6—While seven ... were moving over a small suspen... near the works of the ... company, last evening, ... precipitated and the men ... to the Androscoggin riv... M. Brown and Thomas ... instantly killed and the ... were more or less se...

By Mine Gas.

..., Pa., Dec. 6—Two miners, ... and Paul Prysiola, ... to death last night by ... They were at work in the ... when they were ... by the deadly gas. Before ... fresh air they suc...

Both Are Colored.

..., Dec. 6—Robert Dar... shot last night by ... brother-in-law, ... that Stevens was ... marriage again, went to ... in the door and began ..., who was in bed, with ... fired three shots, one ... for the heart. Both ...

Three Are Suffocated.

..., Dec. 6—Abraham ... and his two sons were suf... ...ated during the night at ...

The Seventh Victim.

..., Dec. 6—Arthur Scully, one ... injured in the Chicago and ... power house explosion, ... making seven deaths in all.

Three Miners Killed.

..., Dec. 6—A boulder fell ... Gold-Herald mine late yes...

Friday afternoon and killed three miners and maimed two. The dead: Oliver Bergman, Jr., of Morris; and James Dodson. The injured: Peter Dolcevenger and Oscar Elliott.

Murderer Captured.

Norfolk, Va., Dec. 6—By strolling the lower part of his body and limbs with his helpless arms behind him, Ed Davenport was captured on Perdue's farm in Norfolk county, Wednesday, by Policeman Wilson, who escaped from the Monmouth county jail in New Jersey. Superintendent of the Children's Home Society of Newark, while awaiting extradition papers, had him in jail here, but may be unable to prosecute him before he can be tried in New Jersey to be hanged.

Murderers Indicted.

Pensacola, Fla., Dec. 6—The grand jury last night returned indictments for murder against Jim Parker, Bill and the colored jack. Seven were indicted for brutally killing a negro white man who was shot while trying to ... help them. They shot him from ... hind. Among the indictments was one against a negro preacher for killing a deacon of his church last August.

A Double Tragedy.

Parker, W. Va., Dec. 6—A plot to kill James B. Chambers, ex-sheriff, was discovered and foiled, and resulted in the killing of the plotters. Adam Bailey, a saloonkeeper, and Dr. Thomas Swan, veterinary surgeon, by the intended victim last evening. Bailey is said to have hired Thomason to kill Chambers, who is a brother of Jesse Chambers of Welch. Bailey's bartender overheard the plot, and he told of it. Bailey and Thomason went to Chambers' saloon and opened fire at close range. Chambers returned the fire, killing Thomason with a revolver. Then he killed Bailey with a double-barreled shotgun, both barrels being fired at once. Bailey was under a charge of murder, and was out on bail. He was living with a woman not his wife. He was considered a dangerous man. Thomason's father is a prominent lawyer of Williamsport, Pennsylvania. Chambers surrendered to the authorities. He was an important witness against Bailey, who is charged with the murder for the crime.

Fostoria Girl Kills Herself.

Chicago, Dec. 6—Miss Delta Neely, who shot herself twice in the breast Wednesday while in her room at the Sherman, She lived at Fostoria, Ohio. Despondency, caused by the condition of a brother, who is said to be demented in a sanitarium near Fostoria, is assigned as the reason for killing herself.

Through the Heart.

Richmond, Va., Dec. 6—John P. Booth, secretary of the Holstein Woolen Mills, near Salem, Virginia, was killed yesterday while trying to get out of his office. George Cahill, seventeen years old, who was deaf and dumb. The boy stabbed him through the heart.

A Railroad Wreck.

Butte, Mont., Dec. 6—The Northern Pacific flyer's train from the east to St. Paul, due in Butte at 11:30 last night was divided five miles west of the city. Two unknown tramps, who were stealing a ride on the trucks of the baggage car were killed and Engineer Ned Kellam, and Fireman Ole Johnson of Missoula, were caught between the engine and tender and severely injured. The engine jumped the track and with the baggage and express cars went into the ditch. Mail Clerk R. G. Metcalfe of Spokane, was slightly injured.

SIDE BY SIDE

Lie the Bodies of a Murderer and His Victim.

De Soto, Mo., Dec. 6—The body of a murderer and his victim, both unknown, lie side by side at Hawkins, Missouri, near here. The two men, tramps were permitted to sleep in a sawmill. Wednesday the body of the younger was found still warm, on the railroad track. The mill was crushed and there is no doubt the body was dragged there purposely. The older man had disappeared. He was armed with the dead man's revolver in his possession, and when confronted with the evidence against him, committed suicide in the least, dropping dead at the feet of his captors. The men were respectively twenty and fifty years old.

ACQUITTED

Is Swink of the Murder of Mrs. Wilhelmina Pearson.

Columbia, S. C., Dec. 6.—The jury in the case of Jones W. Swink for the murder of Mrs. Wilhelmina Pearson after five hours' deliberation, found him not guilty.

Swink testified that he whipped Mrs. Pearson for carrying an improper note to his married niece. He admitted that he struck her hard with a heavy whip. While merchants and other business men, including Swink, testified that Mrs. Pearson visited their families as a social equal, two young men, from personal knowledge, testified she was not pure.

Roberts Leaves Durban.

Capetown, Dec. 6.—A dispatch from Durban says General Roberts has left that place for this city. He was given an enthusiastic sendoff.

A Cabinet Resigns.

Valparaiso, Dec. 6.—The Chilian cabinet has resigned because of internal differences.

AGREEMENT

Is Reached by Envoys of Various Powers in China.

THE AMERICAN POLICY

Is Followed by the Envoys Except in Several Very Minor Details.

CONGER CABLED TO SIGN IT

Minister Wu Calls at the State Department To Get Details of the Agreement.

HE APPEARS TO BE GRATIFIED

Believes with the United States That It Is Better To Make Concessions in Minor Details Than To Object and Thus Postpone Final Settlement—An Outline of the Proposed Terms of Settlement.

Washington, Dec. 6—The text of the agreement of the powers relative to the settlement of the Chinese question is practically as follows:

Punishment of the severest character of those principally guilty of the present uprising.

Imperial edict forbidding the importation of arms into China for two years.

Punishment of officials who have been guilty of murder or participated in the attacks on foreigners.

Suspension of examinations in all cities where foreigners have been murdered or subjected to cruel treatment for two years.

Memorial temples to be erected on the sites of foreign legations destroyed.

Indemnity to be paid by China to the powers in such annual installments as may be agreed upon.

Imperial edict to be published in every province for two years, containing the above decrees and declaring that the Chinese government will hereafter act in accordance with treaties and maintain friendly relations with foreigners.

The right of the foreign powers to maintain guards at their legations in Peking.

The dismantling of the Taku forts.

Right of foreign powers to occupy certain points between Peking and the sea to be agreed upon.

Importation of arms prohibited for two years.

Chinese officials guilty of crimes against foreigners to be executed.

Examinations suspended in all cities where foreigners have been murdered or subjected to cruel treatment for five years.

Eighty Leaders Executed.

Berlin, Dec. 6—It is the opinion of the Chinese embassy here that the list of eighty leaders to be executed at the order of the new government of Shansi includes Li Ping Heng, the governor, Yu Hsien, Governor of Shansi, and Governor Chiby Hsien, leaders who, it is said, were responsible for the massacre of the missionaries.

Catholics Massacred.

Shanghai, Dec. 6—Up to the present date 5,000 converts of the Catholic missions have been murdered, and 15,000 are in danger. Bishop Favier is still in China.

ADMIRAL CERVERA

Is Anxious About the Condition of Mr. Hobson.

Madrid, Dec. 6—Admiral Cervera is anxiously awaiting news of Lieutenant Hobson, whom he had the daring to order to be released on parole when he visited the Spanish admiral's flagship to arrange for the exchange of prisoners after the destruction of the Spanish fleet in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba.

The Spanish people praise the fearless conduct of Hobson and his men in the face of the enemy's fire, and Admiral Cervera's action in releasing them on parole.

Madrid, Dec. 5—I am greatly concerned that the valiant Hobson is not satisfactorily cared. I am praying God to restore him to health and to permit me to receive him into his presence.—Admiral Cervera."

DOLLAR GAS

Will Not Be Tolerated by the People of Covington.

Cincinnati, Dec. 6—Judgment for ... and costs ... was rendered by Judge ... in favor of ... against the Dollar Gas company of Covington. The suit was brought to test the validity of the ordinance passed by the Covington council ... fixing the price of gas at $1 per thousand feet. The ordinance was declared void by the court, and the ... company is now ... to charge ... per thousand feet. The ... will be appealed to the supreme court.

The Official Figures.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 6—The state canvassing board Wednesday passed upon the results of the election of November 6. The figures published ... gave Nash 167,951 votes and the ... 161,241 for the Democratic electors ... McKinley's plurality 6,710. The official figures for governor ... Nash (Rep.), Altshuler (Dem.).

VERY BITTER

Will Be the Fight Engendered by the Bill of Hanna

TO ELEVATE SAMPSON

There's a Way Open to the President To Make Peace Between Factions.

BUT HE'LL HARDLY TAKE IT

The Administration Is Anxious To Secure Early Action on Hay-Pauncefote Treaty.

REDUCTION IN WAR TAX KNOWN

It Will Amount to Forty Millions and One-Fourth of It, So the Committee Proposes, Shall Be on Beer and Three Millions on Cigars—The Appropriation Estimates Are Made Public at Last.

Washington, Dec. 6—Senator Hanna's bill was introduced yesterday, by request, by Senator Frye, of the senate committee on commerce, to which the bill was referred. It provides for the appointment of a rear admiral, on the retired list, to place Sampson on the active list.

The plan of the administration supporters in the senate is to have the bill ... on the calendar ... to appeal to the better judgment of the president.

Either Admiral Sampson in the navy department or Admiral Schley, who did such very good work in command of the fleet, will retire in a year, and Sampson in two years. McKinley could secure peace by appointing Schley to the latter place, and then promote Dewey.

No decision can be reached however, before January, the McKinley will be ... Congress reconvenes. President ... opposed both Sampson's and Schley's appointment, so nothing is ... to the ... of the ... Dewey.

Early Action Wanted.

Washington, Dec. 6—The desire of ... administration to secure early action ... the Hay-Pauncefote treaty was ... Wednesday by the motion of Senator Lodge, of the foreign relations committee, to widen the senate ... to executive session. Because ... of the death of Sir Julian ... Mr. Lodge is in charge of business coming ... that committee. While he is ... that the ... action in the ... to have the treaty disposed of as ... possible, it is a curious fact ... Lodge is in opposition to the ... clause on the ... of fortifications of the proposed Nicaragua canal.

Officers of the state department ... the statement that the president would not sign a canal bill which should provide for fortifications. Senator Lodge was the first speaker in the executive session, and he made it clear that he had not changed his mind as to the desirability of adopting the Amendment which gives the United States authority to adopt such defenses for the canal as it may deem necessary. He made a strong presentation of the reasons for speedy action upon the treaty.

In speaking of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, Lodge declared that it was still in force and spoke earnestly of the duty of nations to observe their international obligations.

The debate closed without any definite action being taken on the subject.

The Reductions.

Washington, Dec. 6—The house ways and means committee gave out the bill to reduce the war revenue at 4 o'clock Wednesday. It provides for a total reduction of $40,000,000. The reduction on beer is $9,852,000 and on cigars $3,000,000. The entire reduction on special taxes, section 3, is $23,500,000, divided as follows: Commercial brokers, $135,294; custom house brokers, $8,105; circulars, $13,744; theaters, $17,578; exhibitions, $34,218. The cost reduction on schedule A is $27,250,000, divided as follows: Bank checks, $1,000,000; certificates of deposits, $200,000; drafts in bank, $500,000; promissory notes, $3,000,000; parcel orders, $700,000; foreign bills of exchange, $100,000; export bills of lading, $100,000; express receipts, $1,200,000; telephone messages, $315,000; bonds of indemnity, $200,000; certificates other than those of profit, $200,000; charter parties, $100,000; brokers' contracts, $100,000; conveyances, $1,000,000; telegraph dispatches, $400,000; insurance, $3,000,000; leases, $200,000; mortgages, $300,000; passage tickets, $200,000; powers of attorney, etc., $100,000; protests, $25,000; warehouse receipts, $250,000.

The reduction on schedule B is $3,948,000, leaving the tax on wines about $40,000,000 untouched. The removal of the tax on legacies, charitable bequests, etc., reduces the revenue another $500,000.

Apportionment Estimates.

Washington, Dec. 6—The estimates of appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, have reached the house committee on appropriations. The total estimated for the civil establishment is $29,968,560, for foreign intercourse, $1,890,638, for the military establishment, $113,965,492, for naval establishment, $30,820,070, for Indian affairs $9,250,271, pensions, $140,245,750 public works, $39,697,852; postal service, $14,031,307; miscellaneous, $11,551,934. The permanent annual appropriations are $129,504,229. The grand total is $526,741,262.

The estimates for 1901 were $631,581,991. The appropriations $586,000,262.

A Report by Long.

Washington, Dec. 6—In the senate Wednesday Secretary of the Navy Long, in response to a resolution presented at the last session of congress, submitted a report embodying the number of war vessels that have been at the Philippines since May 1, 1898, the cost of fuel and the Suez canal tolls. The canal tolls of the seventeen vessels reported aggregated $55,433.52. The figures will occupy a prominent part in the Nicaragua canal discussion.

Work Is Resumed.

Washington, Dec. 6—The house committee on rivers and harbors resumed work Wednesday on the appropriation bill, and heard among others Captains Lyle and Deane of Pittsburg, Ohio river men who advocate a complete system of Ohio river improvements.

Like the Hull Bill.

Washington, Dec. 6—Mr. Hawley has introduced in the senate a bill for the reorganization of the army, identical with the bill introduced by Mr. Hull in the house.

INTENSE INDIGNATION

Is Expressed in Michigan Over the Act of the Governor.

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 6—Governor Pingree's pardon of Generals White and Marsh, convicted of defrauding the state, has aroused intense indignation throughout the state. The Detroit papers are filled with interviews with prominent officials and private citizens denouncing the governor. Talk of impeachment is indulged in. Governor Pingree has given out a characteristic interview defying public opinion, and accusing the court which convicted White and Marsh with being prejudiced. It is discovered that there is no way to enforce the collection of the $5,000 fines imposed by Pingree on the two, who will go scot free unless they choose to pay voluntarily.

White was released from Jackson prison Wednesday after being incarcerated just thirty-six hours. Pingree was contemplating a special session of the legislature to hastily pass some railroad taxation bills, but it is said he is hesitating for fear of being impeached by the legislature if it was called together.

To End a Bad Policy.

London, Dec. 6—It is stated in political circles that the government will shortly announce a modification of the "devastation" policy in the Transvaal. The effect of the policy on the people at home has caused the government much anxiety.

BETTER BILL

Says Frye, Is His Measure Than That of Payne and Hanna.

OHIO MAN ADMITS IT

The Maine Statesman Explains Why Ship Subsidy Bill Is Necessary.

WANTS THE FLAG OF AMERICA

Carried by as Many Vessels as Possible During the Five Years Next To Come.

THE ARMY REORGANIZATION BILL

Is Discussed in the House and Proves Productive of Not a Little Merriment—Democrats Oppose It and Republicans Are for It—Fitzgerald Wants Boers Brought to America in Warships.

Washington, Dec. 6—The members of the senate were a trifle slow in appearing Wednesday, but there was a goodly number present when the gavel fell at noon.

The deep public interest in the ship subsidy bill was made manifest by the well filled galleries.

The credentials of Samuel D. McEnery and Donaldson Caffery, re-elected senators from Louisiana, were presented.

Baron, from the committee on foreign relations, reported favorably the bill to permit Captain B. H. McCalla, U. S. N., and Commander W. C. Wise, U. S. N., to accept the decoration of the Red Eagle and the accompanying sword from the Emperor of Germany. The bill was passed. The decorations were given for gallantry displayed during the Chinese war.

At 12:25 o'clock, on motion of Lodge, the senate went into executive session for the consideration of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

The credentials of George Peabody Wetmore, re-elected senator from Rhode Island, were presented as well as a number of petitions and private bills.

Frye, at the conclusion of the executive session of the senate at 2 p. m., called up the house bill making December 12 a public holiday in the District of Columbia, owing to the celebration of the centennial anniversary of the establishment of the seat of government at Washington. The bill was passed. Frye at this point resumed his speech on the ship subsidy bill.

Mr. Frye took up the limitations of the bill, in which the clause that no more than $9,000,000 could be expended in any one year, was dwelt upon. In the limit of five years the framers of the bill figure on a striking prorata reduction in the matter of subsidy. This the secretary of the treasury was empowered to do. Each year after the five-year limit would materially reduce the subsidy. There is surely no danger in the limitations of the bill. The subsidy would be an inducement to build vessels by the wholesale. Under the bill no ship can receive the subsidy in any one year on more than sixteen trips.

"It has been argued that with the subsidy a vessel could take three barrels of flour and go on a trip just to rake off a good fat subsidy. Now a ship of 10,000 tons would have expenses amounting to $18,000 on a trans-Atlantic trip. The subsidy would be $3,000.

Frye here took clauses 9 and 10 of the subsidy bill and explained the framers' intent in the explanations therein.

Hale asked why foreign vessels were admitted.

"Mainly we desired to get as many vessels flying the American flag as possible in the next five years," replied Frye.

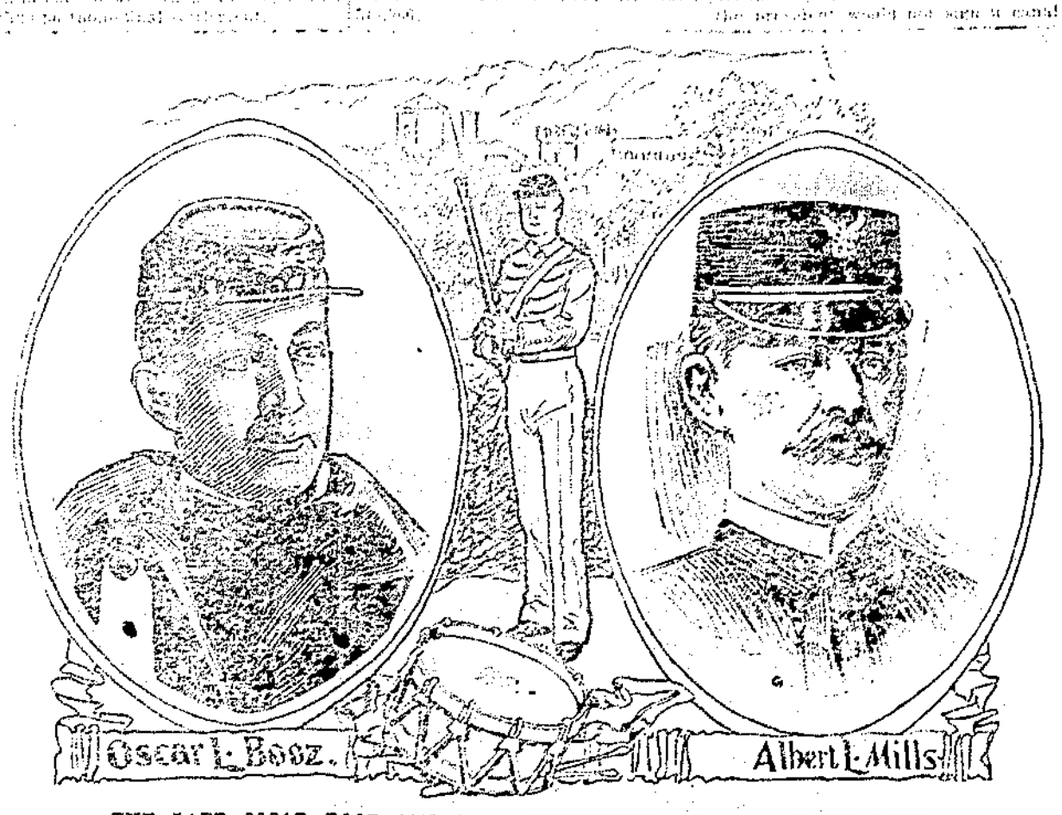
Hale, in presenting a memorial from some American ship builders protesting against the foreign clause, asked if it were not true that foreign shipbuilders were already constructing vessels in foreign ports to take advantage of the subsidy, the moment the bill became a law.

Jones, Arkansas, wanted Hale's memorial printed in the record.

"You opposers of the subsidy bill will have sufficient statistics in the record to satisfy you," retorted Frye.

Mr. Frye, in reply to Mr. Hale, called attention to the clause providing that where a foreign ship entered the Amer-

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.



THE LATE OSCAR BOOZ AND SUPERINTENDENT MILLS OF WEST POINT.

The death of Oscar L. Booz, who is said to have been a victim of hazing at West Point, will doubtless bring about an investigation of the charges. Colonel Mills, superintendent of the National Military academy, is emphatic in his denials that cadets at West Point are brutal in their treatment of under class men.

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ALL DAY SERVICES

To All Intents and Purposes Are Held at the Evangelical Protestant Salem's Church,

WHICH IS RE-DEDICATED SUNDAY

The Morning Services Are in German and Deeply Interesting—Marion Ministerial Association Is in Charge in the Afternoon—The Evening Service—Music Is Unusually Fine.

Fifteen years ago Sunday the structure occupied by the Evangelical Protestant Salem's congregation on east Church street was dedicated.

At the time of its completion, it ranked among the best buildings of its kind in the city, and was amply spacious to accommodate the ordinary attendance at that church. But the past fifteen years have worked wonders in the matter of new members. As time passed and the number of communicants enlarged the need of more room was recognized, and a few months ago the officers and members of the congregation decided that an addition to the church could be delayed no longer, and a firm plan of improvement was decided upon.

By coincidence the improvements were completed so that the church was re-dedicated on its fifteenth anniversary, and the occasion was made a notable one in the church history.

Four services were held during the day and evening and the attendance was surprisingly large, not being confined to the membership, but including many from other congregations and quite a number of visitors from surrounding towns.

The re-dedication ceremonies were simple, but appropriate, and in keeping with the customs prevailing among churches of this denomination, which by the way, is the established or state institution of the Fatherland.

The exercises of the morning were conducted in German and began with a dedicatory prayer by the pastor, Rev. H. H. Fleer. Rev. C. W. Bernhardt of Cleveland delivered an able address of a highly interesting and appropriate character. The reverend gentleman was followed by Rev. H. Katterjohn of Kenton who spoke very impressively. Rev. Mr. Katterjohn is a fine speaker and a learned student of the bible.

During the morning exercises, the regular church choir which numbers several fine voices, sang a couple of beautiful anthems accompanied by Miss Minnie Albrecht on the organ.

The afternoon exercises were pleasing in the extreme. Rev. Mr. Fleer delivered a brief address of welcome, and then introduced Dr. A. E. Smith, who took charge of the services. Dr. Smith gave a short, but interesting address, and in turn introduced Rev. Alfred R. Taylor, Rev. Tudor J. Lewis, Rev. G. E. Barnard and Mr. H. E. Owen. Each contributed a short address very much appreciated by the audience. After a beautiful selection by the Apollo Glee club, one of Marion's finest musical organizations, Mr. Arthur Powell and Rev. W. E. Thomas delivered brief addresses.

Rev. Mr. Fleer concluded the program with a nice talk in which he thanked those contributing to the exercises of the afternoon, and expressed the appreciation of the members of his congregation. The Apollo Glee club sang three times during the afternoon.

At 6 o'clock a meeting of the Christian Endeavor was held, which was largely attended, Miss C. Kuntz leading the services.

The evening services consisted of a very fine musical program to which several of Marion's leading musicians were contributors, and addresses by Rev. F. C. Withoff, Rev. W. E. Thomas and Rev. F. Dueser, president of the Ohio district of the Evangelical Synod of North America. The addresses of the evening were exceptionally good.

On the musical program Messrs. R. O. Becker, McNeal and Robert Ramroth appeared in a serenade; Mr. John F. Leffler and Miss Emma Berndt sang a duet, "Come Holy Spirit;" Mr. L. B. McNeal gave a flute solo; the choir sang a selection entitled "Make a Joyful Noise" and the congregation joined in singing a couple of hymns.

Bodily pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

U. B. SUNDAY-SCHOOL

Elects Officers at a Meeting Held Sunday Morning.

The United Brethren Sunday-school elected officers Sunday morning.

Miss Bessie Snider was chosen superintendent; W. E. Coler, assistant superintendent; Miss Nellie Bever, treasurer; Miss Eleanor Dunn, organist; W. Krause, chorister, and Ray Martin librarian.

TONSILINE
CURES
SORE THROAT

I want to so impress upon your mind the above fact, that when you or yours have Sore Throat you will at once think of Tonsiline as the one cure which never fails. Sore Mouth, Croup and Quinsy are just as quickly cured by

TONSILINE

25C AND 50C. ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

LARUE ITEMS.

Crisp and Interesting News Gleaned in the Village.

LaRue, Dec. 1.—Mr. Sickle of Buffalo was the guest of Miss Daisy Leonard Sunday.

Mrs. Carrie Wiant of Marion is the guest of Miss Ora Lingo.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Morral, Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Shiritt and Mr. and Mrs. Clements spent Wednesday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Milton Morral. The gentlemen spent the time hunting.

Mr. and Mrs. Raush and children of Toledo visited with C. H. Sutton and family Wednesday.

W. O. Rish, foreman of Burke's elevator, has recently moved his family here from Forest. They will occupy the Bain property on Chestnut street.

Mr. and Mrs. Carter of Chicago were here attending the funeral of Dorthorea Dean.

Mrs. B. F. Sager visited Waldo friends Wednesday.

Frank Glick has gone to his home at Columbus to visit for a couple of weeks. His father will take charge of the clothing business during his absence.

Evangelistic services will soon begin at the Presbyterian church. Rev. Mr. Kohr will be assisted by Mr. Mr. Pocock.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mason are visiting friends in Michigan.

Mr. and Mrs. Keys of Marysville are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Leonard.

Mr. and Mrs. Hess and son, Howard, of DeGraff are visiting at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Lyons.

Miss Daisy Johnson is at Columbus visiting friends.

Mrs. B. W. Walters of Marion is visiting a few days with relatives and friends.

Mr. Clay Thew of Caledonia spent Thanksgiving with his parents, west of town.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Waples of Marion visited with Cochranton friends, Thursday.

Mrs. Laura Raub and son, Henderson, spent Friday in Marion.

Robert Cleveland was in Marion the latter part of this week.

Mrs. and Mrs. S. R. Riley gave a feast to some forty friends Thursday. Everything was done to a turn and a jolly group surrounded the tables and enjoyed the royal banquet. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Newcomb and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Sutton, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Riley, Mr and Mrs. Virden, Orren Prettyman and family of LaRue, Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Miller of Agosta and Mrs. Hinds of Columbus.

Hunt Hastings has purchased the Hopkins farm, east of the cemetery, where W. E. Crab resides.

Peter LaTourrette has put an electric light in his new handle factory.

Nathan Baker was in Marion on business this week.

An assistant teacher has been employed to assist Samuel Orr at Cochranton.

Miss Edith Baker is at Cochranton, visiting her brother, W. H. Baker.

LOCAL MINISTERS

Pass Resolutions In Regard to Sunday Funerals.

Whereas, It has been a common custom to have funerals on the Lord's day and thus depriving the superintendent of the cemetery and his assistants, the undertakers, and livery stable keepers of the city of the privilege of attending the services of the sanctuary on the Lord's day; therefore be it

Resolved, That we earnestly appeal to the members of the different congregations in Marion, Ohio, that in case of death each family should seek to so arrange matters as to have the funeral service arranged on Saturday or Monday, if it is possible.

Resolved, That it is the judgment of the ministers of the different congregations of this city that funeral services on the Lord's days should be discouraged as far as possible.

A. Edwin Smith.
J. Tudor Lewis
Phillip Steinhage.
J. L. Hensley.
W. E. Thomas.
H. H. Fleer.
H. Jend.
J. W. Donnan.
A. Snider.
Alfred R. Taylor.
George E. Barnard.

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German physician, and is acknowledged to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in medicine. It quickly cures, coughs, colds and all lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but has stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 75 cents. Get Green's Prize Almanac. For sale by W. B. Foye.

Much Improved.

Miss Clara Edwards, who has been suffering a mild attack of smallpox, is much better. She is now able to be up and around. James P. Lutz, the sanitary policeman, raised the quarantine on all the houses of East Marion, with the exception of the Edwards home, Tuesday evenin.

The best of all pills are Beecham's.

IT IS COMPLETED

The Evangelical Protestant Salem's Church Is Now Ready for Divine Worship.

INTERIOR IS A HANDSOME ONE

It Seats Over Six Hundred People and Is So Arranged That All May See To the Very Best Advantage. Interior Finish Is in Georgia Pine. An Improvement.

The Evangelical Protestant Salem's church improvements have been completed. The congregation can now enjoy the comforts and conveniences of a structure which is a credit to the pastor and church membership.

The improvements, which were placed in the hands of skilled and practical workmen for completion some time ago, were finished last week, and the work has been so well done as to command both the approval and admiration of all.

The building as it now stands has a seating capacity of 535, divided as follows: The auditorium seats 250; the balcony sixty; the Sunday-school rooms 175 and the class rooms twenty-five each. The floor space of the main audience room is forty-one by forty-three feet; of the Sunday-school room thirty by forty feet; the class rooms twelve by twelve feet each, and there is a nice little lobby eight by twelve feet.

The entire interior has been finished in Georgia pine. Visitors at the dedication exercises Sunday scarcely recognized the building, so great has been the change in furnishings and the arrangement of the rostrum. The latter was formerly elevated some distance above the platform, according to the old-fashioned ideas of placing the minister in a position to be both seen and heard. The pulpit has been lowered and placed to the left of the platform, which has been rebuilt, with provisions for the organ and choir, which formerly occupied the balcony. A great improvement has been made by putting in new seats finished to match the woodwork, and the opera chairs which formerly did service in the auditorium have been transferred to the Sunday-school room. The building as a whole is exceptionally find, and the members of the building committe and pastor are to be congratulated upon the success of their work, which has received much well-deserved praise from the members and others, who have visited the building during the past couple of days.

ROBERT YOUNG

Is Acquitted of Charge of Criminal Outrage at Bellefontaine.

Bellefontaine, O., Nov. 30.—Robert Young, thirty-six, a wealthy Columbus liquor dealer, was this morning acquitted of the charge of criminally assaulting Lizzie Wehner, sixteen, of Belle Center. He was accused of the statutory crime, the girl being under age. The girl on the stand testified that others committed the same offense of which she charged Young. The trial has been on all week.

Young is quite well known in Marion.

AT THE INFIRMARY

A Child Is Born to Mrs. Alma Manley of LaRue.

A birth occurred at the Marion county infirmary last week. Wednesday a daughter was born to Mrs. Alma Manley, who was recently received at the institution from LaRue. This is the second time Mrs. Manley has been in the infirmary. Her husband took her away a year ago, but deserted her again. She was left in destitute circumstances, and it was necessary to remove her to the infirmary. This is her second child.

The cases of Walter H. Koch and Arthur Koch against John D. Parks' Sons & Company, which were to have been held befor a jury in 'Squire Gompf's court Monday, were both dismissed on the motions of the claimants.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Tougnet of north Main street Friday evening.

THRESHERMEN'S REVIEW

Makes a Complimentary Mention of a Marion Man.

The Threshermen's Review for November prints the fine likeness of E. H. Keller of this city, which is presented below, and makes the following mention of him:

S. H. Keller, the efficient general manager of the Marion Manufacturing company of Marion, Ohio, is a native born "Buckeye," claiming Smyrna as his birthplace. At the age of seven-

teen he apprenticed himself to a marble cutter, and made a good one. But marble working is a "grave" business, too much so for the genial subject of this sketch, and in 1882 he took up the selling of harvesting machinery, continuing in this line until 1891, when he left the McCormick Co., at Columbus, Ohio, and took to the road selling Marion Leaders. From this time on promotion was rapid. In 1897 Mr. Keller left the road to accept the position of assistant superintendent, and eighteen months later was promoted to assistant general manager. Scarcely a year later the general manager resigned and Mr. Keller was made manager, which position he now holds. Mr. Keller has made many friends, and especially in the thresher trade is his record and present standing particularly enviable. Mr. Keller has every reason to feel a good degree of personal pride in his rapid rise, and that a man of his age should be found in his present responsible position is sufficient evidence of exceptional ability.

The Review wishes for Mr. Keller and his company continued success in the future.

THIRTEEN DEATHS

Occur in the City During the Month of November.

The mortality report for the month of November gives thirteen deaths. Pneumonia caused more fatalities than any other one disease. The following is a list of the causes of the thirteen deaths:

Rheumatism, 1; Apoplexy, 1; dropsy, 1; heart failure, 2; pneumonia, 2; lung fever, 2; tuberculosis, 2; paralysis, 1.

MRS. R. J. PETTY

Dies at Her Home in Green Camp Saturday Morning.

Mrs. R. J. Petty died at her home in Green Camp Saturday at 5 o'clock. She was thirty-two years of age and had been a sufferer from cancer, which caused her death. Besides the husband, two children are left to lament her demise.

The funeral took place from the church at Green Camp Monday forenoon at 10 o'clock.

USED THE FLAIL.

Aged Thresher Has Worked at Business Fifty-Two Years.

The Marion Manufacturing company sold a full outfit Wednesday to a man seventy-two years old, who had threshed fifty-two seasons, and says he expects to thresh quite a number more. Last season the fed a run of 500 bushels of oats without stopping. He says he has used nine different makes of separaters.

Robinson's catarrh remedy is sold by Huberman & Sharpless, Marion, Ohio, and Long's drug store at Richwood. Try it. 18-wk-ly-c

---

Money to loan on farm property at 5 and 6 per cent. for five years. See Fred W. Peters. 42-wk-tf

Nerves Need Fuel

To feed the vital fires or they lose the power to regulate and control the body. Unnatural stimulants won't do. Like an air blast on dying embers they cause a sudden flash of heat—then all is dead. Give the nerves plenty of fuel, and the worry and fretting, the headaches, the nervousness, loss of sleep, deranged digestion, neuralgia, rheumatism and heart troubles, that burn up the brain substance and destroy the nerve-force, will disappear forever. Don't wait till the fires are burned out. Begin now.

"I was so nervous and restless that I could get little sleep, and the headaches were something dreadful. Pains would start in the temples and travel down the chords at the back of my neck to chest and arms. Doctors gave no relief, but Dr. Miles' Nervine cured me."
MRS. A. H. WIEMAN, German Valley, Ills.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

creates a good appetite, stimulates digestion, quiets nervous irritation, gives refreshing sleep and sends plenty of fresh blood to the furnaces of the brain and nerves.

Sold by druggists on guarantee. DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind

$500 REWARD

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. Nervita Medical Co., Corner Clinton and Jackson Streets, Chicago, Ill.

For sale by the Dumble Pharmacy, North Main Street.

AN ELECTION HELD

By the Sunday-School of the Epworth M. E. Church at the Church Monday Evening.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR CHRISTMAS

Sunday-School Will Have an Old Fashioned Celebration, Such as Was Popular an Hundred Years Ago, with Christmas Tree and Other Attractions.

The Sunday-school board of the Epworth M. E. church met Monday evening, and elected officers for the coming year. With one or two exceptions, all of the old teachers were retained.

The following is a list of the teachers of the advance classes: Mr. Arthur T. Powell, Mr. W. G. Owen, Mr. Joseph Stubbs, Mr. J. W. Jacoby, Mr. E. C. Smith, Mr. H. E. Hill, Mr. George W. Vest, Mr. C. F. Garberson, Mr. Frank Zuck, Mr. C. E. Mitchell, Mr. John Clark, Mr. James Williams, Mr. O. Bodley, Mr. S. N. Saik, Mrs. C. F. Garberson, Mrs. Meddam, Miss Lillie, Miss Sadie Gibson, Miss Hazel Spencer.

It was decided to have a Christmas entertainment such as the school formerly enjoyed, and to close the century with one of the old-fashioned first-of-the-century entertainments, having a Christmas tree and all that goes with it.

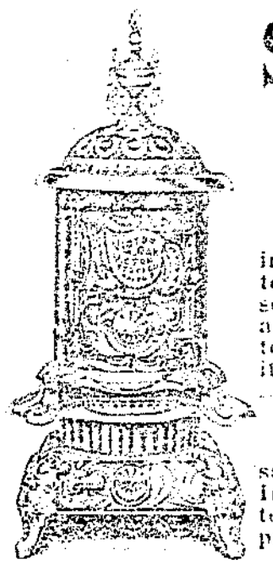
It will be a celebration such as our grandparents enjoyed.

Have you seen the beautiful chamber sets at the People' store? dewk

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Cash or Credit — THE MARION DEPT. CO. — Cash or Credit



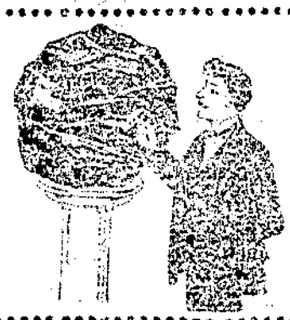
STOVES AGAIN.

Somehow we can't stop talking about the wonderful Victor Oak Soft Coal Heater. It seems the people demand it, and we feel it our simple duty to at least tell our friends of its merits.

Wrought Steel Ranges.

Whatever you do, you must see these wonderful stoves. Indeed they are a revelation to good housekeeping. Easy payments if you like.

THE MARION DEPT. CO. 205 and 207 E. Center Street.



The Point is Just Here

You can get more satisfaction out of a ton of our coal—because of its good qualities—than you can get out of any other kind. A good clean coal is what you want, and that is what we can give you—a coal that will burn right through to ashes and not leave any clinkers.

The Fidelity Coal and Supply Co.,
Horace S. Williams,
Telephone No. 2 Manager.

COMING!

THE CHIEF CONSULTING AND EXAMINING PHYSICIAN OF THE FRANCE MEDICAL INSTITUTE CO. BY REQUEST WILL VISIT MARION,

and can be consulted in their Private Rooms at the EUROPEAN HOTEL, MONDAY, December 17, from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE AND STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

THE FRANCE MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 38-40 West Gay St., Columbus, Ohio, One Block North of State House. Established 1886. Largest Practice and Most Complete Institute of its kind in U. S. Our record of wonderful cures is second to none. During the past 20 years we have successfully treated thousands of people. Our practice not only extends throughout the United States, Canada, and Mexico, but also includes many foreign countries. Our long experience, remarkable skill, and universal success for the past twenty years in Ohio, entitles us to the full confidence of the afflicted. The Celebrated France Treatment is acknowledged by many, including prominent physicians, as being the most complete and successful treatment known to the medical world, for diseases of men and women. WONDERFUL CURES EFFECTED in old cases which have been unskilfully treated.

NO MONEY REQUIRED OF RESPONSIBLE PARTIES TO COMMENCE TREATMENT.

WHAT WE TREAT. We positively cure all Stomach and Bowels such as Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles, Diarrhœa, Fits and Epilepsy, Deformities and Spinal Disease, Curvature, Desperate Rheumatism, Heart and Liver Diseases, Blood and Skin Diseases such as Scrofula, Blood Poison, Pimples, Freckles, and Female Diseases, especially those which have baffled the skill of other physicians. Epileptic Fits, Epilepsy permanently cured by a new, scientific method. Paralysis and Nervous Diseases, Partial Locomotor Ataxia, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Insomnia, Headache, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Pain and Nervous Exhaustion, Spinal Irritation Cured Without the Use of a Knife. Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Inflammation of the Bladder, Chronic Prostatic Disease and Difficult Urination. Throat, Lung and Nasal Diseases such as Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption. Deafness (or Noises in the Head) Cured by our original system of home treatment.

It costs no more to employ an expert than to risk your life with an inexperienced physician.

PRIVATE AND SEXUAL DISEASES.—A positive cure guaranteed in all curable cases. Loss of Manhood, Impotency, Seminal Weakness, Effects of Youthful Indiscretion and Secret Diseases, Nervous Debility, Exhausted Vitality, Prostration of Both Sexes, Impurity of the Blood, Loss of Memory and Energy, Impotency, etc., quickly and permanently cured by an original treatment. Gonorrhœa, Syphilis, Gleet, Stricture, Hydrocele and Varicocele cured in the shortest possible time without the use of mercury or hindrance from business. Chronic cases guaranteed where others have failed. Low charges, and consultation free. Correspondence sacredly confidential.

The France System of Local Treatment by Medicated Pad for Men is positively the most complete and successful known for weak and underdeveloped organs.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.—After years of experience there has been discovered the greatest cure known for all diseases peculiar to the sex. Female diseases positively cured by a new method. The cure is effected by home treatment. Is safe, harmless and easily applied. Consultation and correspondence free and strictly confidential.

Treatment by Correspondence. Each person applying for Medical Treatment should write or send for our symptom blank which will receive careful chemical and microscopical examination. We have cured thousands of cases we have never seen. Write for book of 125 pages and list of questions. Correspondence, Consultation, and Examination free and strictly confidential. No names published without the written consent of the patient. Treatment sent by mail or express to any part of the United States.

Call on or Address The France Medical Institute Co., 38 West Gay St., Columbus, Ohio.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

DR. A. MELVILLE CRANE
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Calls Answered Promptly in the City or Country.
Diseases and Surgery of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Especial attention given to fitting of spectacles.
Office At new building, 418 E. Center St. Marion, O
Telephone 67

G. H. MASTERS, M. D.,
PROSPECT, OHIO.
Dental specialist, late of New York Polyclinic, has removed his office to Shell building, No. 228 east Church street, Marion, Ohio, where he will be found during the first week, beginning WEDNESDAY of each week, from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. Will guarantee a cure in all dental diseases, viz: Hemorrhoids, Fistula, Cancers, Scrofula ulcer poisons and all malignant diseases of every character.

STEEVES & PASTERS,
DENTISTS,
131 W. Center St. Phone 2284.
Dr. M. C. Steeves, graduate of Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, 15 years of experience and observation. Dr. W. F. Pasters, graduate of Dental department of The Ohio Medical University, with all the modern ideas pertaining to dental science.

Dr. F. M. Baldwin,
Has located in Marion with offices at 218 west Center street. He will answer all professional calls promptly, day or night. Office hours 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m. and 6 to 8 p. m. Phone No. 1331.

Weigh Your Hay,
Grain, Etc., on Harsch's Wagon Scales. Net weight, 5c. Highest price paid for Hides, Pelts and Tallow. Also Iron, Rags, Rubber and all Kinds of Metal.
Wesley Harsch.
Rear of 136 North State street

J. N. Hoyt,
The Marion Optician,
Graduate of Chicago Ophthalmic College and Hospital and New York Optical Institute.

16 Years Practical Experience
Read this letter from Rev. David H. Moore, D. D., former editor of the Western Christian Advocate, written while he was attending the general conference at Chicago that elected him bishop of the M. E. church:
PALMER HOUSE,
Chicago, Ills., June 6th, 1900.
Dr. J. N. Hoyt, Marion, O.
Dear Doctor: Glasses received. They are beauties! Truly you must visit Cincinnati and fit Mrs. Moore's eyes after this general conference is over.
Cordially,
D. H. MOORE.
Dr. Hoyt will be at
MARION, MONDAYS ONLY.
319 South Main Street.
Glasses sold at LOW PRICES and on EASY PAYMENTS of 25 CENTS A WEEK. Lenses changed any time within two years FREE.

WADDELL & KNAPP,
General INSURANCE Agents,
1880.
FIRE, CYCLONE AND ACCIDENT POLICIES, ALSO AGENTS FOR
Northwestern Life Insurance Comp'y. Largest purchased Paying Co. in the World
Issue bonds to administrators, guardians, officials, contractors and all others requiring surety bonds.
Office opp. court house. Leonard building MARION, O

George D. Copeland. John H. Bartram
COPELAND & BARTRAM,
Attorneys and Counselors At Law.
Practice in all the U. S. and State Courts. Loans negotiated. Careful attention given to abstracting titles to real estate. Collections made. Patents procured. Office over the Marion County Bank, South Main St., Marion, Ohio.

THE
Marion County Bank Co.
(Succession to J. S. Reed & Co.)
ESTABLISHED 1859.
Cash Capital - - - $250,000 00.
Safe deposit. Liberal treatment of customers in all departments of banking within the limits of safety. Mortgage and long time paper bought. Foreign drafts bought and sold. Drafts issued on all parts of the world.
Deposit vault for valuable papers free to customers.
R. H. Johnson, President.
Henry True, Vice President.
W. H. Schaffner, Cashier.
C. D. Schaffner, Asst. Cashier.

ON THANKSGIVING

Mr. John Schweinfurth and Miss Paulena Rentschler Are Wedded at High Noon.

SERVICE IS A BEAUTIFUL ONE

A Wedding Feast Is Enjoyed by a Hundred Guests at the A. A. Rhoads Home Next Door—The Bride and Groom Are Handsomely Remembered by Their Friends.

A pretty Thanksgiving wedding was celebrated at high noon Thursday at the home of Mrs. Pauline Rentschler of 241 Bush avenue, in which her eldest daughter, Miss Paulena Marie Rentschler was united in marriage with Mr. John Schweinfurth. Just as the hands of the clock pointed to the hour of noon the bridal procession entered the parlor from the hallway to the strains of Campbell's wedding march, exquisitely rendered by Miss Hattie Soper on the organ. The flower bearer, the little Misses Goldie Gerdeman and Edith Eibling, headed the bridal party, and they were followed by the attendants, Mr. John Wolfinger and Miss Edna Soper, the bride and groom bringing up the rear. In front of a huge bank of palms the procession turned and halted, facing Rev. H. Jead, who pronounced the marriage service of the German M. E. church.

The bride was gowned in cream, with purple trimmings, and in lieu of flowers carried a small, white Bible, the gift of her mother. Her maid wore a dress of golden brown, with like trimmings, and the flower girls were both dressed in pure white.

Immediately upon the conclusion of the ceremony, the kindred guests proffered extended congratulations. The wedding dinner was then served at the A. A. Rhoads' home, next door. Here the Misses Bertha Rentschler and Nora Soper received the guests and ushered them into the dining room, where an elaborate repast was spread. The bride's table was beautiful, the color scheme being pink and white. From the ceiling to each corner of the table were festoons of crepe, and in the center stood a huge cake, bearing the name of the bride. It was cut and served by Rev. Jead.

The groom is a valued employe of the Marion Manufacturing company, and, like the bride, his friends are legion.

The happy couple have the best wishes of all in their union. The room in which they are held by their friends was crowded by many beautiful presents.

For the present Mr. and Mrs. Schweinfurth will reside at the home of the bride's mother.

McWade—Codding Wedding.

At 2 p. m. on Thanksgiving Mr. George S. McWade and Miss Lois Codding were united in marriage.

The ceremony took place at the home of the bride's parents, three miles southwest of LeRoy, and was performed by Rev. R. W. Kohr, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Iaffee, of which the bride is a member.

About twenty were present, almost all of whom were relatives of either the bride or groom.

After the wedding the company sat down to a sumptuous and very excellent wedding and Thanksgiving dinner combined.

Mr. and Mrs. McWade will make their future home several miles west of LeRoy.

Wedding at Green Camp.

Mr. Morton P. Folk and Miss Josie L. Davis were married Thursday evening at the home of the bride's parents, Rev. and Mrs. Lewis Davis of Green Camp, the bride's former pastor officiating.

Quite a company of their friends was present to witness the ceremony.

Mr. Folk is a well known young farmer residing near Green Camp, and Miss Davis is an estimable young lady of the village.

At Lutheran Parsonage.

At the Lutheran parsonage, No. 332 Bellefontaine avenue, Thursday, Mr. Samuel Eichhorn and Miss Emma May Klinck, both of Pleasant township, were married by Rev. W. A. Wootman.

Quietly Married.

Mr. Dallas E. Scott and Miss Iretta P. Wiley were quietly married at the Epworth parsonage Thanksgiving morning at 10 o'clock by Dr. A. E. Smith.

Quietly Married.

Mr. Charles Bradshaw and Mrs. Goode Williams were quietly married Saturday evening at the home of the officiating minister, Rev. H. H. Fleer of east Church street.

To Save One Eye.

Thomas Hogan went to Columbus Monday, where he will enter a hospital and undergo an operation for the removal of his right eye. It is hoped that as a result of this operation the left eye, which has been in a serious condition, can be saved.

A girl named Silver, aged six years, who resides on Mill street, wandered away from home on Saturday afternoon. The police were notified and made a search for the little one. While the police were searching for her she was found three miles north of the city, and brought back to town.

Go to Beverly's second-hand store for stoves and furniture, 146 south Main street. 275-w-s-wk-tf

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents.

MRS. VAN LIEW

Pleads Guilty to Manslaughter This Afternoon and Gets a Ten Year Sentence.

Van Wert, Nov. 30.—The defense in the Van Liew case today withdrew the plea of "not guilty." It was then announced that after conference of counsel it was thought that the probable outcome of the trial would be a verdict of manslaughter, and on this ground it had been decided to accept a plea of guilty to the charge of manslaughter by the state. It was then explained to the defendant that the original indictment of murder in the first degree also included the charge of manslaughter, and when she was asked what she had to say to that charge in a low tone the defendant responded: "Guilty." Asked if she had anything to say why sentence should not be passed upon her, she said: "Nothing." Judge Mackey then sentenced her to ten years' imprisonment in the Ohio penitentiary.

Mrs. Van Liew threw herself on Mrs. Hummell, who was a friend of Mr. Van Liew. The girl stepped out on a porch of her home one night last summer and Mrs. Van Liew threw the acid which burned the girl horribly and eventually caused her death.

VERY FINE SOCIAL

Is Held by the Pioneer Farmers' Club at the Country Home of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Conley

LOCATED ON THE PROSPECT PIKE

The Affair of Friday Evening Proves To Be One of the Most Pleasing Meetings Ever Held by the Club. Over Eighty Are Present to Enjoy It.

The Pioneer Farmers' club held one of their social affairs Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Conley, located on the Prospect pike south of the city. It was one of the most pleasing sessions the club has ever held. Over eighty members and guests were present. An elegant oyster supper was served.

Under the leadership of the president, E. N. Campbell, and the secretary, Miss Rhoda Bancs, a splendid program was rendered.

The opening number was a song, "I Love the Dear Old Farm," by Rev. Cooper, rendered by the entire club. The secretary read the minutes of the last meeting, and Miss Bessie Baker recited "Thanksgiving in Georgia" in a pleasing manner. Miss Florence Bonar varied the program in a recitation entitled "Thanksgiving on the Farm."

An instrumental duet by Mr. Conley and Bertine Milliken, "The Queen of the Fairies," pleased so the entire audience they were compelled to respond to an encore. A select reading, "Thanksgiving," by Miss Ward, drew forth much praise for its delineation.

Mr. James B. Bolander rendered a vocal solo, "The Pumpkin Song," which he composed himself. The song is quite clever and was also rendered in the autumn. It was well received.

The most entertaining feature of the entire program was a talk by Mrs. Lillian Doty on her European trip last summer. She gave most entertaining of the journey and greatly pleased everyone present. A song, "The Shooting of the Reaper," rendered by the entire club concluded the program.

The supper tables were prettily decorated with nuptia, and the menu contained all the good things imaginable in the autumn line. The next meeting of the club will be held December 11 at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kilpatrick who resides south of the city.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Several Town Lots and Pieces of Land Sold Saturday.

The property involved in the matter of Johnston & Young against Lemon H. DeLander in common pleas court, was sold from the steps of the court house Saturday afternoon.

Lot 92 in Agosta brought $8. Lot 55 brought $25. Both sold to D. W. Burns. Lots 201 and 202 in Agosta sold to D. R. Crecelius for $210. Lot 204 sold to D. R. Crecelius for $15.

The fifty acres of land involved in the foreclosure matter of J. D. Guthery and others, against Peggy Leonard and others, sold to P. E. Guthery for $1,025.

MISS ELIZA MYERS

Dies at Her Home in Green Camp Sunday—Funeral Monday.

Miss Eliza Myers, aged eighty years, died at her home in Green Camp Sunday. She had been ill for more than a year, but her death was quite unexpected. It was caused by heart failure.

The deceased was well known in and about Green Camp. For years she has resided with her sister and in that time won a wide acquaintance.

The funeral took place from the Free Baptist church Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Don't miss looking in the show window of the People's store. d&w

A BANKING CHANGE

Mr. Ames H. Kling Disposes of His Quarter Interest in Farmers and Mechanics Bank.

WILL RETIRE FROM PRESIDENCY

Henry B. Hane Purchases the Kling Stockholdings and Control of Bank Goes to the Hane Interests. Mr. Kling Will Retire from Active Business Pursuits.

Though not formally announced, there has been made, within the past few days, the transfer of a large interest in the stock of The Farmers and Mechanics Bank. Ames H. Kling, president of the bank company, has disposed of his stock, representing about one-fourth of the entire stock, to Henry B. Hane, present cashier of the bank. The deal has been made in anticipation of Mr. Kling's retirement from the bank, which is to take place next month. It is reported that his withdrawal from official care of the bank is a long step toward retirement from active business pursuits, after forty years of experience as a banker in Marion, marked by unusual success. Close friends of the retiring president say that he will shortly forsake business cares in order to seek a recuperation of health, and a year at European watering places is a part of his plans for the future.

Such a change was bound to take place the transfer of the Kling interests to Henry B. Hane, who represents the Hane estate as well as his own interests in the bank, is undoubtedly fitting. That great financial institution was greatly benefited by the late John J. Hane, who was a cashier in the Farmers and Mechanics Bank during the Baker Rogers regime, and himself took a leading part in organizing an independent bank in Marion, and helped the Farmers and Mechanics Bank company. He was president until his lamented death, and in the late years of his existence associated his son, Henry B., who was his confidential associate and trusted adviser. When the community was shocked and grieved by the elder Mr. Hane's sudden death, long before his time, it was expected that the mantle would fall upon his young shoulders, and account for a wise head, well skilled in transacting the heavy burden of his father's vast affairs. He has for a year been cashier of the bank, and has given a brilliant administration, in addition to handling capably the vast Hane estate. He is readily accorded a place by the knowing ones as a brilliant successor of his father, schooled and a very capable banker.

The official vacancy made by the retirement of President Kling will be filled at the annual meeting in January. There is an authoritative announcement of his probable successor. Mr. Hane was pretty reticent about the matter, when interviewed Saturday, though admitting that the president's retirement had been talked about for some months. Among the large stockholders of the bank there are two men particularly available, both of whom are now directors. These men are Edward Huber and Thomas J. McMurray, the latter the present vice president. Either would undoubtedly command the public confidence that the bank has always enjoyed. Among the rumors is the suggested presidency of Mr. Hane himself. This Mr. Hane quite denies, but it may be accepted as a fact that, under any official arrangement, the brilliant young banker will be the active managerial head and continue to add to the banking laurels he has already achieved.

NOMINATIONS

Are Made by Marion Lodge, No. 102 Knights of Pythias.

At the close of the regular meeting of Marion Lodge, No. 102, Knights of Pythias, Friday evening, the nominations for the semi-annual election of officers was made. The following names were presented:

Chancellor commander, A. J. Myers; vice chancellor, J. R. Curtis and Charles Criswell, prelate, S. H. DeLong and Howard Bolander; master of work, P. E. Cass and L. J. Smith; keeper of records and seals, W. G. Lucas; master of finance, C. E. Wiley; master of exchequer, Harry True; master at arms, Howard Bolander; inner guard, B. M. Ivy and Carl Peterson; outer guard, Clifford Fling and B. Sprague; representative to grand lodge, W. R. Everett, G. E. Mouser, John Crawley, W. G. Lucas and F. E. Guthery; relief committee, George McKinley; trustee, J. B. King and E. C. Smith.

CHARLES V. RACEY

Dies at His Home on Melrose Avenue Sunday Evening.

Charles V. Racey died Sunday evening at 5 o'clock at his home on Melrose avenue. Mr. Racey has been a sufferer from diabetes for the past year, but during most of the time has been employed steadily at the Huber Manufacturing works. A week ago he was obliged to stop work, and was confined to his bed from that time until his death.

The deceased was fifty-one years of age. He suffered severe injuries in a railroad accident a number of years ago, and his life was despaired of at that time. A widow is left to mourn his death.

The funeral took place from the house Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

GREAT PRICE

Is Brought by a Horse Formerly Owned in This City.

A recent edition of the New York Herald contained an account of the selling at the horse show there of Major Dumas, a chestnut gelding owned by Valladad and a grandson of Electioneer. He brought $7,500 the largest price ever paid in that city for a horse.

Major Dumas is quite well known in local horsemen. R. W. Hopple of this city bought him in Kentucky last year when he was quite young, and brought him here to develop for the city market. He was just over the hands of Maurice Mitchell, who has for Mr. Hopples' horses and soon developed into a crackerjack. So Mr. Hopple belongs a great deal of the credit for making him the fine horse he is. The Major was one of the best looking horses ever brought to Marion by Mr. Hopple.

I took Kirk o'New York millionaire, you know!" him

A GALION WOMAN

Jilts an Old Gentleman from the State of Michigan To Marry Francis M. Wolff.

RESIDING IN VILLAGE OF MARTEL

She Was a Widow and Had Promised To Wed the Man from Michigan Friday, but Changes Her Mind on Thanksgiving and Marries the Buckeye Gentleman.

Francis W. Wolff of Martel and Mrs. Mary A. Parker of Galion were married at the Methodist parsonage in Bucyrus, Thursday, November 29, Rev. M. J. Keys officiating.

Comments on this announcement in the Galion Inquirer of Saturday are:

The above item in itself contains nothing of special interest unless one has chanced to hear the story of F. M. Collins of Lake, Michigan, who arrived in the city a few days ago filled with happy anticipations, and left Friday disappointed and with sick heart broken.

Mr. Collins came to Galion for the purpose of visiting Mrs. Parker to be his bride, but when he called at her home on south Washington street it is said that the lady refused to see him and upon investigation the force learned that upon the evening of Thanksgiving day she was to be united in matrimony with another man.

Mr. Collins was registered at the City Hotel and from him it was learned that he had corresponded with Mrs. Parker for some time and that she had written him stating that he could not be here before Thanksgiving and that he should wait the expiration of being in this city Friday.

Mr. Parker has lived in this city about a year and is the same lady who while staying at the home of Mrs. Phebe Ulum several months ago, was figured upon to get possession of a diamond ring, which belonged some money from her, under the old gold brick scheme which we published some weeks ago. Mrs. Parker was at that time engaged to be married either to Mr. Collins or Mr. Wolff.

For several months past the latter has been living at the end of north Washington street.

Mr. Collins, who is a widower, is a fine appearing gentleman of about fifty years, who has been a carpenter but for some time past has been doing contracting work in Michigan. He expects to go to the old farm in New York pretty soon.

Mrs. Parker or rather Mrs. Wolff, as she is now known, returned to this city about 7 o'clock Thursday evening, and it is supposed that she accompanied her husband, who is also a widower, to his home in Martel. She has only known Wolff for a few weeks.

It is under stood that she became acquainted with Mr. Collins through a matrimonial paper.

Collins left for his home in Michigan Friday afternoon and while he was said to be considerably disappointed over his "throw down" he took it philosophically and remarked that it was better to find her out before than after marriage.

CALEDONIA MAN

Taken to the County Infirmary Wednesday.

A warrant has been issued for Thomas Guest of Caledonia, who was placed in the Marion county infirmary Wednesday.

Guest was placed in the institution last spring. He was suffering from the delirium tremens at the time, and was retained there until he was cured of the attack. It is not known whether he is suffering with a second attack at this time or not, but he is in such a condition that it was thought best to have him confined at the poor house.

Public Sale.

On December 12 at my residence six miles east of Marion on the Caledonia pike, I will offer at public sale four horses, cattle and sheep. Also farm implements of all kinds.

wky-t-1-p A. R. James.

Women love a clear, healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood.

Another shipment of those elegant lace sets at the People's store? d&w

SERIOUS INJURIES

Are Sustained by William Berry, an Engineer on the Short Line, Monday Evening.

HE FALLS FROM GANGWAY OF CAB

Sustains Two Broken Ribs and Internal Injuries. Is Taken to a Boarding House. His Wife Comes from Pittsburg To Attend Him During Illness.

William Berry, an old engineer who has charge of the yard engine at night in the Short Line yards, fell from the engine about 6 o'clock Monday evening and sustained a couple of broken ribs and dangerous internal injuries. The gentleman had climbed up into the cab to get a drink of water and fell backward to the ground.

Mr. Berry called for assistance, and was carried to the boarding house of Mrs. McKenzie on the Boots and when Dr. A. M. Pancoast was called. The doctor was hurried to the home.

Mrs. Berry was called here from Pittsburg where she had been visiting and it was decided to transfer the patient from the home of Chronologue that it was found that his injuries were of a character that will not permit of his being moved.

Berry is about sixty years of age and was at one time a manager engineer on the southern division of the Short Line.

The Short Line is now double tracking their road along the right of way of the old Erie and Pittsburg. The work is being done by Italians.

A Perfect Jewelry Store.
Ladies' Jeweled Rings,
Pendants, Brooches and Jewelry. A superior stock to anything we have ever carried, combining many BEAUTIFUL GEMS. We call your special attention to our Combination Cluster Rings, as well as the Solitaires. Never a better opportunity to secure Diamonds, Pearls and precious Stones at old prices. Reliable goods only.
M. NELSON & SONS.
The East Center Street Jewelers.

Quick, Free Delivery.
Best Perfumes Cheap.
Sachet Powder.
The Dumble Pharmacy
M. L. DUMBLE,
Phone 10. 121 N. Main St.

Dr. A. F. Linscott,
Dental Surgeon.
New, modern and complete office fitted for doing all kinds of dental work by most modern and scientific methods. Opposite Hotel Marion.

Charles H. Conley,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
106½ N. Main St. Phone 1951.
5% Loans Negotiated.

The Social Glass
that's filled with our rich old "Harvard Rye" promotes good health as well as good cheer. This liquor deserves all the praise we could possibly give it, but one trial will convince you of its excellence more effectively than a whole column of talk.
Best wines 50c full quart.
Best whiskey $1.00 full quart.
The Kentucky Liquor Co.
137 N. Main St. Phone 1091
LOUIS GOLDBERG, Manager.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.
BOWERS IS PLEASED . . .
Geo. W. Bowers opened up his new jewelry store in the H. Ackerman room on south Main street only a few weeks ago.
The business started off with the opening of the goods. The store is a beauty, the new goods are coming in daily, customers can pay cash or purchase on the installment plan. Marion does not have a handsomer stock. You may have your eyes scientifically tested and glasses fitted to suit. The repair department is accurate and reliable. See our beautiful holiday stock.
G. W. Bowers, Jeweler,
South Main Street.

Get Your PRESCRIPTIONS Filled at
Masonic Block
STRAYER BROS., DRUGGISTS.
EAST CENTER STREET.
Telephone 1871.

For Xmas Vail's Photos.
A STORE FULL
of Christmas Suggestions. That's
Vail's Art Store,
218 E. Center St.
Vail's Photos for Xmas.

C. & S.
We Will Still Sell
Evaporated Apples in 1 lb. cartons 10c a pk'g, 3 lbs. for 25c.
3 lbs. Butter Crackers for 20c.
COURT & SCHNEIDER,
QUALITY GROCERS.
Phone 177 110 S. Main St.

HEADLEY'S DRUG STORE.
Headley Always Did
and Headley always will carry the most complete and finest stock of perfumeries in Marion—and a box of cigars for the husband.
J. W. HEADLEY
Wholesale and Retail Druggist.
The West Center Street Druggist.

We Take Farm Risks
And put you in reliable companies, cheaper than any other Insurance agency in Marion Co.
Uncapher & McKinley.

Trained Voices
Are in Demand.
I can train them.
Herbert Hutchinson,
Voice Teacher,
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Office and residence 3rd stairway west of Postoffice, Marion, Ohio. Office hours 11 a. m. to 3 p. m. and 7 to 9 p. m. All calls answered promptly, day or night. Diseases of women and children a specialty. Phone 175.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
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EUROPE'S MOST VENERABLE SOVEREIGNS.

WHILE the oldest sovereign in Europe is declared to be the Grand Duke of Luxemburg, who celebrated his eighty-third birthday on the 24th of last July, yet his grand duchy is no very small, with its area of only 999 square miles and population of less than a quarter million, that he can hardly be ranked among the great rulers.

The oldest of the kings and kinglets of Europe is Christian IX of Denmark, who was born April 8, 1818, and whose royal consort, Queen Louise, is seven months his senior. Both are older than Victoria, queen of Great Britain and Ireland, who first saw the light May 24, 1819, but who, having been crowned in 1837, had already reigned 26 years when her venerated friends came to the throne of Denmark. Next in order of seniority is Albert, king of Saxony, born in 1828 and crowned in 1873. He and his queen are childless, but they are rich in this world's goods, having a royal castle, villa and town house, their residence in Dresden being the abode of hospitality. But as their kingdom ranks merely third in the German empire, has an area of only 6,000 square miles, with a population of scant 3,500,000, income $46,000,000 and outgo about the same, they are rarely heard of as taking among high and mighty folk of royal lineage.

Then there is Oscar II, king of Sweden and Norway, born on the 21st of January, 1829, but who did not ascend the throne until 1872. He is a persimmon of knightly qualities and kingly attributes, grandson of no less a celebrity than Bernadotte, Napoleon's general, a one time marshal of France, who married the beautiful Desiree Clary, Joseph Bonaparte's sister-in-law. His son, again, married a daughter of Prince Eugene Beauharnais, son of Empress Josephine, the first wife of Napoleon, and so the present king of Sweden, offspring of this alliance, is doubly connected with the great family that inflicted so much suffering and shed such luster upon France.

Like his father, Oscar I, the king of Sweden and Norway is an enlightened, educated man, has written several books and only last summer was elected a doctor of laws by Cambridge university. He is well educated, too, in the profession, being one of the very few crowned heads that ever saw the inside of a medical college, for his literary works include a medical treatise on "Hygiene" and a valuable memoir of King Charles XII.

While his ancestor, Bernadotte, never acquired the language of the people over whom he was raised, King Oscar, on the contrary, is master of several tongues besides Norwegian and Swedish, and when on his last visit to England conversed with nearly everybody presented to him of whatever nationality. Traveling incognito as the Count von Haga, yet his tall form—6 feet 2 inches—made him conspicuous, and the Scandinavians in London greeted him wherever he went. As ruler over the dual kingdom of Sweden and Norway Oscar II has had many difficulties to meet, but his seven millions or so of Scandinavian subjects, who "bet Norwegians or Swedes, all love and respect him thoroughly, as was shown during the illness from which he has but recently recovered.

Next in age to the King of Sweden and Norway, though second only to Victoria in length of reign 32 years, having succeeded to the Austrian throne in 1848 is Francis Joseph, ruler over the Austro-Hungarian empire, who was born Aug. 18, 1830. With an empire next to Russia the largest on the continent of Europe, containing a combined population of more than 40,000,000, a total area of about 240,000 square miles and with an annual income of nearly or quite $100,000,000, yet the grand old grandchild of Maria Theresa is not to be in a chronic state of hot embarrassment. He is still hale and hearty at 70 years of age, despite the terrible family misfortune he has undergone in the tragic death of his only son and the mysterious fate of his cousin, poor Queen Carlotta. A complication not unlike in the imperial family existed, three kingdoms, Prince Ferdinand, from whom it passed to the present ruler, Prince Leopold, from whom it passed to the present ruler, Prince Leopold, from whom it passed to the present ruler, Prince Leopold

SUBMITTED

The President Transmits Canal Commission Report.

ROUTE IN NICARAGUA

Is Favored by the Members Although It Is More Expensive.

IN THE BEGINNING AT LEAST

Objections to the Panama Route Are That Good Title Cannot Be Obtained

AND IT IS TOO FAR TO THE SOUTH

A Ship Could Sail Through the Latter Route in Twelve Hours While It Takes Thirty-Three Hours To Pass Through the Former—The Report Is Transmitted Without Any Comment.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The preliminary report of the Isthmian canal commission was sent to congress today by the president. It unanimously recommends the the adoption of the Nicaragua route for the reasons which are summarized as follows:

1. The estimated cost of building the Nicaragua canal is about $58,000,000 more than that of the completing the Panama canal, leaving out the cost of acquiring the latter property. This measures the difference in the magnitude of the obstacles to be overcome in the actual construction of the two canals and covers all physical considerations such as the greater or less height of dams, the greater or less depths of cuts, the presence or absence of natural harbors, the presence or absence of materials, the exemption from liability to disease, and the amount of work necessary to be done.

2. The new Panama canal company has shown no disposition to sell its property to the United States. Should that company be able or willing to sell, there is no reason to believe the price would not be such as would make the total cost to the United States less than that of the Nicaragua canal.

3. The Panama canal, after completion would be shorter, have fewer locks and less curvature than the Nicaragua canal. The measure of these advantages is the time required for a vessel to pass through which is estimated for an average ship at twelve hours for Panama and thirty-three hours for Nicaragua. On the other hand the distance from San Francisco to New York is 277 miles, to New Orleans 579 miles, and to Liverpool 386 miles greater via Panama than via Nicaragua. The time required to pass over these distances being greater than the difference in the time of transit through the canals, the Nicaragua line after completion would be somewhat the more advantageous of the two to the United States, notwithstanding the greater cost and lengthening by the longer canal.

4. The government of Colombia in which lies the Panama canal has granted an exclusive concession, which still has many years to run. It is not free to grant the necessary rights to the United States except upon condition that an agreement be reached with the Panama Canal company. The commission believes that such an agreement is impracticable. So far as can be ascertained the company is not willing to sell its franchise, but it will allow the United States to become the owner of part of its stock. The commission considers such an arrangement inadmissible. The governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica on the other hand are untrammelled by concessions, and are free to grant to the United States such privileges as may be mutually agreed upon.

Conclusion. In view of all the facts and particularly in view of all the difficulties of obtaining the necessary rights, privileges and franchises on the Panama route and assuming that Nicaragua and Costa Rica recognize the value of the canal to themselves and are prepared to grant concessions on terms which are reasonable and acceptable to the United States, the commission is of the opinion that "The most practicable and feasible route for an Isthmian canal" to be "under the control, management and ownership of the United States" is that known as the Nicaragua route."

The report finds that both canals are feasible and that all of the engineering difficulties have been overcome in both cases. The cost of the Nicaragua canal is estimated at $200,340,000 and that of the Panama canal at $142,342,-778. In each instance these estimates are for a canal thirty-five feet deep, and of a bottom width of 150 feet with locks 740 feet long and eighty-four feet wide. In view of the tendency to enlarge the size of ocean-goin steamers and of the fact that neither canal can be completed in less than ten years, the commission is of the opinion that these dimensions should be adhered to. If single, instead of double locks are provided at first, so designed as to permit the construction ultimately of a second system, and the canal made only 100 feet wide at the narrowest points, the cost would be reduced for the Nicaragua canal to $153,813,000 and for the Panama canal to $115,941,-215. The commission finds after a careful survey of all other possible routes that these two are the only ones that should be considered, all other involved a tunnel which would be objectionable.

As to the present condition of work on the two routes, the report says that on the Nicaragua route a railroad embankment some miles long, which is still in good condition constitutes all that would be of any value in the future operations. On the Panama route the commission found 2,000 men at work, a cut of 260 feet at Culebra, thirteen miles of canal dug but partly silted up, a large amount of machinery, much of it antiquated, and a railroad in good condition along the entire length of the canal and worth for purposes of canal construction $7,000,000. The value of the French work done is put at $32,500,000.

The commission finds that if the rights of the Maritime Canal company in Nicaragua and Costa Rica have been forfeited, there is nothing in the way of diplomatic negotiations for the acquirement by the United States of authority for the construction of the canal by this route provided that those countries are sufficiently impressed with advantages to be gained by them because of it.

In regard to the Panama canal however, the new Panama Canal company refused to sell its property and interests outright, proposing that the United States become a majority stockholder in their organization.

The report is signed by the entire commission consisting of J. C. Walker, Rear Admiral, U. S. N., president of the commission; Samuel Pasco, Alfred Noble, George S. Morison, Peter C. Hains, Col. U. S. Corps of Engineers; Wm. H. Burr, O. H. Ernst, Lieutenant Colonel U. S. Corps of Engineers; Lewis M. Haupt, Emory R. Johnson.

The president's message accompanying the report reads as follows:

"To the senate and house of representatives: I transmit herewith, for the information of congress, a preliminary report of the Isthmian canal commission, dated November 30, 1900. (Signed) Wm. McKinley."

THE SULTAN PAYS

Uncle Sam's Indemnity Claim Amicably Adjusted.

ORDER FOR A CRUISER ALSO RECEIVED

Washington Government Confident That the Powers' Envoys Will Reach an Agreement at Peking. Rebel Activity in All Parts of Colombia—Foreign News Notes.

Constantinople, Dec. 3.—Hassan Pasha, Ottoman minister of marine, and G. R. Williams, representing the Cramps of Philadelphia, have closed a contract for the construction of a cruiser for the Ottoman navy. The price is to be £350,000, which includes £22,000 to the United States for losses sustained by Americans in the Armenian massacres.

Settlement in Sight.

Washington, Dec. 3.—Administration officials are sanguine that the powers at Peking will soon reach a common ground of agreement on the demands to be made upon the Chinese imperial government in satisfaction for the Boxer outbreak. The state department is in communication with the ministers and ambassadors of the United States to the European courts, and advices which have come from them from time to time lead the officials here to hope that the powers will be brought to the position maintained by the United States in dealing with the Chinese, viz: That there would not be demands made upon the imperial government which it is not able to fulfill.

To Prevent an Egging.

New York, Dec. 3. — The Duke of Manchester, the Duchess of Manchester and Eugene Zimmerman, the father, passed the day quietly at the Holland House. The two detectives who met them at the pier have been withdrawn and Captain McCluskey explained their presence by saying: "Two letters, evidently from a crank, making vague threats of egging the duke and duchess, were the cause of my sending Detective Sergeants Valley and Stripp to meet them down the bay."

Must Study English.

Berlin, Dec. 3.—Emperor William's decree reversing the reform of the higher schools provides that, in consequence of the importance attaching to the English language, special attention shall be given hereafter to this branch in the gymnasia, where it is made equal with Greek in the under classes and shall displace French as an obligatory study in the upper three classes, French being made optional in the latter.

Just the Same.

They tell me that the winter's mild
To calm my shivering fears;
Yet ashes come and coals go—
And hard coal disappears.
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Joseph Schneider, who has been quite sick for the past two weeks, is able to take his place in the Huber works again.

MADE PUBLIC

Is the Annual Report of Inspector General of Army.

IMPORTANT CHANGES

Have Been Undergone by Uncle Sam's Military Establishment

SINCE THE LAST INSPECTION

The Last of the State Volunteers Have Been Mustered Out of the Service.

TWENTY-SIX FULL REGIMENTS

And an Extra Squadron of Cavalry Have Been Mustered In—Inspections During the Year Amount to Nearly Three Hundred Millions. General Breckinridge Makes Several Recommendations in Report.

Washington, Dec. 4.—In his annual report made public this morning Inspector General Breckinridge says:

"Since the condition of the last annual report the military establishment has undergone important changes. Perhaps no two battles in one year ever had so much effect on the history and destiny of our country as those of Manila and Santiago in May and July, 1898. The last of the state volunteer troops, who did such excellent service in the Philippines and elsewhere and whose military experience and the results flowing from it promise so great an influence upon our national history, were returned to this country and mustered out; and their places were filled by the new United States volunteer regiments, which were organized under the act of March 21, 1899, and comprise one regiment of cavalry, twenty-four regiments of infantry, one Porto Rican regiment and one squadron of Philippine cavalry; numbering in all about 35,000 men. Two of the infantry regiments and the regiment and squadron of cavalry were organized in the Philippines all from Americans, except the squadron of cavalry and some scouts from natives.

"During the past year the inspections of disbursements and deposits amounted to over $285,000,000; of property to over $16,000,000; of men over 120,000. The only disclosure of crime was that made by Colonel Burton in the Cuban postal frauds."

As an indication of the work performed, the report remarks: "But even to strangers a loss of over ten per cent, of the corps by death during the last fiscal year may attract attention to services which surely have not been performed in any perfunctory spirit, and it is hoped may be appreciated by our superiors and our fellow countrymen."

General Breckinridge urges that the provisions of the law of March 2, 1899 be extended so that officers of the army may have the same advantages on retirement of officers of the navy, particularly the rank and pay of the next higher grade. He believes that the improvement in the morals of the army would more than compensate for the cost.

On the recommendation of the army, the report says: "If the president were further authorized to increase the army on the basis of two soldiers per thousand of population for nine months in anticipation of preparation for war or in the transition stage when raising war, it would seem far more flexible, unobjectionable and economical than our over abrupt, haphazard and make-shift style of legislation."

The report recommends the continuation of two model transports. An enlisted relief allotment of $8 per month is suggested to prevent a congestion by overcrowding of national soldiers' homes.

Of military training at schools the report says: "From the reports received it appears that at seventy-six colleges 20,125 students matriculated during the year, an average number of 266 matriculants per school, which is an increase of 2% over the number reported in 1899. At seventy-six colleges the military department reports an enrolled strength of 16,211 cadets and at eighty-two an average of 11,389 cadets are under military instruction, giving for each military department an enrollment of 211 and an average attendance of 175 cadets during the year."

During the past fiscal year 2,180,791 articles were inspected and of these number 2,134,286 were condemned and 74,505, or 1.3 per cent, retained in service. During the preceding fiscal year when there were fewer special inspections, 7,952,911 articles were condemned and 1,427,159 or about fifteen per cent retained in service. The largest condemnations were in the Philippines, $113,816.98.

The greatest losses occurred in bread, ship tobacco and bacon ranging from $69,000 for bread to $11,000 for bacon.

In concluding the report asks that a system of retirement for clerks be inaugurated, suggesting a choice either of that by which the pension is deducted from the clerk's salary or a lump pay system.

OFFICERS ELECTED

By the Congregation of the Evangelical Lutheran Church.

The congregation of the Emmanuel Evangelical Lutheran church held a meeting Monday evening and elected officers. John F. Lust was chosen elder; George Schoenlaub and J. W. Rolfe, trustees; George Stiffler, secretary; Gus A. Tillman, treasurer, and Jacob Keller, deacon.

This completed the business of the meeting which was quite well attended.

Miss Llewellyn's Singing.

The Lexington, Mo., Intelligencer, in reporting a Teachers' Recital given by the Central College of Music, makes this pleasing reference to a Marion lady. The Star quotes:

"Miss Llewellyn made her first appearance upon a Central College program that evening. She possesses a voice of good range and quality, and which is replete with dramatic force and feeling. If there be any choice among the songs, The Medicine of Chamounix was, perhaps, the most interesting. The delicacy and nicety of finish of the simple phrases were most satisfactory."

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And The Ambition That Seems Intended As a Nerve Tonic and Blood Builder

Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks, and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50 cts per box, 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

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Positively guaranteed cure for Parvus, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail, in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

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The Durable Pharmacy, N. Main St

100,000 MEN

Secretary of War Root Is of the Opinion That the Army

SHOULD BE THAT SIZE

And He Has Ordered Estimates To Be Made for a Force of That Size.

MAKES HIS ANNUAL REPORT

Tells in Detail the Work Done by His Department in Islands of Cuba and Porto Rico.

NATIVE TROOPS FOR PHILIPPINES

The Secretary Believes That They May Safely Be Used—Experiments Tried Indicate as Much—Attorney General Griggs Issues His Annual Report Friday—Supreme Court Decision in "Jim Crow" Car Case.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The annual report of the secretary of war was submitted to congress Monday. The army now consists of 2,935 officers and 100,221 enlisted men of the regular establishment and 1,548 officers, of whom 243 are regular army officers holding volunteer commissions and 21,079 enlisted men of the volunteer force, making a total force of 103,150, consisting of 2,856 officers and 99,309 enlisted men.

A large portion of the report is devoted to the history of the last year's military operations of the Philippines, and of the expedition to China.

In speaking of affairs in Cuba, the report says: "Especial attention has been given by the military governor to the development of primary education. The schools are separated from the residence of the teachers, and each school room has its separate teacher. The courses and methods of instruction are those most approved in this country. The textbooks are translations into Spanish of American textbooks. For the supply of material, $150,000 were, in the first instance, appropriated from the insular treasury and afterwards upon a single order 100,000 full sets of desks, textbooks, school supplies, etc., were purchased upon public advertisement in this country at an expense of about three quarters of a million dollars.

"There are now receiving government aid in Cuba thirty-eight hospitals, four asylums for the aged, twelve orphan asylums, two dispensaries for the poor, one insane asylum, three leper hospitals, two reform schools, one training school for boys, one for girls and one emergency hospital in Santiago de Cuba."

In regard to Porto Rico, the report continues: "On the first day of May, 1900, the government of Porto Rico was transferred to the civil authorities constituted under the act of congress approved April 12 of that year. The interval of five months since the date of the last report had been employed by the military authorities in the island in improving the civil administration, in customing the people of Porto Rico to the exercise of the powers of government and continuing the work of relief made necessary by the deplorable condition in which the island had been left by the great hurricane of August 8, 1899.

"The further distribution of commissary supplies brought the total amount distributed from the time of the hurricane to July 13, when the distribution was discontinued with the concurrence of the military government, to a total of over 30,000,000 pounds of food, costing $871,000.00."

In the matter of seacoast defenses, the report says: "A large proposition of the most costly and difficult work has been done, the greater part of the very heavy guns being now safely installed in efficient emplacements."

"During the last fiscal year," continues the report, "five vessels have been added to the transport service, increasing the number of vessels owned by the department to twenty-five. The total tonnage of these twenty-five vessels is 81,245, with a passenger capacity of 1,295 officers and 21,661 men. Their combined cargo capacity is 57,551 tons.

"The progress which has been made in the work of fitting up these transports under the direction of the quartermaster's department is gratifying. Many improvements conducting to the comfort and well being of troops have been adopted, and the valuable experience heretofore gained enables the department to have the work performed at the minimum cost.

"The health of the army has been improving steadily since the close of the Spanish war. The deaths from disease during the period, May, 1898, to June, 1899, were equivalent to an annual rate of 25.68 per thousand of strength. During the past fiscal year there were reported 1,367 deaths from disease in a mean strength of 88,112 men. This, which is equivalent to a rate of 15.83 per cent. per thousand, must be regarded as a light mortality, considering the large proportion of the army was for several months exposed to the fatigues and unsanitary influences of active service in the tropics.

"Much thought has been given, both in the war department and by the commanding officers in the Philippines to the question of organizing native troops for the performance of this duty. I have no doubt that this is practicable. The experiments which we have already made demonstrate its practicability. We have already organized several different bodies of native troops under American officers. All of these have proved faithful, courageous and responsive to discipline when under the immediate control of American officers.

"The uncertainty as to what conclusion congress will reach as to the proper size of the army during the next fiscal year has occasioned some question as to the basis upon which the estimates for that year should be prepared. In the absence of any guide, justifying me in any assumption as to what congress will do, I have directed that the estimates be prepared with reference to the now existing condition for an authorized force of 100,000 men."

Report of Mr. Griggs.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The annual report of Attorney General Griggs was made public Monday. It reviewed the Addison Pipe and Steel company case, the Dewey and other prize money cases, and refers to every case in which the United States was a party that came to trial during the past year. On account of the Pacific railroad claim, and additional dividend of $312,-952 was received during the year. This makes the total amount paid to the government on account of the Pacific railway subsidy claims since November, 1897, $124,554,530. The report shows that in July, 1900, there were 2,137 United States convicts in the various prisons, as against 2,922 at the close of the last fiscal year on June 30, 1900.

Attorney General Griggs again appeals to congress to provide, by suitable legislation, for an appeal on the present government, in cases of decisions adverse to the United States by the courts upon demurrers interposed to indictments. Since he first brought the matter to the attention of congress, other instances have arisen, he says, emphasizing the necessity for such a change in criminal procedure.

Supreme Court Decision.

Washington, Dec. 4.—The United States supreme court Friday decided the case of the Wabash Railroad vs. The State of Kentucky in the matter of the constitutionality of the "Jim Crow" law, a Kentucky statute which compels the railroad to carry a special car in Kentucky for negro passengers. The court affirming the decision of the Kentucky state supreme court, held that the special car must be carried on all passenger trains within the limits of the state, but that white passengers may not be excluded from such car.

MR. FITZGERALD

Offers a Resolution of Sympathy for Oom Paul.

Washington, Dec. 4.—Representative Fitzgerald of Massachusetts introduced the following resolution in the house Friday. The resolution was referred to the foreign affairs committee without being read:

"Whereas, The heroic struggle made by the Boer republic to maintain their existence, has excited the sympathy of the whole world, therefore be it

"Resolved, By the senate and house of representatives of the United States that the efforts of Paul Kruger to obtain the assistance of the civilized nations of the world in securing peace and proper terms of settlement between Great Britain and the Boer republic is deserving of the praise and sympathy of the American people."

Most Believe It

WHEN WELL-KNOWN MARION PEOPLE TELL IT SO PLAINLY.

When public endorsement is made by a representative citizen of Marion the proof is positive. You must believe it. Read this testimony. Every backache sufferer, every man, woman or child with any kidney trouble will find profit in the reading.

Mrs. M. Garfield, of 725 north Main street, says: "I found great relief in using Doan's Kidney Pills. I was a great sufferer from backache, and whenever I stooped sharp pains caught me across the loins and I was languid and weary mornings. There was also embarrassment from weakness of the kidneys, and dizziness and weariness bothered me after walking even a short distance. Doan's Kidney Pills, sold by W. H. Foye, the druggist, strengthened my kidneys and removed the lameness from my back. I do not hesitate in saying that they are a reliable remedy for the back and kidneys."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

Mr. Andrew J. C. Foye, a brother of W. H. Foye of this city, was elected vice president of the Ohio society of New York at the recent annual election of the society. Mr. Foye is well known in this city.

"Neglected colds make (a) graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

LOCAL TIME CARD

ERIE RAILROAD

For New York, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Get time tables and full information from M. B. Dickerson, agent, Marion, Ohio.

CITY DEPOT.

West.	East.
No. 5.. *10:08 am	No. 16.. *12:52 pm
No. 17.. 3:28 pm	No. 8.. *10:25 pm
No. 3.. *11:00 pm	No. 38.. 3:40 pm
No. 1.. *11:33 pm	No. 12.. * 5:25 pm
No. 37.. 7:50 am	

No. 11 leaves Marion Junction 11:10 p. m. Carries passengers to Mossville.

No. 1 runs to Marion Junction only.

No. 13 carries passengers between Mansfield, Pa., and Chicago, Ill., only.

Nos. 37 and 38 (local) run between Galion and Dayton only.

No. 16 runs to Jamestown, N. Y., only.

Baggage will not be carried on trains Nos. 13 and 14.

C. and E. RAILROAD.

Leave.	Arrive.
No. 1.. 7:30 am	No. 12.. * 5:10 am
No. 5.. *10:25 am	No. 37.. 5:10 am
No. 13.. 3:45 pm	No. 8.. *10:20 pm
No. 3.. *11:50 pm	No. 32.. 12:00 m
No. 33, local, 12:55 pm.	

No. 13 carries passengers without baggage to Chicago.

Nos. 32 and 33 run between Lima and Marion Junction only.

* Daily. Nos. 37, 38, 14, 1, 2, 32 and 33 daily except Sunday. No. 13 daily except Monday.

BIG FOUR.

6 floct, Sunday, May 20, at 8:00 p. m.

Eastbound.	Westbound.
No. 36.. 10:18 am	No. 11.. 4:18 am
No. 2.. * 3:20 pm	No. 19.. 10:37 am
No. 16.. 7:07 pm	No. 3.. *11:20 am
No. 18.. 10:55 pm	No. 35.. 4:31 pm
No. 64.. * 2:45 pm	No. 65.. *11:30 am

* Nos. 2, 64, 1 and 65 daily except Sunday.

Hocking Valley

South.	North.
*No. 30.. 5:35 am	No. 31.. 6:55 am
No. 32.. 10:15 am	*No. 33.. 10:15 am
No. 34.. 1:39 pm	*No. 35.. 4:20 pm
*No. 36.. 7:05 pm	*No. 37.. 9:40 pm

* Daily.

Trains using Union depot, Toledo and Columbus.

Sandusky

C., S. & N. R. R.

Time table in effect Sept. 30, 1900.

From Marion to

Columbus and Delaware	7:10 am
Sandusky and Bucyrus	9:10 am
Zanesville and Shawnee	12:09 pm
Cincinnati and Dayton	12:09 pm
Columbus and Delaware	12:09 pm
New York and Philadelphia	5:40 pm
Kenova and Norfolk	5:40 pm
Columbus and Delaware	5:40 pm
Sandusky and Bucyrus	1:20 pm
Bellevue and Sandusky	7:10 pm

All trains daily except Sunday.

R. A. Jayne, Gen. Pass. Agt.
E. M. Dale, agent, Marion.

DUKE OF MANCHESTER, HIS AMERICAN BRIDE AND HIS RICH FATHER-IN-LAW.

Americans have seen international matches celebrated by brilliant ceremonies, but the honeymoon trip of the Duke of Manchester and his American bride is to eclipse all previous bridal tours. Mr. Eugene Zimmerman, the Cincinnati millionaire, who is the proud father of the new duchess, has made the arrangements. He will take his titled son-in-law and the duchess in a private car from New York to Cincinnati, from there to New Orleans and then to San Francisco. The journey across the continent will be broken by several other stops.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SESSIONS GALORE

The City Fathers Hold a Caucus---Star Chamber Session and Then an Open One.

HALLWOOD MAKES A PROPOSITION

The Council Does Not Fancy It---Fire Committee is on the Track of a Fine Team---George France Made the Captain of the Central Fire Department.

It was after 8 o'clock Monday evening before the members of the city council convened in open session, although previous to that hour a caucus and an executive session were held in the office of City Clerk Beatty.

Messrs. Odaffer, Mouser, Lawrence, Barlow, Cheney, Merchant, Schrote, Clary, Dwyer, Ireland and Murphy of the council, Clerk Beatty, D. R. Crissinger, attorney for H. S. Hallwood, H. S. Hallwood and Engineer Ault met in the office of the clerk at 7:30 o'clock and Mr. H. S. Hallwood made a statement in regard to the repairs on the asphalt streets. The gentleman stated that he was aware that some of the cracks had not been properly filled, but it was not the fault of the material, but the workmanship, and that no finer asphalt streets existed than those in Marion. He went into the matter at length, explaining that the material had been overcooked and it was his intention to repair them to the satisfaction of the city council. He then proposed that six per cent. of the money now due him be retained to keep the streets in repair for another year, or six years instead of five, as per contract, and that the money due next June on Main street and Delaware avenue also be held as a guarantee that the streets be kept in repair for that length of time. Mr. Hallwood made a statement of his affairs with the Ohio National bank, and said that he was authorized to act on behalf of that institution.

Mr. Crissinger presented a written statement of the amount due Mr. Hallwood. On Prospect street, with the extras, the amount due Mr. Hallwood is $2,829.01, while on Church street the amount is $3,672.93, making a total of $6,501.94. Of this he offered six per cent., with the amount retained on the other two streets, to keep Prospect and Church street in repair for another year.

The eleven members of the council immediately went into executive session and remained behind closed doors for nearly an hour. When they filed into the council chamber, and took up the routine business, the matter was not mentioned, but it was learned that the proposition had been rejected. The money will be paid in its entirety as soon as the work is completed to the satisfaction of the council. Messrs. Merchant, Cheney, Lawrence and Odaffer voted in favor of accepting Mr. Hallwood's proposition, when it was put to a vote, but the other seven members voted against it.

The bill of Dr. James Wilson McMurray, which was approved by the board of health, for $350 for treating Lewis Bond, the first smallpox patient, was brought up. The bill was referred back to the board of health to be made more explicit.

The open session was quite harmonious and in less than an hour much important business was transacted. After the roll call, Clerk Beatty read the minutes, which were approved.

J. J. Schoenlaub, the city treasurer, presented his report, which showed a balance of cash on hand to the amount of $15,405.92. Mr. Odaffer reminded council that this money must bear the expenses of the city till about March 1.

Claim ordinance No. 16 was presented and adopted, although its adoption was allowed to pass until one or two other matters had been disposed of.

After a suspension of the rules, and at its third reading, a resolution was adopted authorizing the construction of a four-foot plank sidewalk on the east side of Blaine avenue.

The matter of appointing a captain of hose house No. 1 of the fire department, or of the Central department, was brought up. Mr. Barlow had both the appointment of the captain and the preparation of regulations and rules governing the department embodied in one resolution. After some discussion the city solicitor prepared two resolutions, covering the ground completely. The first was a resolution authorizing the chief of the fire department to appoint a captain of hose house No. 1, whose salary was to be fifty dollars per month, and the appointment to be made with the approval of the council, giving that body power to remove the appointee at any time. The resolution was adopted. The second authorized Chief James A. Knapp to prepare a code of rules and regulations governing the department, with the approval of council. This, too, passed without a dissenting vote.

Mr. Barlow, on behalf of Chief Knapp, presented the name of George France for the captaincy. Council unanimously confirmed the appointment, and Mr. France began his new duties Tuesday morning.

Mr. Barlow stated that Richard Hipple had located a team of bay horses in Knox county that would be quite suitable for fire department use. The price was $400. Mr. Hipple's commission would amount to $25 and it would probably cost the city $500 with the changes that must be made in the barn. The animals are five and six years of age, weigh 2,470 pounds and are sixteen hands high. After some discussion, Mr. Murphy moved that the matter be placed in the hands of the committee on fire department and waterworks with power to act. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Kinzler, the street commissioner, called the attention of council to the fact that several of the tile in the Gunn creek ditch, near Silver street, was broken. After a short discussion the street commissioner was authorized to repair the ditch.

Council then adjourned.

ST. AGNES' GUILD

Meets Monday Evening and Elects New Officers.

The members of St. Agnes' guild of St. Paul's Episcopal church met at the home of Miss Flora Cunningham of west Center street Monday evening and elected officers for the ensuing year.

Miss Sulter was chosen president; Mrs. Gertrude Duff, vice president, and Miss Anna Adams, secretary and treasurer.

BOILER BLOWS UP

Power House In Chicago the Scene of a Disaster.

EIGHTEEN PERSONS WERE CAUGHT.

Five Killed Outright and Several of the Injured Likely to Die---Passenger Train Struck and Damaged by Flying Debris---Property Loss and List of the Victims.

Chicago, Dec. 4.---By the explosion of a boiler in the power house of the Chicago and Northwestern railroad, five men were killed outright and a dozen persons injured. Several of the latter may die. The dead: Anthony Krause, fireman; August Weise, August Claman and Joseph Specht, section hands, and Henry Schour, clerk.

The power house was a two-story structure which stood west of the passenger station and north of the track leading into it. On the first floor was the boiler room, containing a battery of four boilers and the dynamo room, which held nine dynamos. Twelve men were employed around the building, and in addition to such of these as were present at the time, a number of strangers were standing around watching the dynamos.

It is not known what caused the explosion, as everything in the boiler room seemed in excellent condition, according to the uninjured men who worked in the place. One of the boilers in the center of the row of four burst with a detonation that was plainly heard at points a mile distant. The end of the boiler nearest the tracks was the weak part of the structure, and it flew toward the depot tracks and landed fully 70 feet away from its starting point. The boiler itself, which weighed 10 tons, lies 60 feet from the boiler house.

Just as the explosion occurred the Ashland limited train was pulling out of the station. The greater part of the train had passed, and although the cars were all heavily battered with falling bricks and debris, none of them were badly damaged, and the passengers within them escaped unhurt. The last two cars, a Pullman sleeper and a drawing room car, were not so fortunate, and the boiler-head and the boiler itself caught them. The boiler struck the car in the rear, while the boiler-head plunged through the one immediately in front. Fortunately both flew high and struck the cars above the windows, carrying away portions of the roof and vestibule. But few of the passengers happened at the time to be in the ends of the two cars hit by the flying metal, and such of them as were hurt were struck by flying splinters or suffered from being thrown violently to the floor.

The destruction of the electric lighting plant plunged the depot into darkness and the pile of debris which was thrown across the tracks temporarily blocked the suburban traffic of the road. The property loss is placed at $100,000.

Deal in Coal Lands.

Washington, Pa., Dec. 4.---A large deal in coal lands in this county has just been closed. Rev. Campbell Jones is one of the prime movers in the deal, having associated with him T. E. Kelly of Uniontown, J. B. Hillman & Son of Pittsburg and John S. Danley. They have accepted 11,000 acres of land, which is principally in the vicinity of Claysville. The price paid is $20 per acre. The syndicate making the purchase is known as the G. R. Rafferty syndicate.

TWO COUNCILMEN

Go to Knox County To Inspect a Team of Horses.

S. E. Barlow and I. A. Merchant left Tuesday for Danville, Knox county, to inspect the team of horses recommended by Mr. R. W. Hipple for the fire department. If the animals are as represented, and their wind is perfect, it is quite likely that the gentlemen will purchase the horses for the department.

Some disposal must be made of the old gray horse. Mr. Barlow states that the committee will sell the animal for seventy-five dollars. The police department would like to have the horse for a patrol wagon, but it is not likely that the city will get a hurry-up wagon just yet.

George France accompanied the city fathers.

THE BLUE FRONT.

WE QUIT BUSINESS JANUARY 1st, 1901.

WE have a magnificent stock that MUST BE SOLD between the time you read this ad and that date. Isn't it reasonable to suppose that we will, that we must sacrifice every article of clothing in this store? What we do not sell to you, we will sacrifice in one great lump at any price. Why shouldn't we share these immense bargains with all our old friends and long-time customers? Wouldn't we be ungrateful indeed after all these years of splendid patronage if we did not show our appreciation? Of course we would, and with that idea, all thought of profit has been cast aside. The uppermost idea is to SELL, sell at any cost; the goods must go. No prices are herein named—anyone can fix a price—BUT THE GOODS MUST SHOW THE QUALITY. You will look back on this sale, after we are gone, and say, "no such sales were ever held in Marion or Marion county." You will regret it if you do not come. Everything for the boy and man. Mothers, bring your husbands and sons, for now is the appointed time and it will not last—it cannot last.

BLUE FRONT CLOTHING HOUSE,

Opposite Hotel Marion. MARION, OHIO.

IN COMMON PLEAS

Judge Tobias Reserves His Decision in the Matter of Uncapher Against Battenfeld.

THE DEMURRER IS SUSTAINED

In Matter of Britsch Against Britsch. Jury Is Dismissed Until December 17---Bill of Exceptions in Grain Company Matter---Some Rulings Next Saturday.

The trial of the matter of Martin V. Uncapher, for himself and 102 others, against John Battenfeld, sheriff, was taken up Friday in common pleas court. The names of the 102 other plaintiffs were not made public hence it was impossible for the jurors to tell whether or not they were related to them. But one juror was certain he was not related. J. F. McNeal, attorney for John Darmody, who is substituted for the sheriff, asked to have the jurors excused, but the court refused. The matter is one in which the sheriff took wheat belonging to Darmody & McClure, but which Uncapher claims belonged to him and the 102 others.

The replevin matter of Martin V. Uncapher for himself and 102 others against John Battenfeld, sheriff, was still occupying the attention of the common pleas court Saturday. The 102 other plaintiffs were disclosed and it was learned that E. L. Schultz, a juryman, is related to two of the plaintiffs and possibly to a third. W. E. Morganthaler is one of the plaintiffs. Schultz is related to a W. E. Morganthaler, but as it was not known whether this was the one or not the deputy sheriff had to be sent after Schuft's relative.

A motion to take the matter out of the hands of the jury because of relationship was argued that afternoon.

The suit is a very peculiar one in many respects. It grew out of the old partnership of Darmody & McClure. The 102 plaintiffs had wheat in the mill when it was closed up and sold. They want the equivalent of their wheat, but as each one had so small an amount it would not pay to bring suit alone, and Uncapher sued for himself and others.

The matter of Martin V. Uncapher, and others, against John Battenfeld, sheriff, was not concluded Saturday in common pleas court. The motion to take the testimony from the jury was urged, and the court took the matter under consideration.

The jury was dismissed until December 17. The matter is a peculiar one, in which several interesting points are involved.

In the matter of Anna E. Mohr against Charles L. Mohr, and others, the defendants' demurrer to the plaintiff's petition was overruled by Judge Tobias. Exceptions were noted. Leave was granted the defendant to answer by December 15.

In the matter of Henry Britsch against Katherine Britsch, and others, the demurrer to the supplemental petition has been sustained, to which exceptions have been taken.

A bill of exceptions was filed Saturday to the decision in the matter of the Cleveland Grain company against J. E. Rayl, in common pleas.

In the matter of C. H. Shanafelt against H. Ash, and others, the motion to strike out certain clauses in pleadings was sustained. Exceptions were noted.

ITS WORK IS DONE

City Decennial Board of Equalization Makes Its Report to Auditor Hipsher.

RAISES THE VALUATION $115,000

Over the Aggregate Value as Found by the Appraisers and About $275,000 Over the Valuation of Ten Years Ago---About $500,000 in City Is Exempt from Taxation.

The Decennial board of equalization met Monday afternoon, wound up its business and adjourned. For some time the board has been almost through with its work, but, owing to a difference among its members, it was deadlocked and could not report. Three members wanted to reduce the general aggregate, and three wanted to retain it as it was when the board finished equalizing. The state auditor has been frequently sending to Auditor Hipsher for his report, but the latter could not send it until the board reported.

Monday a meeting was called and the auditor cast the deciding vote to retain as it was the aggregate value of the property and not to reduce it.

The board raised the aggregate value about $115,000 over the land appraisers, and in all about $275,000 over the aggregate of ten years ago, making the aggregate value of Marion property something like $3,016,190, exclusive of exempted property, which is valued at $500,550.

In 1890 the assessed value of the city was $2,106,810. In 1899 it was $2,901,190, making a gain of $784,350. Subtracting from this $623,950, the value of building erected in ten years, leaves $160,270, the aggregate raise made by the land appraisers.

Adding to this last named amount the raise of the board of $115,000 makes a total raise in ten years of $275,270.

B. Hoyles, the contractor of the sanitary sewer on the alley between north Prospect and Main streets from George to Mark streets, began work on the construction Tuesday. Mr. Hoyles has already completed the Olney avenue contract.

The condition of Mrs. Geo. Cromer, whose leg was amputated a few days since, is much improved.

KEELER BROTHERS.

READ THIS!

We have enlarged our business quarters, leased new room in the same old location on west Church street, but we've been expanding. A new and beautiful room for the Jewelry department, more stock added, all ready for the holidays. One room for the Bicycles and one room for the Bicycle repair and manufacturing work—three big departments. We are growing. Call and see us.

110, 112 and 116 West Church Street.

Keeler Bros.,

JEWELERS AND DEALERS IN BICYCLES AND SUNDRIES.

The PRENDERGAST LUMBER & COAL CO.

PHONE 8

HEADQUARTERS FOR ALL KINDS OF LUMBER AND COAL

A SPECIALTY EVERYTHING

The Celebrated Gold and Silver

Collars and Cuffs

JUST IN.

Collars..... 15c
Cuffs..... 25c

Pure Linen.

FOR BOYS: Bailey & Dixey.

FOR MEN: Humbert, London, Autowear, Malvern, Overland, Wexford, Otis, Craven, Watson, Sedgwick, Amsden, Pilgrim.

S. Oppenheimer, Jr.

MANAGER,

MAIN AND CHURCH STREETS

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. Price 25 cents.

OFFICERS INSTALLED

By Lydia Chapter, No. 83, Order of the Eastern Star.

Lydia Chapter, No. 83, Order of the Eastern Star, held its regular meeting Monday evening, combining with it the annual installation of officers and a social session. The business was merely routine and did not require much time.

Mrs. U. K. Guthery, assisted by Mrs. C. F. Garberson, installed the following officers:

Mrs. C. J. Miller, worthy matron; Mrs. E. Herzer, assistant worthy matron; Mr. M. B. Dickerson, worthy patron; Mrs. Charles Clark, conductress; Mrs. John Huber, assistant conductress; Mrs. Ella Williams, Adah; Mrs. M. B. Dickerson, Ruth; Mrs. Frank Hunter, Esther; Mrs. W. W. Landes, Martha; Mrs. J. G. Leffler, Electa; Mrs. D. W. Landes and Mrs. L. M. Hipsher, marshals; Mrs. A. D. Matthews, chaplain; Miss Bertha Waddell, secretary; Mrs. William Bland, treasurer; Mrs. B. P. Schatz, warder; Mrs. John Huber sentinel, and Mrs. Zed Gunder, organist.

Following the installation exercises, a short time was passed socially, and a very nice luncheon was served.

Edward Moore, an employe in the Marion Steam Shovel shops, is off duty with an injured eye, the result of being struck by a flying piece of steel. The eye is not so badly injured as to endanger the sight.

Our Couches

are always an important factor in our Christmas business. A couch is always an acceptable gift. We show you a large line of frames, both in regular and drop end couches, over four hundred yards of assorted coverings in the piece and an endless variety in samples. We make you a couch as hard or soft as you want it and to suit any color effect. Our reputation for reliable merchandising and moderate price obtains in this department as in every other. Come early and avoid disappointment.

H. Schaffner,

212 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$150,000.00 by THE NORTHERN CENTRAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of Toledo, Ohio, on first mortgage security, from one to ten years, in sums to suit the borrower.

Application can be made to the Company's General Agent W. M. Jackson, I. O. O. F. Block, opposite Kerr House, Marion, Ohio, or to the Home Office of the Company.

The Northern Central Life Ins. Co.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

MARION WEEKLY STAR.

Price, $1.50 Per Year, in Advance

BY W. O. HARDING.

16 Pages 2 Parts.
PART ONE 8 PAGES.
PART TWO 8 PAGES.

SATURDAY- - - DECEMBER 8

Apparently General Eagan is finding few people to agree with his stage that that he be restored to the full privileges of his late office

Mrs. Lease is inclined to believe regardless gentlemen of any sorts she announces that she has no intention of getting married again

If the Democracy is looking for somebody to step up and reorganize the party Messrs Bryan and Towne are probably available

Mrs Van Lew is inclined to be disagreeable to the other female inmates, but she wishes them to understand that they do not belong to her set

The Prohibition vote of the country simmered down to about 160 000 at the last election But the Prohibitionists will not mind a little thing like that

Guam is now coming in for a share on our charity, and as one of our new possessions its claim is valid Guam seems to be nearly as windy as Porto Rico.

The general advice is to do your Christmas shopping early Yet if everybody should accept it there would soon be an inclination to go late to avoid the rush.

Mr Wharton Barker received fifty seven votes in his home city of Philadelphia in his candidacy for president But Wharton Barker is not the man to be easily discouraged

The Pennsylvania Railroad company will retire 100 men on pensions the first of the year The Pennsylvania Railroad company can hardly be considered in the soulless corporation class.

The president will have the extreme pleasure of noting many complimentary things said of his message by newspapers from which he had little reason to expect anything but partisan criticism.

Marion county Democrats who expect to go before next spring's primaries are not inclined to hold off and wait for any proposed reorganization of the party Should there be anything in the way of a clear-up they can jump for it

The Washington Post which has been a close observer of Senator Hanna's style of succeeding suggests that "some of the gentlemen who are talking of doing unpleasant things to Mr Hanna may find themselves badly foozled at the finish"

Some few Republican newspapers are making the unreasonable request that Senator Wellington be kicked out of the Republican party But why so hasty? Senator Wellington although he bolted last fall does not seem to have done the Republicans any harm

The Washington correspondent who noted the arrival of Congressman Norton in the capital of the nation fully understood the importance of communicating the fact to the public He wrote: "The government of the United States is again pivoted on a substantial basis. Dr James A Norton congressman from the Thirteenth Ohio district, is here—and all is well

The Nebraska Populists are contemplating emigration to that what now seems, unfortunate section of the country, the Indian Territory The correspondents who tells of the proposed removal say that it is inspired and led by officials who have lost their positions as a result of the recent election They say they will not remain in a state in which they are in the political minority. Lucky Nebraska, unfortunate Indian Territory

With all his imperfections, the Sultan of Turkey, Abdul Hamid is an amusing cuss The battleship kentucky has struck his fancy his fine points have appealed to him and he would like to have a battleship built after the same plans and specifications Remembering that little bill of $90 000 which he owes Uncle Sam Abdul cutely conceived the idea that it would be a graceful thing to pay Cramps the full price of a battleship, and add the $90,000 which he owes Uncle Sam to the price This would be a nice, simply way to come off the perch and acknowledge the debt without interfering with sultanic dignity. Uncle Sam however, is wide awake, and will maintain the justice of his claims by insisting that the $90 000 be paid to a representative of this government.

The Columbus Journal views with consternation the organization of political element The fight in Ohio next year promises to be more exciting but only a repetition of the fight in Ohio in recent years The annual spectacle will be presented of the Democratic party of Ohio in convention assembled declaring for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 and the Republican party of Ohio in convention assembled declaring against the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 Democratic orators will stump the state in favor of the one and Republican orators will stump the state in favor of the other Democratic newspapers will be printed in favor of the one and Republican newspapers will be printed in favor of the other Democratic voters will be urged to vote for the one and Republican voters will be urged to vote for the other Democratic voters will vote for the one and Republican voters will vote for the other and the result will be the election of the Democratic candidates by a majority ranging from 20 000 to 30 000 Democratic majority

Oh The Hon Joe P [illegible] than four feet [illegible] is sure to [illegible] Mr P [illegible] he [illegible] it pr [illegible] Democratic [illegible] Democratic [illegible] Democratic

The Warner & Edwards Store.

Wrap Department

A special holiday offering in Heavy Astrachan Capes, 30 inches long, high collar, heavy fur edge, a garment that is never out of style, and worth eight dollars.

This holiday price

$4.98.

WARNER & EDWARDS

T. J. R. & M. J. R.

Shoulder Arms.

Get out into the fields and bag your game. Be sure your shooting accoutrement and paraphernalia are all right, then blaze away. Headquarters here for shooting irons and ammunition of the best sort. Ditto for every out o' door and indoor sport. We cater to the wants of young and old, hunters.

RYAN & BURKE
RELIABLE HARDWARE

Successors to J. Hood & Son,

Masonic Block. Marion, Ohio

MEET ME AT FRANKS.

Continued Warm Weather and An Overstocked Dress Goods Department

together are the cause of the biggest reductions on Dress Goods that have ever been known in Marion. Now is the time to buy an Xmas Dress Pattern while variety is large and price is in your favor.

A Big Line of Dress Goods at 19c Yd.

Plaids, Black Repellants, all-wool cloths and Mohair Novelties, a nice assortment of these goods that sold as high as 39c yard. Buy them now for, per yard 19c

Simply Unheard of Are These Values at 50c Yd.

There are goods in this lot that sold up to $1.00 yard, French Poplins in many good shades, fine all-wool Venetians in black and colors, all-wool Henriettas in every good color and black, and 52-inch English Diagonals in black, navy and many others.

This is the Record-Breaking Selling of the Year—This Line at 75c Yd.

There are many pieces of goods in this line that are worth $1.25 and $1.50 yard, 52-inch English Serge in the different shades of browns, all-wool French Crystal Cords in six shades, illuminated diagonal in two toned effects, heavy wool suitings in plain and novelty effects, variety large enough to make buying easy and a big saving for Holiday buyers.

$3.00 Values for $1.00 Yd.

The handsomest Imported Goods ever in our store is in this lot. Perfect dreams of silk and wool, beautiful in the richest colored effects, exclusive designs, imported by us, also a line of Plain Weaves to be added to this line. Choice, per yard $1.00

D. A. FRANK & CO.

FIFTEEN MILLIONS

And Then Some Is the Valuation of the Taxable Property of the County of Marion.

SO AUDITOR'S DUPLICATE SHOWS

Of This Great Amount the City of Marion Shows Up Property the Value of Which Is Over Five Millions. The Annual Taxes Are Almost Half a Million.

Auditor Hopkins has completed his annual tax duplicate of the county for the year 1900.

The total value of taxable property in the county is $15,276,070 [illegible] per cent. of the value as follows: [illegible] at $5,023,870; and [illegible] at $9,467,820. Deducting exemptions the total tax is $[illegible] exclusive of the dog tax, $[illegible]. Of the tax $[illegible] goes to the county and $[illegible] to the state, the dog tax not being considered in either case.

The valuation of the different subdivisions of the county follow: Tully, $[illegible]; Grand Prairie, $[illegible]; Marion special school district, $[illegible]; Marion township, $[illegible]; Grand, $[illegible]; Montgomery, $[illegible]; LaRue corporation, $[illegible]; Waldo, $[illegible]; LaRue township, $[illegible]; New Bloomington, $[illegible]; Pleasant, $[illegible]; New Bloomington corporation, $[illegible]; Big Island, $[illegible]; New Bloomington special school district, $29,850; Claridon, $[illegible]; Claridon union school district, $[illegible]; Caledonia corporation, $[illegible]; Marion, $[illegible]; Marion township, $[illegible]; Marion school district, $137,710; Marion corporation, $1,[illegible]; Marion township special union school district, $7,[illegible]; Richland, $[illegible]; Pleasant, $[illegible]; Green Camp, $[illegible]; Green Camp union school district, $[illegible]; Green Camp corporation, $[illegible]; Bowling Green, $[illegible]; LaRue union school district, $17,[illegible]; Prospect, $[illegible]; Prospect union school district, $[illegible]; Prospect corporation, $[illegible]; Waldo, $[illegible]; Waldo corporation, $[illegible].

A HOUSE-WARMING

Given Mr. and Mrs. Jessie Johnston of Green Camp.

Green Camp, Dec. 5.—The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Jessie Johnston gathered at their new home Wednesday evening and gave them an old-fashioned house-warming. A bountiful repast was served. Over sixty guests were present.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnston were called to Mt. Gilead Wednesday one day last week. While away on returning, they met Carl, the big cement horse about to the house and it was broken. It's [illegible] now.

Mr. Harry Barlow, who has spent all summer and fall in this village, went to Lima to-day to work.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Earl have bought a new lot in Green Camp and will move there in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. Jessie Thrapler and son, and Mr. and Mrs. Myers and son spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Clint Potter, east of town.

INTO BANKRUPTCY.

Mr. E. S. Moon of Agosta Seeks Relief from Debts.

R. E. Hill was at Toledo Tuesday night and filed in the United States court a petition in bankruptcy for E. S. Moon of Agosta.

Mr. Moon has had an unusual run of bad luck of late, which forced him into voluntary bankruptcy. He started a general store in Agosta several years ago, after having accumulated a little money, starting with nothing. He was for very well acquainted in the vicinity and as a consequence many people started book accounts with him, but failed to settle. A few days ago his poultry house contained poultry to the value of $[illegible] insured. It was a total loss. Creditors closed the place and he took to voluntary bankruptcy as a last resort.

It is estimated the indebtedness will be reduced the farmers will pay all even.

Mr. Moon also conducted a livery stable at Agosta.

TO MAKE A LOAN

A Representative of the Prospect Board of Trade Visits This City Wednesday.

THE COMPLETION OF SANITORIUM

Is Sought by the People of the Thriving Village to the Southeast—They Believe It Is Too Good a Thing To Be Allowed To Die for Want of Financial Nourishment.

C. M. Sackett, president of the Prospect board of trade, and A. P. Gast, one of the promoters of the Gastorium were in the city Wednesday in connection with a visit to raise funds to complete the institution. The board of trade has been interested in the building and the president of the body believes that the institution can be saved by completing the building to a certain extent.

It will take about five thousand dollars to do this. It is thought $2,[illegible] can be made by the citizens of Prospect and the board of trade expects to raise the remainder by donations in Marion and Waldo. Warren's money.

The Gastorium when completed, will be a dispensary for the sulphur springs at Prospect. It is understood that upon the springs, and a sanitarium for the use of those who desire to [illegible] the ordinary depressing which was stopped on the building several months.

Several thousand dollars have already been expended on it, and it is thought by Prospect people that if it be saved as a sanitarium for the village it would pay. At a recent meeting of the board of trade it was decided to take steps to push the matter ahead and complete the building.

JACOB D. FIRSTENBERGER.

A Former Citizen of Marion, Dies at His Home in Galion.

The day's Galion Inquirer makes the following reference to the death of Mr. Jacob Firstenberger, a former citizen of Marion:

"Jacob Firstenberger died at his home on Pearl avenue, Tuesday morning at 8:30 o'clock at the age of forty-three years, nine months and one day. Death was caused by heart trouble and a complication of diseases from which the deceased had been a sufferer for some time past. During the past month or two his illness has been very serious and about a week ago he was pronounced by the physicians beyond all hope of recovery. He bore his sufferings patiently and it was hoped that the improvement would continue but the hope was in vain and death came Tuesday morning.

"Jacob D. Firstenberger was born in Galion, February 26, 1851. While a young man he operated a restaurant for a short time in Pittsburg but returning to this city engaged in the grocery business which he continued up to his death. Twenty-three years ago he married Miss Lillian Burt of Marion, who, with three brothers and one sister survive him.

"The sister is Miss Hattie Firstenberger of this city and the brothers Henry, Peter and George all of Galion in Kansas."

A MEETING

Is Held by the Marion County Medical Society Tuesday Evening.

The Marion County Medical society met at the parlors of the Young Men's Christian Association building Tuesday evening. The session was quite well attended. Drs. A. Oram, D. O. and O. W. Weeks, W. C. Denman, H. L. Chloe, S. H. Britton, O. E. Richardson, L. D. Hamilton, A. Rhu and H. S. Rhu being present.

Dr. Robert Ramreth was to have read a paper on pneumonia, but was not present and a discussion occupied the time of the physicians instead. "What Education Is Necessary Before Entering the Study of Medicine" was the subject under discussion, and the physicians argued that it was necessary to have a more advanced education than could be secured in the high schools before beginning a course in medicine.

Both Drs. H. L. Chloe and A. Rhu reported cases to the society, which were discussed by the members.

H. D. Uhline retired from the fire department Wednesday. George Keefer has taken his place.

BY HER OWN HAND

Mrs. Rosa Oppenheimer Dies at Her Home on South State Street Thursday Morning.

BETWEEN TWO AND THREE O'CLOCK

She Was Up-Town Wednesday Morning—In the Afternoon She Complains of Neuralgia—Grows Much Worse and a Physician Is Called. Efforts To Save Her Are Penitless.

Mrs. Rosa Oppenheimer, wife of Samuel Oppenheimer, Jr., died very suddenly Thursday at her home on South State street between 2 and 3 o'clock.

Mrs. Oppenheimer's death was caused by strychnine poisoning, the drug being administered by herself. Some slight domestic misunderstanding of no more serious weight than will occur in the best families caused her to grow despondent. While up street Wednesday forenoon she purchased strychnine at two drug stores but immediately kept quiet about the fact. She first complained of neuralgia, and then mystified the members of her family and friends, but her condition became such that Dr. A. Rhu was called, and she then confessed the deed. Every effort was made to save her, but the poison had been taken too long before the doctor's arrival and was too powerful to be overcome, and death resulted as stated, her husband, son, mother and the relatives and friends she loved best on earth doing all in their power to make her last moments as peaceful as possible.

The deceased was twenty-four years of age and was married two years ago at Cincinnati. After her marriage she moved with her husband to Caledonia and afterward came to this city. Besides her husband, she leaves to mourn her death, with her mother, father and many other relatives, the bereaved with the disaster, and her father, who is a resident of Texas, is now on the South, but has been apprised by telegraph of the demise of his daughter.

Mrs. Oppenheimer was well known in the various Hebrew societies of the city, being secretary of the Jewish Women's Council, and also a member of the Order of the Eastern Star, the Rathbone sisters and the Knights and Ladies of Honor. Her death is mourned not only by the husband and relatives, but by a host of friends and neighbors.

OFFICERS ELECTED

By Canby Lodge, No. 51, Knights of Pythias.

Canby Lodge, No. 51, Knights of Pythias, held a meeting Tuesday evening at which officers were elected for the ensuing year and the rank of esquire was conferred on one candidate.

James Wentz was on hand to officer the commander; C. A. Mayo, vice chancellor; Harland Shapiro, prelate; Ollie Schneider, master of arms; William Mountz, master of exchequer; W. C. Rapp, master of finance; Frank Rosenberger, master of work; Jacob Hudspeth, inner guard; H. D. Uhline, outer guard; Henry Gillett, trustee.

The attendance was quite good. The amplified third degree will be conferred on three candidates next Tuesday evening, and the officers elected Tuesday evening will be installed on the first meeting night in January.

STILL ANOTHER

C. Nelmeyer Wants To Succeed Sheriff Battenfeld.

Mayor C. Nelmeyer of Prospect was in the city Wednesday mingling with the prominent Democrats, and while here sprung quite a surprise by announcing that he would be a candidate at the Democratic spring primaries for the nomination for sheriff. The surprise in the premises is Prospect township already has another candidate in William Almendinger for the same office.

This makes four candidates now in the field for the nomination, providing the two candidates in Marion still be out in the race. There is likely to be one or two more in the county, who are mentioned as probable candidates for the nomination.

A HOG'S STOMACH

Is the Hiding Place of a Ring Supposedly Stolen by a Woman.

Corning, N. Y., Dec. 5.—Three years ago there was a reported theft of a diamond ring from a prominent young lady of Hornby, near this city, and one, Miss O'Brien, was suspected of being the guilty party. The supposed theft occurred at a hucking bee at the home of George Smith. In killing a four-year-old hog a few days ago Mr. Smith discovered the ring, battered and discolored, lodged in the stomach of the slaughtered animal. It was restored to its owner, Mrs. Peter Hogan Camp, and an effort will be made to find Miss O'Brien, who went to the west several years ago, owing to the stigma which was so unjustly placed upon her.

The Houghton Buggy Co. say they will guarantee sleighing to anyone buying a sleigh of them; why not try them. They have the goods. The prices can't be beat. 28-wk-12

Mayor W. H. McClure gave notice Tuesday that all bicycle lamps must be lighted at 5 o'clock. This order went into effect December 1, and will be strictly enforced.

THE COUNCIL

May Order the Extension of Willow and Bradford Streets.

It is quite likely that Willow and Bradford streets will be straightened to be extended by the city council at its next meeting. Bradford street runs north and south and Willow street east and west. The two streets are to be extended in order that they may intersect. This will give an opening to a large number of new building lots.

MARION MAN

Fails To Show Up To Set on Federal Grand Jury.

The Toledo Blade states that William C. Dowling of Marion, one of the United States circuit court jurymen, had not been located. The name of William C. Dowling does not appear in the Marion city directory. William C. Dowling may be the missing man.

AGED ONE HUNDRED

On the Twenty-Fifth Day of This Month Will Be Andrew McNeil of This City.

PLANNING TO CELEBRATE EVENT

Mr. McNeil Has Quite a Number of Relatives in This County and a Younger Brother, Aged Seventy-Five Years, Lives Near the Village of LaRue.

Andrew M. McNeil, the oldest resident of Marion county, is planning to celebrate the one hundredth anniversary of his birth this year.

Mr. McNeil came to this county [illegible] and has been living [illegible] ever since with the exception of [illegible] years.

The aged man has quite a large family of grand children and great grandchildren living in this county. It is not definitely known as to the exact date of his birth, but he has always celebrated on the twenty-fifth day of December.

It matters [illegible] to the aged man as to the exact date of his birth, as he was born in the days when [illegible] were not kept as they are now.

Mr. McNeil is enjoying the best of health for one of his years. He takes an active interest in the affairs of the day as well.

A brother of Mr. McNeil resides in the vicinity of LaRue, and it is one of the pleasures of the aged man's life to visit with him. He is also a resident of Marion county.

IN SCOTT TOWNSHIP

A New Road May Be Built in the Near Future.

The county commissioners were here Wednesday on a road business. Two hundred of Reading Gross township are having a dispute over the line of the new road in that township. Each one of them is a little the boss in the line and each wants the commissioners to establish it at

A petition to create a new road to be called the Doyle road was also the cause before the commissioners. It is proposed to be built in Scott township.

HIGH HONOR

Is Conferred on a Worthy Member of Order of Eastern Star.

Mrs. C. E. Gurney has been appointed special deputy grand matron of the order of the Eastern Star of the Eighth district, consisting of Seneca, Wyandot, Marion and Morrow counties. The appointment was made by the grand matron of the grand chapter, the honor being conferred upon Mrs. Gurney as a fitting recognition of her services in the position of worthy matron, and the members of the local lodge are more than pleased.

JOHN S. DUDLEY

Is Elected Representative to Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows.

Word was received here Wednesday from Columbus that John S. Dudley was elected representative of the Thirty-First district, to the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, which meets in Springfield next May.

Mr. Dudley received a flattering majority. The election occurred last Monday evening, but the returns had to be made to Columbus before the result was known.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given of the dissolution of the partnership heretofore existing between R. H. Doyle and Cyrus Lee, under the firm name of Doyle & Lee, transacting a general hardware business at Caledonia, Ohio; which has this day been dissolved by mutual agreement.

R. H. Doyle.
Cyrus Lee.

Caledonia, Ohio, Nov. 20, 1900.
wd&wk-3w

Candy for Sunday Schools.

We make a specialty of furnishing Christmas candies and fruits for Sunday-schools, and solicit your inquiry as to prices and variety. You may depend upon the quality, weight and low price at the Union grocery.

wk-1 Zachman & Myers.

Mrs. John Wish is dangerously ill at her home on Grand avenue.

THE MANHATTAN. | THE MANHATTAN.

AN IMPORTANT POINT.

The most important point in a suit of clothes or an overcoat, after the quality of cloth is considered, is the care and skill displayed in the making. On that point alone is based the CHARGES of the HIGHEST PRICED TAILORS. In our present stock of men's clothing you will find a skill, care and taste displayed to an extent far beyond all previous standards.

We are always pleased to see "lookers" and just now especially so, while the assortments are full, generous and at their best. Look them over and ask questions. You may make money by it.

Swell Winter Overcoats, broad shouldered and boxy effect, $7.50, $10, $12 and $15.

Superb Heavy Overcoats, oxfords and rough effects, $10, $13.50 and $8.

Dressy Black Thibet Suits, stylish and extremely fashionable, $8, $10, $12 and $15.

Beautiful Scotch Cheviot Suits, handsome effects, correct fitting, $10, $12, $15 and $16.50.

The Manhattan.

Excellent Offerings.

in Dress Goods and Silks. There is nothing more appropriate for real nice presents than dress goods and silks. We have them.

Taffeta Silks—All the popular fall shades, extra weight, fine lustrous finish, yd..... 85c
Black Satins—the best makes, all grades..... 49c upward
Fancy Silks—for waists, new colors, extra quality, 22 in wide, waist lengths only, yd $1.25
New Umbrellas—Handkerchiefs, purses, belts, table damasks.
Dress Goods—Black henriettas, all grades..... 85c to 25c
Black Camels Hair—45 inches wide..... $1.00
Black Poplins—extra quality, fine finish..... $1.25 to 75c
Black Satin Soliels—2 grades French quality, extra high finish..... $1.25 and $1.00
Colored Dress Goods—Homespuns, serges, broad cloths, henriettas, all grades to please all. Buy Christmas goods now and avoid rush.

ORIGINATORS OF LOW PRICES.

The Fair
THE CASH STORE. SATISFACTORY STORE.

OPEN NIGHTS UNTIL 8:30.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE.

We are showing an entire new line. New suits, new overcoats, new furnishing goods, new hats and new caps.

While doing your Christmas shopping it will pay you to stop in our store.

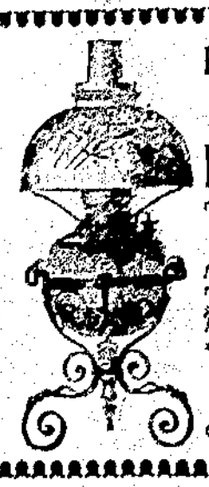
The line of men's and boys suits at $3.35, $4.98, $7.50, $8.65 and $10.00 are the best values ever offered for the money.

Our overcoats are made in the best style and trimmed in a manner that will please you. We have big values at $2.98, $4.98, $6.98, $7.50, $8.75 and $9.98.

Little boys' overcoats, ages 3 to 16, the nobby styles at $2.50, $2.75, $3.45 and $4.50. Take advantage of these bargains while the assortment is complete.

I. MARX & SONS,

113 S. Main St., Marion, Ohio.



Big Reduction in Dinner Sets and Lamps

FOR the next week we will make big reductions in the prices of Dinner Sets and Lamps. Make use of this opportunity at once. Must have more room for our holiday display.

TAKE A LOOK

In our east show window at the fancy celluloid novelties. All new patterns. A suitable gift for ladies or gentlemen. Cuff and Collar Boxes 25c to $5.00. Handkerchief Boxes, Glove Boxes, Photo Cases and scores of others that you will admire.

THE MARION BAZAR,

OPP. POSTOFFICE. W. J. GRILLS.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Annual Report

Showing the Receipts and Expenditures, with Inside Costs and Outside Relief of

THE BOARD OF INFIRMARY DIRECTORS

--OF--

MARION COUNTY, OHIO,

For the Year Ending August 31, 1900.

To the Commissioners of Marion County, Ohio:

The undersigned, Directors of the Infirmary of Marion County, in accordance with Section 907 of the Revised Statutes of Ohio, submit the following as their annual report for the year ending August 31, 1900:

On the first Monday in September, 1899, the Directors met at the Infirmary in accordance with Section 866, Revised Statutes of Ohio, and after a careful examination of the institution, found the farm in good condition, including stock and feed; buildings in good condition; inmates properly fed, clothed and otherwise properly treated and provided for. The following exhibit of expenditures is submitted:

INSIDE, SEPTEMBER, 1899.

The Tuley Star Grocery, for tea	28 25
J. G. and J. L. Leller, groceries for Infirmary	22 77
Wm. Pies, for hospital cases	13 25
Habermann's hardware, for pump and hardware	5 20
C. Breen, groceries for Infirmary	20 20
Mrs. R. L. Yake, dry goods for Infirmary	5 25
T. M. Cunningham, for plumbing	4 50
H. H. Cunningham, for meat	21 56
The Marion Department Store, for casting	1 35
A. B. McMurray, medical attendance at Infirmary	26 15
C. R. Clark, groceries for Infirmary	18 20
John Hogan, salary for August	20 00
Charles McCartney, work on farm	17 20
Wm. Hickson, work on farm	15 00
Miller Key, for 50 gallon vinegar	7 50
Lizzie Burke, for housework	13 20
Ida Price, for housework	17 20
John Hogan, for incidental expenses	6 45
Total for month	$ 356 29

INSIDE, OCTOBER, 1899.

J. C. Markert, for dishes	9 55
C. Breen, for groceries	26 17
G. Rosenberg, for boots and shoes	23 50
D. M. Odaffer, for drugs and medicines	27 88
Uhler, Phillips & Co., dry goods	25 02
J. M. Schneider, for boots and shoes	7 50
Habermann & Sharpless, for drugs and medicines	16 05
J. W. Heatley, for drugs and medicines	9 10
J. G. Leller, groceries for Infirmary	26 02
The Marion Milling and Grain company, for timothy seed	12 84
H. A. Boyd, for coal oil	7 41
Chas. McCartney, work on farm	19 00
John Hogan, salary for September	20 00
Wm. Hickson, for work on farm	15 00
John Hogan, for incidental expenses	4 05
Ida Price, for housework	12 86
Lizzie Burke, for housework	12 86
H. H. Cunningham, for meat	17 32
R. L. Yake, for dry goods	10 85
A. B. McMurray, medical attendance at Infirmary	15 00
Total for month	$ 395 41

INSIDE, NOVEMBER, 1899.

A. B. McMurray, medical attendance at Infirmary	19 25
The Marion Hedge and Wire Fence company, for 80 rods of fence	103 80
M. C. and E. Co., grinding corn	4 20
J. G. Leller, groceries for Infirmary	26 05
John Slinger, repairs wagon bed	3 50
E. C. Throckmorton, extracting teeth	1 00
J. Hood & Son, for hardware	10 24
C. Breen, for tobacco	11 60
The Marion Lumber and Coal Co., for coal	101 81
The Prendergast Lumber and Coal company, for coal	95 38
The Tuley Star grocery, for groceries	4 65
C. Martin, making 626 gallons cider	6 26
L. W. Pierson, for fish	2 01
The Larkins Soap Co., for soap	10 00
Lizzie Burke, for housework	12 86
Ida Price, for housework	17 20
Leller & Bland, for sewer pipe	42 42
Ed. Molloy, for sugar	19 17
H. H. Cunningham, for meat	2 00
St. Mary's Cemetery association, digging grave for John O'Regan	5 00
John Hogan, salary for October	10 53
John Hogan, for incidental expenses	19 00
Chas. McCartney, work on farm	18 00
Wm. Hickson, work on farm	252 20
Total for month	$

INSIDE, DECEMBER, 1899.

The Marion Hedge and Wire Fence Co., for 40 rods fence	40 00
J. D. Berry, veterinary service on cow	2 50
A. B. McMurray, medical attendance at Infirmary	23 75
D. R. Salter, for drawer and repairs	17 80
J. G. Leller, groceries for Infirmary	25 25
John H. Stoll, for shoes and repairing	15 30
Richard Horn, for warrant book	8 75
W. C. Rupp & Co., for harness	12 95
Ed. Molloy, for 325 lbs. Sugar	20 00
The Prendergast Lumber and Coal company, for coal	70 01
The Marion Lumber and Coal company, for posts	2 40
C. Breen, for tobacco	11 85
Fogleson & Dudley, repairing lawn mowers	1 25
Fred Habermann, for hardware	6 25
R. L. Yake, for dry goods	20 77
H. H. Cunningham, for meat	40 05
The Standard Oil company, for oil	5 26
The Fairbanks Construction Co., for stove castings	3 40
Chas. McCartney, work on farm	12 00
Wm. Hickson, work on farm	18 00
John Hogan, salary for November	17 00
John Hogan, incidental expenses	2 25
Lizzie Burke, for housework	12 86
Ida Price, for housework	12 86
Total for month	$ 211 91

INSIDE, JANUARY, 1900.

J. G. Leffler, groceries for Infirmary	19 28
C. H. Felty, meat for Infirmary	10 61
Warner & Edwards, for dry goods	18 20
Sidney Young, for boots and shoes	18 75
D. M. Odaffer, drugs and medicines	21 05
H. H. Cunningham, for meat	2 58
Kling & Wilson, for hardware	10 60
G. Rosenberg, for boots and shoes	21 70
Wm. Fies, funeral expenses for Martin Rice and others	58 50
L. W. Pierson, for fish	10 10
W. A. Dalls, for 29 loads manure	7 25
M. Malone, for plowshare	2 50
M. Clary, for blacksmithing	31 50
Ed. Molloy for 1 barrel A sugar	21 45
C. R. Clark, groceries for Infirmary	18 17
C. Breen, for tobacco	11 60
R. L. Yake, for dry goods	13 68
J. M. Schneider, for shoes	9 50
Ida Price, for housework	13 20
Lizzie Burke, for housework	13 20
Wm. Hickson, work on farm	15 00
Chas. McCartney, work on farm	16 80
John Hogan, salary for December	20 00
John Hogan, incidental expenses	15 25
The Fairbanks Construction Co., for stove casting	1 85
C. E. Wiles, clothing for Infirmary	3 00
The Larkins Soap Manufacturing company, for soap	10 00
Total for month	$ 274 48

INSIDE, JANUARY, 1900.

J. G. Leffler, groceries for Infirmary	19 28
C. H. Felty, meat for Infirmary	10 61
Warner & Edwards, for dry goods	18 20
Sidney Young, for boots and shoes	18 75
D. M. Odaffer, drugs and medicines	21 05
H. H. Cunningham, for meat	2 58
Kling & Wilson, for hardware	10 60
G. Rosenberg, for boots and shoes	21 70
Wm. Fies, funeral expenses for Martin Rice and others	58 50
L. W. Pierson, for fish	10 10
W. A. Dalls, for 29 loads manure	7 25
M. Malone, for plowshare	2 50
M. Clary, for blacksmithing	31 50
Ed. Molloy for 1 barrel A sugar	21 45
C. R. Clark, groceries for Infirmary	18 17
C. Breen, for tobacco	11 60
R. L. Yake, for dry goods	13 68
J. M. Schneider, for shoes	9 50
Ida Price, for housework	13 20
Lizzie Burke, for housework	13 20
Wm. Hickson, work on farm	15 00
Chas. McCartney, work on farm	16 80
John Hogan, salary for December	20 00
John Hogan, incidental expenses	15 25
The Fairbanks Construction Co., for stove casting	1 85
C. E. Wiles, clothing for Infirmary	3 00
The Larkins Soap Manufacturing company, for soap	10 00
Total for month	$ 274 48

INSIDE, FEBRUARY, 1900.

Sidney Young, for boots and shoes	5 00
John H. Stoll, for boots and shoes	15 65
Uhler, Phillips & Co., dry goods for Infirmary	75 19
J. Bluette, glass, chimneys for lamps	12 35
Mrs. R. L. Yake, dry goods for Infirmary	5 25
R. A. Balogh, for whitewash and lime	10 65
J. F. Markell, for shoes	2 25
T. M. Cunningham, for plumbing	15 50
C. Breen, for tobacco	5 00
J. G. Leffler, for coffee and groceries	22 75
Wm. Morgenthaler, for repairing and iron	12 15
Chas. Turner, for groceries	12 25
J. Hood & Son, for hardware	4 25
Mary Stalter and Markets, for clothing	12 00
Habermann & Sharpless, for drugs	13 00
The Marion Lumber and Coal Co., for coal	179 35
The Prendergast Lumber and Coal company, for coal	21 41
D. A. Frank, for dry goods	5 23
The Central feed mill, for grind ing corn	7 65
J. J. Schoephoh, for lime	13 15
C. R. Clark, groceries for Infirmary	14 90
R. W. Walker, medical attendance on Mrs. J. D. [illegible]	1 50
G. E. Engle, medical attendance on Mrs. W. H. Cleaver	2 00
H. W. Sager, medical attendance on Mrs. Charles [illegible]	2 00
R. H. Bolton, medical attendance on Mrs. [illegible]	12 00
W. H. Hinkle, medical attendance on Mrs. Jos. Brewer	2 00
J. D. Parks, medical attendance on L. C. Bowers	1 00
C. B. and H. Railroad, tickets for C. Cobb	9 55
H. W. Sager, medical attendance on Mrs. Ella Cleaver	2 00
Total for month	

OUTSIDE, DECEMBER, 1899.

C. H. V. and T. R. R., tickets to Delaware	15 00
H. Richards, general expenses for Alda Vorhees	13 75
William Crawly, relief for Mrs. Bergstedt	6 00
J. C. Pierce, medical attendance on Mrs. Lucinda Wooster, groceries for H. Richards and others	12 45
Dora Wooster, medical attendance on Mrs. Ed Cope and family	7 00
W. A. Slusser & Son, medical bill for 7 months for Matthias Stockhoff	21 00
C. Stiffler, medical attendance on Alta Lamb	12 00
Sutton, Patrick, Berry bill	1 00
G. T. Harding, medical attendance on Mrs. Henry Sipe	5 00
J. E. Holmes, medical attendance on Anthony Bess and White family	5 00
H. A. Gall, groceries for Mrs. Henry Sipe	3 75
E. Oppenheimer, clothing for Rhoads family	12 75
M. M. Dix, medical attendance on Mrs. Dodson	1 50
Wm. De Pue, care and nursing Alta Lamb	12 75
Coe Dudley, board for Elmer Pollard	1 00
Lena Hultz, care of children	3 00
John D. Evans, clothing for Mary Wheeler	3 00
H. D. Vale, dry goods for William Johnson and others	19 95
John E. King, medical attendance on T. Shindeldecker	23 25
W. A. Charter, medical attendance on Grant Essex	9 00
William Coe, funeral expenses for Pattison	23 50
S. H. Britton, medical attendance on Harry Miles	2 75
H. W. Sager, medical attendance on Harry Miles and others	5 00
W. H. Hinkle, medical attendance on R. E. Cochran	7 75
Lafayette Kiser, nursing and washing for Mary Wingfield	3 00
W. H. Hinkle, medical attendance on Harry Miles and others	12 00
The Delaware Children's Home, care of children	112 75
Grace Clark, care of Ethel Clark	3 00
Mrs. Wm. Eberhart, care of two children	4 00
Mrs. Minnie Jones, care of Ione Clark	3 00
Mrs. Maude Baker, care of Viola Millsor	3 00
Mrs. Grace Clark, care of Ethel Clark	3 00
Mrs. Emma Rogers, care of three children	6 00
Mrs. Margaret Cooper, care of Helen Gillin	4 00
Total for month	$ 329 75

OUTSIDE, OCTOBER, 1899.

A. Shuey, medical attendance on Mrs. John Prettyman	25 00
John Hanley, groceries for Michael Brecklebox	11 00
W. H. Dowell, medical attendance on Baker family and others	20 50
D. O. Weeks, medical attendance on L. R. Webb	2 50
G. T. Harding, medical attendance on Mrs. Henry Sipe	5 00
Sutton & Patrick, Berry bill	10 50
E. H. Lango, clothing for Mrs. Rankles' family	5 00
Joseph Miller, clothing for Mrs. Rankles' family	7 25
W. F. Knittle, clothing for Harry Kiler and others	10 85
R. A. Glick, clothing for Harry Kiler and others	12 25
Jay Spaulding, ticket for tramp at Fairfax	1 75
M. H. Bain, shoes for Woodmansee	2 00
N. Sifritt, medical attendance on Alta Lamb	8 75
Wilson McMurray, medical attendance on Mrs. Thomas Davis and others	31 00
Court & Schneider, groceries for Mrs. Stalter and others	18 21
W. H. Dowell, medical attendance on Martin Mahle's boy	5 00
R. H. Pinebrook, medical attendance on wife, Archie Alnett and others	31 25
John W. and James W. McMurray, medical attendance on Amanda Alexander	6 00
J. W. Bradley, medicine for outside families	11 15
Mrs. Ruth Wilson, care of Mary Wagner	2 00
The Delaware Children's Home, care of children	137 15
Louisa Warner, care of five children	5 00
Harriet Mumford, care of Wayne Breece	7 50
Margaret Cooper, care of Helen Gillin	4 00
Mary Baker, care of Viola Millsor	7 50
Mrs. Bingham Allen, for relief	4 00
Mrs. Harriet Mumford, care of Wayne Breece	7 50
Mrs. Margaret Cooper, care of Helen Gillin	4 00
Mrs. Clara Clark, care of four children	7 50
Mrs. Minnie Jones, care of Ione Clark	7 50
Mrs. Maude Baker, care of Viola Millsor	7 50
Mrs. Grace Clark, care of Ethel Clark	3 00
Mrs. Emma Rogers, care of three children	6 00
Mrs. Wm. Eberhart, care of two children	4 00
Mrs. Minnie Jones, care of Ione Clark	3 00
Mrs. Maude Baker, care of Viola Millsor	3 00
Mrs. Grace Clark, care of Ethel Clark	3 00
Mrs. Emma Rogers, care of three children	6 00
Mrs. Margaret Cooper, care of Helen Gillin	4 00
Mrs. Patrick O'Day, nursing Ella Jewell	2 50
M. H. Bain, shoes for Woodmansee	2 00
Sutton, Patrick, Berry bill	10 00
Mrs. Margaret Cooper, care of Helen Gillin	4 00
Mrs. Emma Rogers, care of three children	6 00
Total for month	$ 579 93

OUTSIDE, DECEMBER, 1899.

The Morrow county infirmary directors, care of Joseph Latham	20 00
C. Merkle, groceries for H. Sipes	2 00
G. T. Harding, medical attendance on Mrs. Henry Sipes and others	12 25
Dana C. Weeks, medical attendance on William Sherl	10 00
George W. Blair, groceries for J. O. Cooper and others	12 25
Ullman & Irwin, groceries for Jane Slaughter's children	2 00
T. F. Lamberson, groceries for Mrs. Smith	2 85
W. A. Charter, medical attendance on Grant Essex family and others	30 00
A. B. McMurray, medical attendance on Mrs. Dodson	2 50
J. D. Peters, care of J. O. Cooper	6 00
H. Kepner, groceries for Mrs. John Mercer	2 00
J. D. Cooper, medical attendance on J. O. Cooper and others	11 25
C. S. and H. Railway, tickets for Mrs. Hathaway	1 65
M. M. Dix, medical attendance on Mrs. Dodson	2 50
H. L. Schultz & Bro., groceries for George Crampton and others	8 00
J. C. Virdain, medical attendance on Mrs. Elizabeth Osborn	7 25
N. Sifritt, medical attendance on Alta Lamb	8 25
Court & Schneider, groceries for Mrs. Stalter and others	18 21
J. H. Petrell, medical attendance on Orrel Cramer	7 00
G. T. Harding, medical attendance on Grant Essex and others	32 25
George Bain, groceries for Grant Essex, Rodman and others	13 65
C. Hagemann, groceries for Grant Pinch and Scott	7 00
C. Merkle, groceries for William Waterman	9 00
C. Merkle, groceries for James Crandell	5 00
Court & Schneider, groceries for Mrs. Lucinda Wooster	15 28
Zeuman & Myers, groceries for Jacob Mack	5 00
W. A. Charter, medical attendance on George Henderson and others	20 00
M. M. Dix, medical attendance on Mrs. Dodson	2 50
H. Pinckney, groceries for Mrs. Dodson	2 50
D. Parrott, medical attendance on Mrs. Wilbert Evans	6 50
H. C. Evans, groceries for Mrs. Evans and others	21 25
Kling Hardware, clothing for J. Mack	7 00
W. H. Foster, for fence boards	20 25
J. G. Miller, medical attendance on Mrs. Lester	4 50
C. L. Schultz Bros., groceries for Elizabeth Adams	22 50
Agnes Wilson McMurray, medical attendance on Grant Essex	5 00
C. A. L. Margaret, funeral expenses for Martin Mack, child	7 50
H. V. and T. R. R., tickets to Delaware	15 00
Mrs. Mary Dugan, care of Jane Sullivan	3 00
The Delaware Children's Home, care of children	105 50
Louisa Warner, care of five children	5 00
Mrs. Margaret Cooper, care of Helen Gillin	4 00
Mrs. Patrick O'Day, nursing Ella Jewell	2 50
M. H. Bain, shoes for Woodmansee	2 00
Sutton, Patrick, Berry bill	10 00
Grace Clark, care of Ethel Clark	3 00
Mrs. Wm. Eberhart, care of two children	4 00
Mrs. Minnie Jones, care of Ione Clark	3 00
Emma Rogers, care of three children	6 00
Mrs. Grace Clark, care of Ethel Clark	3 00
Mrs. Wm. Eberhart, care of two children	4 00
Mrs. Minnie Jones, care of Ione Clark	3 00
Mrs. Maude Baker, care of Viola Millsor	3 00
Mrs. Bingham Allen, for relief	4 00
Mrs. Margaret Cooper, care of Helen Gillin	4 00
Mrs. Patrick O'Day, nursing Ella Jewell	2 50
M. H. Bain, shoes for Woodmansee	2 00
Sutton, Patrick, Berry bill	10 00
Total for month	$ 529 75

OUTSIDE, JANUARY, 1900.

J. E. Holmes, medical attendance on Jonathon Cummins	3 00
Sutton & Patrick, Berry bill of L. Rice	3 25
D. O. Weeks, medical attendance on Nelly Snyder	8 75
A. S. Somerlot & Co., groceries for Dollie Clarke	1 60
C. W. Reddy, dry goods for Grant and Annie	8 50
S. W. Maddox, medical attendance on Elizabeth Van Buskark	2 00
S. W. Hosser, medical attendance on sick cattle	75
A. Cohen, clothing for Shade Monk and family	9 75
J. H. Petrell, medical attendance on Orrel Cramer	7 00
G. T. Harding, medical attendance on Grant Essex and others	32 25
George Bain, groceries for Grant Essex, Rodman and others	13 65
C. Hagemann, groceries for Grant Pinch and Scott	7 00
C. Merkle, groceries for William Waterman	9 00
C. Merkle, groceries for James Crandell	5 00
Court & Schneider, groceries for Mrs. Lucinda Wooster	15 28
Zeuman & Myers, groceries for Jacob Mack	5 00
W. A. Charter, medical attendance on George Henderson and others	20 00
M. M. Dix, medical attendance on Mrs. Dodson	2 50
H. Pinckney, groceries for Mrs. Dodson	2 50
D. Parrott, medical attendance on Mrs. Wilbert Evans	6 50
H. C. Evans, groceries for Mrs. Evans and others	21 25
Kling Hardware, clothing for J. Mack	7 00
W. H. Foster, for fence boards	20 25
J. G. Miller, medical attendance on Mrs. Lester	4 50
C. L. Schultz Bros., groceries for Elizabeth Adams	22 50
Agnes Wilson McMurray, medical attendance on Grant Essex	5 00
C. A. L. Margaret, funeral expenses for Martin Mack, child	7 50
H. V. and T. R. R., tickets to Delaware	15 00
Mrs. Mary Dugan, care of Jane Sullivan	3 00
The Delaware Children's Home, care of children	105 50
Louisa Warner, care of five children	5 00
Mrs. Margaret Cooper, care of Helen Gillin	4 00
Mrs. Patrick O'Day, nursing Ella Jewell	2 50
M. H. Bain, shoes for Woodmansee	2 00
Sutton, Patrick, Berry bill	10 00
Grace Clark, care of Ethel Clark	3 00
Mrs. Wm. Eberhart, care of two children	4 00
Mrs. Minnie Jones, care of Ione Clark	3 00
Mrs. Maude Baker, care of Viola Millsor	3 00
Mrs. Grace Clark, care of Ethel Clark	3 00
Mrs. Emma Rogers, care of three children	6 00
Mrs. Margaret Cooper, care of Helen Gillin	4 00
Mrs. Patrick O'Day, nursing Ella Jewell	2 50
M. H. Bain, shoes for Woodmansee	2 00
Sutton, Patrick, Berry bill	10 00
Total for month	$ 349 85

OUTSIDE, JANUARY, 1900.

J. E. Holmes, medical attendance on Jonathon Cummins	3 00
Sutton & Patrick, Berry bill of L. Rice	3 25
D. O. Weeks, medical attendance on Nelly Snyder	8 75
A. S. Somerlot & Co., groceries for Dollie Clarke	1 60
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C. L. Schultz Bros., groceries for Elizabeth Adams	22 50
Agnes Wilson McMurray, medical attendance on Grant Essex	5 00
C. A. L. Margaret, funeral expenses for Martin Mack, child	7 50
H. V. and T. R. R., tickets to Delaware	15 00
Mrs. Mary Dugan, care of Jane Sullivan	3 00
The Delaware Children's Home, care of children	105 50
Louisa Warner, care of five children	5

Stocked for pasture.
Repair, Incidental expenses.
Horse, superintendent.
Hours work on farm.
Hours work in garden.
Hours work in orchard.
Hours work in dairy.
Hours work in stock barn.
Hours work in sheep barn.
Hours work in piggery.
Hours work in poultry house.
Hours work in fruit house.
Hours work in ice house.
Hours work in implement house.
Hours work in blacksmith shop.
Hours work in paint shop.
Hours work in repair shop.
Hours work in engine house.
Hours work in boiler house.
Hours work in pump house.
Hours work in tank house.
Hours work in windmill house.
Hours work in gas house.
Hours work in electric light house.
Hours work in telephone house.
Hours work in telegraph house.
Hours work in fire department.
Hours work in police department.
Hours work in sanitary department.
Hours work in health department.
Hours work in charity department.
Hours work in correction department.
Hours work in education department.
Hours work in library department.
Hours work in museum department.
Hours work in art department.
Hours work in music department.
Hours work in theatre department.
Hours work in circus department.
Hours work in menagerie department.
Hours work in aquarium department.
Hours work in zoological department.
Hours work in botanical department.
Hours work in geological department.
Hours work in mineralogical department.
Hours work in chemical department.
Hours work in physical department.
Hours work in astronomical department.
Hours work in meteorological department.
Hours work in seismological department.
Hours work in volcanological department.
Hours work in glaciological department.
Hours work in oceanographical department.
Hours work in hydrographical department.
Hours work in topographical department.
Hours work in cartographical department.
Hours work in geographical department.
Hours work in ethnological department.
Hours work in anthropological department.
Hours work in archaeological department.
Hours work in paleontological department.
Hours work in zoological department.
Hours work in botanical department.
Hours work in geological department.
Hours work in mineralogical department.
Hours work in chemical department.
Hours work in physical department.
Hours work in astronomical department.
Hours work in meteorological department.
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Hours work in volcanological department.
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Hours work in hydrographical department.
Hours work in topographical department.
Hours work in cartographical department.
Hours work in geographical department.
Hours work in ethnological department.
Hours work in anthropological department.
Hours work in archaeological department.
Hours work in paleontological department.

THEIR DECISIONS

Are Reserved by the County Commissioners in the Matter of the Doyle Road.

TO BE DECIDED THE FIFTEENTH

The Commissioners Do Not Yet See Their Way Clear To Buying a Laundry for the County Infirmary—A Ditch Hearing—Commissioners To Inspect a Pike.

The county commissioners had a busy session on Wednesday afternoon. No decision was reached in the matter of the two Doyle road in Scott township or on the petition of the Jessup road in Dowling down township. Both decisions will be given the 15th of this month.

The infirmary directors were present at this meeting with a report that the commissioners buy a laundry for the infirmary. A travelling representative of a laundry manufacturing company was also there for the commissioners to hand down the proposition to buy. A plant may be purchased at some later day but not for a time at least.

Thursday was the quarterly session. It was a busy day and about the only matter attended to was the allowing of claims for the repairing of the various county piles during the past three months.

Friday the commissioners will have a hearing on the petition to build a ditch in Big Island township to be known as the Baker ditch.

Saturday they will view the ditch now in the northwestern portion of the county for the purpose of accepting it. There is little doubt, but that the road will be accepted, as it has been excellently builded and is one of the best constructed piles in the county. The commissioners have to pass it before and at that time everything was in first class condition.

When the snow flies think of the fancy cutter you can buy of Houghton Buggy Co. for $17.50. Runner attachments for Cutters at $6.75 per set of four. So sh sh to you from $27.50 will buy first class of Sleigh Stock at the Highest Buggy Co., Marion, Ohio. 25-wk

WINTER TERM

Of School Begun at Gurley—Notes of the Vicinity.

Gurley, Dec. 7.—Miss Susie Rans of Leipsic commenced teaching the winter term of school at this place Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Reardon were the guests of Wm. Black at Marion Sunday.

The Ohio Teachers' Reading circle met this evening at the Harriman school house. It holds meetings every two weeks and the sessions have been well attended and interesting.

Samuel Stiffler moved his household goods from Gurley to Edgville this week.

N. Simon has purchased Mr. Stiffler's farm and will move there soon.

Howard Horn of Marion visited friends here Sunday.

S. J. Duke visited relatives here Wednesday.

Calvin Thomas has purchased Peter Kaufman's farm and will take possession in the spring.

Ira Reardon is attending the High school at Ashley. Superintendent Stull is meeting with Gurley's success as a teacher at that place.

J. B. Reed is in receipt of some fine cattle.

John Poor has been sent to Harrod, to take charge of the telephone office at that place.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Cooper visited relatives north of Marion Saturday and Sunday.

ANOTHER WAREHOUSE

May Be Erected in the Spring by the Huber People.

The Huber Manufacturing company has begun work on a new style of traction engine. These engines are twenty-five horsepower, the largest ever manufactured by the company. The first engine is now being manufactured and will be ready for the market for the spring trade. There is already a large demand for this class of machines, and the makers will find a ready market as rapidly as they can be constructed.

It is quite likely that another warehouse will be erected in the spring. The officers of the company are now considering the advisability of making such an addition. The site for the proposed structure will be at the east end of the premises occupied by the plant.

AT GALION

The Four-Year-Old Daughter of David Shuey is Drowned.

Galion, O., Dec. 5.—Florence, the four-year old daughter of David Shuey, was drowned in a cistern Wednesday. A walk was constructed over the cistern and while walking over it the plank which was rotten, gave way. She was precipitated into the water, and was beyond aid when found.

Sleighs, Sleighs, Cutters

Until you can't rest. 50 fancy Swells and Portlands to pick from; only cost $17.50 and $19.50, respectively. Runner attachments to put on buggies at $6.75 per set of four. Everything new, fancy painted and trimmed.

The Houghton Buggy Co., Marion, O. 25-wk-12

INVENTORY.

Number of Inventory Sheets.
EXPENDITURES.
PROVISIONS.
GROCERIES AND SUPPLIES.
CURRENT EXPENSES.
FARM AND GARDEN.
SALARIES.
RECEIPTS.
STATISTICAL REPORT.
POPULATION.
EXTRAORDINARY EXPENSES.
OUT-DOOR RELIEF.
CAUSES OF PAUPERISM.

E. FINSTENBOSCH,
J. A. BAER,
W. J. TIBBATT,
Infirmary Directors.

A Narrow Escape.

Daniel Clifton, a well known Big Island township farmer, was buried in a trench by a cave-in on the Uncapher farm west of the city Wednesday. The farmer was quickly dug out by the other workmen, and escaped with a few slight cuts and bruises.

The best of all pills are Beecham's.

JURORS DRAWN

For the Trial of the Utter-Commissioners Matter.

In the matter of Maria G. Utter and others against the commissioners and others, in probate court, a jury was drawn Thursday to try the matter when Probate Judge Dorr and Clerk Bell were present. The matter in which the N. Y. C. and O. are named as the principal plaintiff, it claims to have been damaged by the construction of the Utter-Lewis ditch. The matter went from probate to common pleas court some time ago and from there to the supreme court, being remanded to the probate court again.

The following is a list of the jurors drawn for the term of Tuesday:

A. Sherman, Pleasant township; S. H. Bell, city, Wm. Sayder, Pleasant; E. Fish, Wm. Snyder, Pleasant; Charles Mattocks, Pleasant; David Mc-Dermott, Pleasant; Patrick Walsh, city; W. J. H. Kennedy, Big Island; Silas C. Gorsuch, Waldo; A. P. Montgomery, city; F. W. Wyse, Marion; Casper Baldwin, Marion; Jacob Bachus, Marion; James Roy, city; Samuel Lantz, city; Moses Pence, city; John P. Lesher, Pleasant, ward.

TRULY REMARKABLE

Is a Surgical Operation Performed on Miss Rockefeller.

[illegible] Dec. 6.—A [illegible] Vienna to-day reports the [illegible] of a surgical operation performed on Miss Rockefeller, daughter of John D. Rockefeller. Miss Rockefeller had been afflicted with diabetes for some time and went to Vienna in order to secure the most skillful physicians. It is said that the operation was successful and that Miss Rockefeller is now in a fair way to recovery. It is also said that Miss Rockefeller's decision to undergo the operation was reached only after consultation with physicians in this country, who had declared that the operation would be necessary. The operation was performed by Dr. A. E. Senn, of Chicago, assisted by Dr. Frederick Lange, of Cleveland, and Dr. Ochsner, of Chicago. Miss Rockefeller's condition is reported as very favorable.

A LOAN MADE.

The East Sanatorium Will Probably Be Soon Finished.

J. F. Gee, E. M. Stewart, Albert Johns and C. Newcomer, who were in Beverly Wednesday in the interests of the East Sanatorium at Pennsylvania, have returned home to raise the funds that will be donated by the citizens of Pennsylvania. The gentlemen made arrangements to make a loan while in this city, but it was not quite as large as they anticipated.

Within the week the entire matter will be settled.

MINISTER IS IN IT

Eliat G. Bevis of Prospect Asks for a Decree of Divorce from His Wife, Jennie.

HE SAYS SHE HAS DESERTED HIM

He Has Erected Two Houses To Please Her, but All This Outlay Is of No Avail—She Prefers to Remain Away from Him and Enjoy the Company of Others.

Eliat G. Bevis by H. H. Bell, his attorney, filed in the common pleas court on Wednesday a petition for divorce from his wife, Jennie V. Bevis, the petitioner in the suit, alleges that on August 13, 1896 [illegible] and that on the 20th of [illegible] 1900 [illegible] without any cause [illegible] and that she has since that time refused to live with him. He says that he has always been kind to her and has done all in his power to please her, but that she has deserted him without any cause. He says that he has erected two houses for the purpose of pleasing her, but that she would not live in them. He says that he would be willing to live with her again if she would return, but that she refuses to do so. He asks for a decree of divorce.

Bert Schreiber by C. C. Baker, Marion, Wednesday, a boy. Mother and child doing well.

AT EPWORTH PARSONAGE

Mr. Harry C. Braun and Miss Sawyer Are Married.

[illegible] Harry C. Braun and Miss Clara Sawyer were married at the Epworth parsonage by Dr. A. E. Sowers, the latter being a cousin of the bride. They were accompanied by [illegible] who witnessed the ceremony. The groom is employed at the McMaster & Beaty works and the bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] Sawyer. Both are very worthy young people. They will make their home on North Main street.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Quincy Evans at their home in North Marion Sunday.

VERY GOOD WORK

Is Being Done by the Ohio Live Stock Protective Association.

The first annual session of the Grand Lodge of the Ohio Live Stock Protective association was held in Columbus Tuesday and Wednesday. This organization has a representation in the northern part of Marion county, and [illegible] Tuesday.

The [illegible] has been [illegible] protection and for [illegible] the cattle and [illegible] Ohio. [illegible] Marion has been [illegible] the [illegible] Marion [illegible] Mr. [illegible] Mr. [illegible] Mr.

THE UHLER & PHILLIPS STORE.

Thousands of Useful and Beautiful Articles Appropriate for Holiday Gifts.

Now for an enormous December business. We have made extra preparations to make this month show a liberal increase over the immense business of a year ago. The holiday stocks are more expensive, greater in variety and choicer in selection. In the useful, practical articles this store offers you the most attractive stocks. It will be a carnival of special sales in every department throughout the holidays.

Great Price Reductions on All of Our Women's Ready-to-Wear Garments.

We include in this sweeping reduction sale the most popular selling garments of the season in Suits, Furs, Coats, Jackets, Dress and Walking Skirts, Silk and Wool Waists. These reductions coming at this time make this the most advantageous purchasing opportunity of the year.

CLOAKS AND SUITS.

$5.00 For choice of 25 handsome Short Jackets in plain and rough goods, black and colors. Garments that sold high as $12.50, all sizes in the lot, and it will be well to come early for preferred choice.

$7.50 For $12.50 and $15.00 stylish Short Jackets, rough and smooth cloths, black and colors, all lined with silk serge or satin, beautiful goods.

$10.00 For the most popular line of English Box Coats and stylish Short Jackets shown this season—rough and smooth cloths—colors, black, blue, castor, tan and red—all perfectly tailored and lined with Skinner's guaranteed satins.

$5.00 For Salt's Seal Plush Capes, 28 inches long, with full sweep, handsomely embroidered—collar and fronts edged with marten fur—capes lined with satin rhadame.

$15.00 For 54-inch Automobile Coats in Irish Frieze and Cheviots, colors, black, castor and gray, storm collars, all lined throughout with good quality satin, correctly tailored, the greatest value offered this season.

Suits—Lot No. 1

AT **$10.00** All our tight-fitting and reefer suits worth and sold all the season at $15.00 and $12.50, put together in one lot, consisting of cheviots, homespuns and venetian cloths, black and colors.

Suits—Lot No. 2

AT **$15.00** All of our Russian blouse, tight fitting and Etons suits, which have sold at $20 and $22.50, fine assortment of materials and colors—jackets all silk lined skirts with inverted plaits, in blacks and correct flare at bottom.

Suits—Lot No. 3

AT **$20.00** Suits in this lot worth $30.00 and upward—all this season's most popular styles, all made in the latest styles, perfectly tailored, rough and smooth cloths, black and colors.

$10.00 Box Coats in ladies' and misses' in castor, tan, black and navy Kersey cloth, silk serge lined, beautiful goods, perfect fitting, $12.50 garments.

$5.00 Misses' and children's box coats both plain and with capes, some braided in red, castor, tan, marine blue, in sizes from 4 to 14 years, goods that are truly worth $7.50.

Pedestrienne Skirts.

New stylish skirts in black, gray and blue, with flaring flounce at foot, gored, inverted plaits in back and tailor-made—$12.50 value for **$7.50**

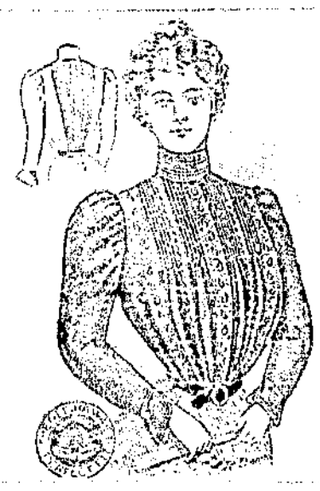
Dress Skirts of fine black cheviot, beautifully made, seven gore, inverted plait and back **$5.00**

WALKING SKIRTS

Made from plaid back, venetian cloth, extra heavy, with the proper flare at bottom, in castor, gray, black and brown, well finished, a $12.50 article, our special holiday price **$8.50**

SILK WAISTS

$5.00 Taffeta Silk Waists in black, old rose, castor, cardinal and marine blue, made with solid clusters of tucks and row after row of hemstitching, finished with small buttons, scallops and loops, they are truly wonderful, sizes from 32 to 44.



Wool Waists.

$1.00 All Wool Waists, half lined, trimmed with gold buttons, perfect fitting and a real bargain, colors are red, navy, cardinal and black.

$2.00 Fancy Flannel Waists with polka dot, lined throughout, trimmed with gold buttons, well finished, perfect fitting, all colors and black.

SATIN WAISTS.

$5.00 Skinner's Satin Waists. The material in Skinner's Satin Waists is guaranteed for two seasons, hence no risk to the customer. Colors are gray, cardinal, marine blue and black. They are made with tucks, plaits and with cording, and are perfect fitting, sizes from 32 to 44.

FURS! FURS! FURS!

Furs Are Always Attractive for Christmas Presents.

$2.00 Cluster Scarfs, Electric Seal, full size, with bushy Fox Tails.

$3.00 For Near Seal Scarfs, full size, full length, with eight bushy Fox Tails.

$5.00 Brazilian Beaver Cluster Scarfs with eight large stone Marten Tails, formerly sold at $7.50.

$5.00 For real Marten Cluster Scarfs with large Fox Tails formerly $7.50

$7.50 For real Marten Cluster Scarfs, full size, real Marten Tails extra large. Marten is always one of the choice furs, formerly $12.50.

$25.00 Electric Seal Jackets lined with Skinner satin, 22 inches long, former price $40.00.

$35.00 Near Seal Jacket, Skinner's Satin lining, well finished a beautiful coat in every particular, formerly $50.00.

$40.00 For Combination Near Seal Jackets. The combinations are Beaver, Marten and Persian, perfect fitting, wonderful value at the price, formerly $50.00.

LADIES' WRAPPERS.

CORSETINE, the latest and newest thing in wrappers. The latest improvement in a wrapper lining, supports the form and gives perfect shape without the aid of any other corset. Clasps in front like an ordinary corset can be detached when the garment is washed, made full, plenty of room. Price, $2.98 to : : : : : : **$1.25**

$1.00 FLEECE LINED WRAPPERS, handsome patterns, trimmed with braid, made with flounce, cut full over hips, perfect fitting, a regular $1.25 article.

Dress Goods.

A mighty stock of Dress Goods that no lady can afford to overlook when in search of style or reliable quality. Special inducements are offered to do your Christmas buying of Dress Goods at this store.

Black Dress Goods.

Special Christmas showing of those reliable qualities in Black Dress Goods that are a credit to us to sell and profitable for any customer to buy. We know the value is in anything quoted and in many instances a saving.

48 inch all-wool Cheviots, all shrunk and sponged, a regular 75c quality, at **50c**

54 inch all-wool fine wale Cheviots, medium weight for winter and spring wear **75c**

Satin finished Prunella cloth and Soliels, guaranteed not to water spot or rough **$1.00**

Double-warp Poplins, Armure cloths, Soliels, Camel's Hair, Cheviots, extra fine and extra wide **$1.25**

Colored Dress Goods.

This has been our greatest selling season on Colored Dress Goods. Nothing has been left undone to make the month of December exceed any previous month's business in the Dress Goods stock. Prices are materially reduced.

Double-faced heavy Dress Goods in the mixtures, plaid on one side, suitable for rainy day skirts, **45c**

Shrunk and sponged Cheviots in all the good mixed colorings, extra heavy, at **50c**

$1.00 and $1.25 Dress Goods in exclusive patterns, about 20 patterns, all desirable, to close out ... **75c**

54 inch wide Cheviots and Zibilines in the new shades of Brown, Blue, Green, Gray, Automobile and Cadet; shrunk, sponged, worth $1.25 yd. now **$1.00**

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Part Two.. MARION WEEKLY STAR. Pages 9-16

VOL. XVI. NO. 28 MARION, OHIO, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1900. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

NEEDS OF LAND

President McKinley Monday Transmits to Congress His Message Dwelling Upon Measures of Importance for Its Careful Consideration.

DOCUMENT IS A VERY FORCEFUL ONE

The Chinese Problem Appears to the President To Be the Dominant One in Foreign Affairs---His Suggestions Are Able---Adverse to Dismemberment of China.

EVENT OF PROTRACTED DIVERGENCY OF VIEWS

Mr. McKinley Recommends That the Entire Matter Be Relegated to The Hague Court of Arbitration---Felicitates the Nation That the Country Is at Peace with All Other Powers---Our Obligations to the Filipinos---His Suggestion for a Re-Organized Army and an Increased Navy---Financial Status of the Government Justifies a Reduction of the War Revenue Tax---Nicaraguan Canal---Reference to a Merchant Marine---Pensions and Other Matters.

Washington Dec. 3.—At the close of the nineteenth century, and the assembling of congress for a session that will inaugurate the new century, the president in his annual message takes a brief retrospective glance at the developments of an hundred years in the history of this nation before launching on a discussion of questions of state. President McKinley's message goes into details in all important affairs. The document follows:

THE MESSAGE.

To the Senate and House of Representatives: At the outgoing of the old and the incoming of the new century you begin the last session of the Fifty-sixth congress with evidences on every hand of material and national prosperity and of growing strength and increased power for the good of republican institutions. Your countrymen will not fail to felicitate you that American valor and love of country have greatly established the national credit, and that love for it and the determination to preserve it are more manifest at any former period of our history.

The republic was never so strong, her people never so sincerely entrenched in the affections of the people as now. The constitution, with few amendments, exists as it left the hands of its authors. The additions which have been made to it proclaim increased freedom and more extended citizenship. Local self-government has demonstrated during the full years of trial here its stability and efficiency as the best instrument for the development and the best safeguard of human rights.

When the Sixth congress assembled in this city here the population of the United States was 5,308,483. It is now nearly 76 millions. Then our territory consisted of 919,770 square miles. It is now 3,846,000 square miles. Education, religion and thrift have kept pace with our advancement in other directions and while extending the government has adhered to the foundation principles and abated no jot of its strength in dealing with our peoples in the dependencies. A nation so preserved and so favored gives reverent thanks to God for His goodness and the continuance of His care and favor.

In our foreign intercourse the dominant feature has been the treatment of the Chinese problem. Apart from this our relations with the powers have been happy.

CHINESE PROBLEM.

Nature of the Imbroglio From the Beginning.

The troubles in China spring from the foreign activities which for the last half century have gained strength in the maritime provinces. Their origin lies in the character of the Chinese races, the traditions of their government, their seclusion and the opening of their ports to foreign trade and settlement alike the homogeneity and the solidarity of China.

The foreign activity made itself felt not alone on the coast, but by the great river arteries and in the interior districts, carrying new ideas and creating new associations among a people which had pursued for ages a national policy of isolation. The railway spreading and the steamers plying on their waters, the merchant and the missionary year by year farther to the interior to the Chinese mind types of invasion, changing the course of internal life and trampling with unwitting acts of disorder to their beliefs self-contained.

Time forces before the present troubles the question of foreign diplomacy, moral demonstrations of the force of fleets and arms have been the prospect of treaty powers to obtain satisfaction for outrages by the authorities for the spoliation upon the persons and property of their subjects, which from time to time occurred at widely separated points in the interior provinces, as in the case of the massacres in Szechuan and Shansi, the outbreak of anti-foreign placards becoming a daily occurrence, which the repeated reprobation of the imperial power failed to check or punish. These inflammatory appeals to the ignorance and superstition of the masses, mendacious and absurd in their accusations and deeply hostile in their spirit, could not but work cumulative harm. They aimed at no particular class of foreigners; they were impartial in attacking everything foreign.

An outbreak in Shan Tung, in which German missionaries were slain was the too natural result of these malevolent teachings. The posting of seditious placards, exhorting to the utter destruction of foreigners and of every foreign thing, continued unchecked. Hostile demonstrations toward the strangers gained strength by organization.

The sect, commonly styled the Boxers, developed greatly in the provinces north of the Yang tse, and with the collusion of many notable officials, including some in the immediate councils of the throne itself, became alarmingly aggressive. No foreigners life, outside of the protected treaty ports, was safe. No foreign interest was secured from spoliation.

The diplomatic representatives of the powers in Peking strove in vain to check this movement. Protest was followed by demand and demand by renewed protest, to be met with performatory edicts from the palace and evasive and futile assurances from the young Emperor. The cycle of the Boxer influence narrowed about Peking, and while nominally stimulated as soothing, it was felt that its spirit pervaded the capitol itself, that the imperial forces were imbued with its doctrines, and that the immediate counselors of the empress dowager were in full sympathy with the anti-foreign movement.

The increasing gravity of the conflict in China and the imminence of peril to our own diversified interests in the empire, as well as to those of all the other treaty governments, were soon appreciated by this government, causing it profound solicitude. The United States from the earliest of foreign intercourse with China had followed a policy of peace, omitting no occasions to testify good will, to further the extensions of lawful trade, to respect the sovereignty of its government, and to insure by all legitimate and kindly but earnest means the fullest measure of protection for the lives and property of our law-abiding citizens and for the exercise of their benefficent callings among the Chinese people.

The Open Door.

Mindful of this it was felt to be appropriate that our purposes should be pronounced in favor of such course as would hasten united action of the powers at Peking to promote the administrative reforms so greatly needed for strengthening the imperial government and maintaining the integrity of China, in which we believed the whole western world to be alike concerned. To these ends I caused to be addressed to the several powers occupying territory and maintaining spheres of influence in China the circular proposals of 1899, inviting from them declarations of their intentions and views as to the desirability of the adoption of measures insuring the benefits of equality of treatment of all foreign trade throughout China.

With gratifying unanimity the responses coincided in this common policy, enabling me to see in the successful termination of these negotiations proof of the friendly spirit which animates the various powers interested in the untrammeled development of commerce and industry in the Chinese empire as a source of vast benefit to the whole commercial world.

In this conclusion, which I had the gratification to announce as a completed engagement to the interested powers March 20, 1900, I hopefully discerned a potential factor for the abatement of the distrust of foreign purposes which for a year past had appeared to inspire the policy of the Imperial government, and for the effective exertion by it of power and authority to quell the critical anti-foreign movement in the northern provinces most immediately influenced by the Manchu sentiment.

Seeking to testify confidence in the willingness of the Imperial administration to redress the wrongs and prevent the dangers we suffered and feared, the marine guard, which had been sent to Peking in autumn of 1900 for the protection of legation, was withdrawn at the earliest practicable moment, and all pending questions were remitted, as far as we were concerned, to the ordinary resort to the diplomatic intercourse.

Boxer Uprising.

The Chinese government proved, however, unable to check the rising strength of the Boxers and appeared to be a party to internal dissensions. In the marginal edicts the anti-foreign influences soon gained the ascendency under the leadership of Prince Tuan. Organized armies of Boxers, with which the regular forces officials, held the country between Peking and the coast, penetrated into Manchuria up to the Russian border, and throughout their successive threatened a like rising throughout northern China. Attacks upon foreigners, destruction of their property and slaughter of native converts were reported from all sides. The Tsung Li Yamen, already permeated with hostile sympathies, could make no effective response to the appeals of the legations. At this critical juncture, in the early spring of the year, a proposal was made by the other powers that a combined fleet should be assembled in Chinese waters as a moral demonstration, under cover of which to exact of the Chinese government respect for foreign treaty rights and the suppression of the Boxers. The United States, while not participating in the joint demonstration, promptly withdrew from the Philippines all the ships that could be spared from service on the Chinese coast. A small force of marines was landed at Taku and sent to Peking for the protection of the American legation. Other powers took similar action, until some 400 men were assembled in the capital as legation guards.

Still the peril increased. The legations reported the development of the seditious movement in Peking and the need of increased provision for defense against it. While preparations were in progress for a larger expedition, to strengthen the legation guards and keep the railroad open, an attempt of the foreign ships to make a landing at Taku was met by fire from the Chinese forts. The forts were then shelled by the foreign vessels, the American admiral failing to part in the attack, on the ground that we were not at war with China, and that a hostile demonstration might consolidate the anti-foreign elements and strengthen the Boxers to oppose the relieving column. Two days later the Taku forts were captured after a sanguinary conflict. Severance of communication with Peking followed, and a combined force of additional guards, which was advancing to Peking by the Pei Ho, was checked at Lang Fang. The isolation of the legations was complete.

The siege and the relief of the legations have passed into ensuing history. In all the stirring chapters which records the heroism of the invested band, clinging to hope in the face of despair, and the undaunted spirit that led to their relief through battle and suffering to the goal, it is a matter of which my countrymen may be justly proud that the honor of our flag was maintained alike in the siege and in the sturdy and ever ready American hearts responded as one man, in fervent exultation with the cry of relief from sister nations, the indomitable courage that ever strives for the cause of right and justice.

Legations Besieged.

By June 19 the legations were cut off. An identical note from the powers ordered each minister to leave Peking, under a promised escort, within 24 hours. To gain time they replied, asking prolongation of the time, which was afterwards granted, and offering an interview with the Tsung Li Yamen on the following day. No reply being received on the morning of the 20th the German minister, Baron Von Ketteler, set out for the Yamen to obtain a response, and on the way was murdered.

An attempt by the Spanish guard to recover his body was foiled by the Chinese. Armed forces turned out against the legations. Their quarters were surrounded and attacked. The mission compounds were abandoned. Their inmates took refuge in the British legation, where all the other legations and guards gathered for more effective defense. Four hundred persons were crowded into its narrow compass. Two thousand native converts were assembled in nearby palace under the protection of the foreigners' lines of defense.

CONTINUED ON PAGE TEN.

IT CONVENES

Both Bodies of Congress Called to Order Monday

JUST AT NOON HOUR

Fifteen Minutes Later Senate Recesses for Forty Minutes.

A SECOND RECESS IS TAKEN

The Committee Not Having Returned from the Call Made on the President.

AFTER ROLL CALL IN THE HOUSE

That Body Recesses Until Two O'Clock To Await the Receipt of the Message from the President. It Finally Arrives---Scenes in and About the Two Chambers Before the Failing of the Officers' Gavels.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The opening of congress, scheduled began to attract the sightseers as early as 9 o'clock this morning, when a few stragglers took front seats in the house galleries to be sure that no incident of interest would escape them. From that time on the arrivals increased in number, and by 11 o'clock most of the space available to the general public was taken.

There were a few people in the president's and in the diplomatic gallery. There were pretty dashes of color in the ladies' galleries, and the scene was an animated and and interesting one.

Below, on the floor of the house, the bustle commenced before 10 o'clock, pages, clerks and messengers hurrying about to put the finishing touches to their work. Of the more important personages, Reading Clerk E. L. Lampson of Ohio, and the little, the Democratic whip, another Ohio man, were the first to arrive. The first member to arrive on the floor was Mr. Esch of Wisconsin, followed directly in the order named by Brownlow of Tennessee, Gardner of Michigan, Jett of Illinois, and Clayton of Alabama. Speaker Henderson came in at 10:30 and at once repaired to his private consultation room, where he became the center of a number of conferences bearing on the legislation of the coming session.

Before 11 o'clock the Republican side of the floor of the house looked like a flower garden, vast bunches of chrysanthemums, American beauties and other hothouse flowers gracing the desks of favorite members, usually the compliments of those who extended congratulations upon a campaign of successful issue.

Speaker Henderson was liberally remembered in this regard. The Democratic side of the house was but very sparsely decorated. A number of new members quickly attracted attention. These new members have been chosen to fill seats made vacant by death or resignation, and quite a celebrity among them is Wm Richardson, who takes the place of General Wheeler of Alabama. He was a central figure in a dramatic episode of the civil war. He was captured in company with a confederate spy, although not a spy himself, and had been sentenced to death by General Crittenden. On the eve of his execution General Forrest swooped down on Crittenden's forces, released the spy, saved Richardson, who was then but seventeen years old, from death, and took many prisoners.

While all bustle generally characteristic of the house preceding the opening, was in progress, the more serious matters were calmly under consideration in a number of committee rooms. The ways and means committee, under Chairman Payne, was considering the most feasible manner of chopping something off the war tax revenues, the military affairs committee, under Chairman Hull, was going over the details of the army reorganization bill; the naval affairs committee, under Mr. Foss of Illinois, was looking over Secretary Long's estimates; the rivers and harbors committee, under Mr. Burton of Ohio, was going deep into long rows of figures indicative of amounts needed for improvements; the appropriation committee, subcommittee under Mr. Hinsham, was putting the finishing touches to the legislative, judicial and executive appropriation bill.

The hum of voices sounded throughout the halls and corridors, all was excitement, anticipation.

At noon the speaker's gavel fell, then all were silent.

Every member rose in his seat. In the silence that followed the voice of the blind chaplain rose clear and impressive in prayer. He called the blessings of God down upon the proceedings about to begin. The chaplain made touching reference to the departed members asking the blessings of heaven upon the bereaved ones left behind.

At the conclusion of the prayer the clerk called the roll of the house.

There so much confusion after the prayer that the roll call was stopped by the speaker.

"All members will take their seats," he ordered. "It is impossible to proceed with the roll call unless order be restored." his gavel beat the desk rapidly and finally the loud voices and shuffling of feet subsided.

The first to claim seats in the diplo-

CONTINUED ON PAGE ELEVEN.

IN ALL HISTORY

No Short Session of Congress Has Been So Memorable as Will Be the One Which Began Monday, Judging by Indications.

GREAT AMOUNT OF WORK BEFORE IT

Ordinarily a Short Session Is Devoted Almost Exclusively to the Passage of Appropriation Bills, but This Session Contemplates the Execution of Policies,

MAGNITUDE OF WHICH IS SIMPLY ENORMOUS

Yet the Customary Appropriation Bills, Which Usually Occupy the Time and Attention of Short Sessions, Will Be of Proportions Entirely Beyond Anything Heretofore Known---Economy Will Be the Watchword of the Republicans---But in the Face of It, Provisions Will Be Made for Perhaps the Largest Provisions Ever Known---Great River and Harbor Bill. Two Divisions.

Washington, Dec. 3.—The last, or short session of the fifty-sixth congress, beginning today, promises to be a memorable one in the history of the United States. Much work, not ordinarily undertaken at a short session, which is brought to a constitutional close March 4, has been outlined, but although this congress has shown a capacity to dispose of business rapidly, it is doubtful wether the entire program can be carried out.

The Democratic program does not appear to be one of obstruction, the overwhelming Republican victory in November having had a rather deterrent effect, but in a general way the time will be found too short to make inroads on the various propositions pending.

Ordinarily a short session is devoted almost exclusively to the passage of appropriation bills. The importance of these measures will be overshadowed this year by bills contemplating the execution of policies of enormous magnitude. And yet, the appropriation bills themselves will be of proportions entirely beyond anything heretofore known.

Economy will be the watchword of the Republicans. But in the face of it provision will be made for perhaps the largest expenditures ever known. There will be a $120,000,000 rivher and harbor bill. There will be a large public building bill; the naval appropriation bill will exceed by far anything in that line in the history of this country; the military appropriation bill will be a large one; the appropriations for the routine needs of the government—needs which are growing every year—will be in line with an expansive policy. There are fourteen of these bills in all. The total will not be far from the billion dollar mark.

The other work in contemplation is of prodigious character. The oleomargarine bill is a special order in the house for Thursday. It will reopen the fight between the "agrarians" on the one side, clamoring for the suppression of the oleo traffic and the manufacturing interests on the other, who charge that a legitimate enterprise is being unjustly persecuted as a sop to rural interests.

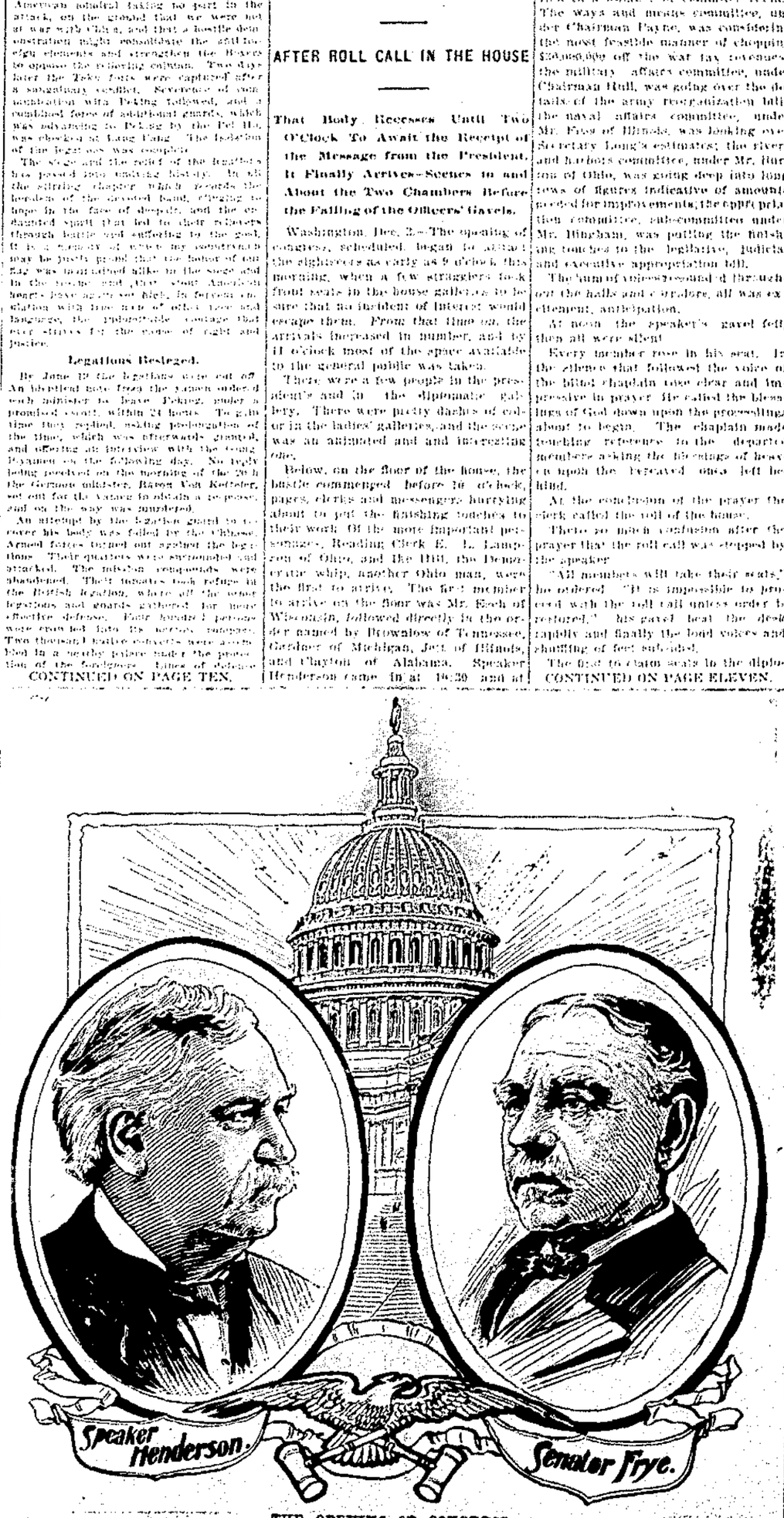
It is intended to pass, if possible, the Nicaraguan canal measure, which is the special order for the senate for December 10. A large majority in congress favor the construction of this canal, but it is some danger because of the complications of the Clayton-Bulwer and Hay-Pauncefote treaties. It may, therefore, before these complications are removed, come into conflict with some business deemed more urgent and remain as a legacy to the fifty-seventh congress.

The bill which promises to awaken the most active opposition is the Hanna-Fayne-Frye ship subsidy bill, in which Senator Hanna has promised to take a most active personal interest. There is a division even among the Republicans on the subject. Congressman Burton, of Senator Hanna's home town, being among those who have expressed hostility to the project. A number of Republicans deem the party committed to the up-building of the merchant marine, but they do not like the subsidy idea, and insist that it will not accomplish the desired object. Democrats may take advantage of this by joining as a unit the Republican insurgents, in which event the fate of the measure so far as action by this congress is concerned, is sealed. Senator Hanna will achieve additional prominence in this matter as a floor leader, but Senator Pettigrew, whose downfall in South Dakota, Senator Hanna was personally instrumental in accomplishing, has promised to pit himself against his old adversary and talk the measure to death. If no other way of disposing of it can be suggested, Senator Hanna has threatened that a cloture rule in the senate may be adopted to avert this danger, but in this he is "laughed to scorn" by the older senators of both parties, who cling to the tradition of absolute unlimited free speech.

The war revenue bill will be designed to carry out the suggestion of the president and Secretary Gage for a $100,000,000 reduction. Some senators desire to go further, and Democrats generally are willing to embarrass Republican leaders by a horizontal reduction. But party action will be taken in this matter, and a program will be agreed upon and carried out. The congressmen from districts in which large breweries are situated, are not satisfied, because no concessions to the brewing interests are contemplated, but their opposition can be but perfunctory and must crop out in some other direction if at all. It has been intimated that they may enter into a combine to defeat the ship subsidy bill as a retaliatory measure, but this story is not thoroughly authenticated.

The army reorganization bill will be passed in accordance with the president's recommendation providing for an army which can at any time be raised to 100,000 men. This will surely be done, for failure to do it will necessitate the calling of an extra session. Another one of the necessary acts is the passage of a reapportionment measure. Since the Republicans have abandoned the intention of reducing the representation of the South, no opposition to this measure will develop. Nor will the Democrats throw anything in the way of the appropriation bills unless it should be the naval bill, which provides a program of vast proportions, which may open the question of this country's remote interests as well as again bring up for political discussion the armor plate contracts therein involved.

There will be one or two diversions of personal and not altogether unentertaining character. The Republican members of the house will pay their satirical respects to Mr. Lentz of Ohio, the president's most annoying assailant, who has been defeated; the Republicans of the senate will direct the shafts of their sarcasm at Mr. Pettigrew, who occupies a like position. Lentz has threatened to contest. The announcement has awakened a rather grim sort of Republican amusement. There are some who hope that he will carry out his threat.



THE OPENING OF CONGRESS.

The second session of the Fifty-sixth congress, which has just opened, promises to be a most notable one. Foremost among the questions to be settled at once is the revision of the war tax schedule, in which every citizen has a lively personal interest.

For the Fifth Time.

City of Mexico, Dec. 3.—The city was in gala attire Saturday, bunting, flags, Chinese lanterns and streamers everywhere in honor of the inauguration of General Diaz for the fifth time as president of Mexico.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort instantly relieved, permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any drug store.

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NEEDS OF LANDS

CONTINUED FROM PAGE NINE.

were strengthened, trenches dug, barricades raised and preparations made to stand a siege, which at once began.

From June 20 until July 17, writes Minister Conger, "there was scarcely an hour during which there was not firing upon some part of our lines and into some of the legations, ranging from a single shot to a general and continuous attack along the whole line." Artillery was placed around the legations and on the overlooking portions of the walls, and thousands of three-inch shot and shell were fired, distressing some buildings and damaging all. So fierce was the hail of bullets rain that when the ammunition of the besieged ran low, five quarts of Chinese bullets were gathered in an hour in our compound and reused.

Attempts were made to burn the legations by setting houses on fire, but the flames were successfully fought off, although the American, Belgian, Italian and Dutch legations were then and subsequently burned. With the aid of the native Christians, directed by the missionaries, to whose helpful co-operation Mr. Conger awards unstinted praise, the British legation was made a veritable fortress. The British minister, Claude MacDonald, was chosen general commander of the defense, with the secretary of the American legation, E. T. Squiers, as chief of staff.

To save life and ammunition the besieged sparingly returned the incessant fire of the Chinese soldiery, fighting only to repel attack or make an occasional successful sortie for strategic advantage, such as that of 15 Americans, British and Russian marines led by Captain Myers of the United States marine corps, which resulted in the capture of a formidable barricade on the wall that gravely menaced the American position. It was held to the last, and proved an invaluable acquisition, because commanding the water gate through which the relief column entered.

During the siege the defenders lost 65 killed, 135 wounded and 7 by disease—the last all children.

On July 14 the besieged had their first communication with the Tsung-li-yamen, from whom a message came inviting to a conference, which was declined. Correspondence, however, ensued, and a sort of armistice was agreed upon, which stopped the bombardment and lessened the rifle fire for a time. Even then no protection whatever was afforded, nor any aid given, save to send to the legations a small supply of fruit and three sacks of flour.

Indeed, the only communication had with the Chinese government related to the occasional delivery or dispatch of a telegram or to the demands of the Tsung-li-yamen for the withdrawal of the legations to the coast under escort. Not only are the protestations of the Chinese government that it protected and succored the legations positively contradicted, but irresistible proof accumulates that the attacks upon them were made by imperial troops, regularly uniformed, armed and officered, belonging to the command of Jung Lu, the imperial commander-in-chief. Decrees encouraging the Boxers, organizing them under provincial imperial officers, providing them and even granting them large sums in the name of the empress dowager, are known to exist.

Mongolian Perfidy.

Members of the Tsung-li-yamen were promised protection if the foreigners were beheaded. Even in the distant provinces men suspected of foreign sympathy were put to death, prominent among these being Chung Yen-Hsuen, formerly Chinese minister in Washington. With the negotiation of the partial armistice of July 11, a proceeding which was doubtless promoted by the representations of the Chinese envoy in Washington, the way was opened for the conveyance to Mr. Conger of a first message sent by the secretary of state through the kind offices of Wu Ting-Fang. Mr. Conger's reply, dispatched from Peking on July 18, through the same channel, afforded to the outside world the first tidings that the inmates of the legations were still alive and hoping for succor. This news stimulated the preparations for a joint relief expedition in numbers sufficient to overcome the resistance which for a month had been organizing between Taku and the capital. Reinforcements sent by all the co-operating governments were constantly arriving. The United States contingent, hastily assembled from the Philippines or dispatched from this country, amounted to some 5,000 men, under the able command first of the lamented Colonel Liscum and afterwards of General Chaffee.

Toward the end of July the movement began. A severe conflict followed at Tien Tsin, in which Colonel Liscum was killed. The city was stormed and partly destroyed. Its capture afforded the base of operations from which to make the final advance, which began in the first days of August, the expedition being made up of Japanese, Russian, British and American troops at the outset.

Another battle was fought and won at Yangtsun. Thereafter the disheartened Chinese troops offered little show of resistance. A few days later the important position of Ho-Si-Wu was taken. A rapid march brought the united forces to the populous city of Tung Chow, which capitulated without a contest.

The Rescue.

On August 14 the capital was reached. After a brief conflict beneath the walls the relief column entered and the legations were saved. The United States soldiers and sailors, in those distant climes and unusual surroundings, showed the same valor, discipline and good conduct and gave proof of the same high degree of intelligence and efficiency which have distinguished them in every emergency.

The imperial family and the government had fled a few days before. The city was without visible control. The remaining imperial soldiery had made on the night of the 13th a last attempt to exterminate the besieged, which was gallantly repelled. It fell to the occupying forces to restore order and organize a provisional administration.

Happily, the acute disturbances were confined to the northern provinces. It is a relief to recall and a pleasure to record the loyal conduct of the viceroys and local authorities of the southern and eastern provinces. Their efforts were continuously directed to the pacific control of the vast populations under their rule and to the scrupulous observance of foreign treaty rights. At critical moments they did not hesitate to memorialize the throne, urging the protection of the legations, the restoration of communication and the assertion of the imperial authority against the subversive elements. They maintained excellent relations with the official representatives of foreign powers. To their kindly disposition is largely due the success of the consuls in removing many of the missionaries from the interior to places of safety. In this relation the action of the consuls should be highly commended. In Shan-Tung and Eastern Chi-li the task was difficult, but, thanks to their energy and the co-operation of American foreign naval commanders, hundreds of foreigners, including those of other nationalities than ours, were rescued from imminent peril.

The policy of the United States through all this trying period was clearly announced and scrupulously carried out. A circular note to the powers dated July 3 proclaimed our attitude. Treating the situation in the north as one of virtual anarchy, in which the local authorities of the south and southwest did not share, we regarded the local authorities in the latter quarter as responsible for the Chinese people with whom we sought to remain in peace and friendship. Our declared aims involved no war against the Chinese nation. We referred to the long record of exacting the fulfillment by China of treaty obligations, including those for the protection of foreigners and their property, enforcing Chinese responsibility for the safety of American life and property in China and preventing a repeal of the conditions of their permanency.

Policy of the United States.

As was then said, "the policy of the government of the United States is to seek a solution which may be consistent with the protection of just American interests and permanently relieve the present situation in China, and to prevent a recurrence of such disorders as those at Pekin."

Faithful to these principles, which, as I proved informed the powers, had formed the basis of other negotiations, our efforts have been directed toward the accomplishment of the common object by the means best calculated to it. Nothing has been done in contravention of the principles of equality and fair play by which we have always professed to be guided in our intercourse with China. Our treaties with her have been faithfully observed. Our commercial relations have been conducted in the open manner which entitled them to the favorable consideration of the Chinese government. We have sought no territorial advantage, no exclusive privileges, no commercial preferences, no opportunity denied to the commerce of other nations. We have taken no part in the local complications which have grown out of the general situation. We have not permitted our position as one of the powers to be used to the detriment of any of the Chinese people. We have urged moderation upon the allied forces and have constantly borne in mind the duty of conserving the integrity of China and preserving to her people the full benefit of the rights guaranteed to them by treaty and international law and safeguard for the world the principle of equal and impartial trade with all parts of the Chinese empire.

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I publish to these principles

...ve it credit to the strength ...national banking act. It al... The provision for the in... national banks with a capi... than $25,000, in places not ...inhabitants, has resulted ... of banking facilities to ...localities hitherto unable ...ties with banking institu... national system. There ... from the enactment of the ... in force Nov. 20, 1900 na... which 296 were with capital ... and 1,023 with capital of ...

...t months that the greater ... banks being organized under ... are in sections where the ... facilities has been most ... Oklahoma, Indian Ter... western sections of the country ... largely of the prin... new law.

...circulating notes from ... Nov. 20 is $277,310,079.

...power is committed to such ... better make the busi... to the varying needs of ... sections and in all sections.

Foreign Trade.

...trade shows a remarkable ...mercial and industrial pro... of imports and exports ... time in the history of the ... Commerce. The ex... than they have ever been ... the fiscal year 1900 ... an increase over 1899 ... over 1897 of $606,650,536, and ... 1896 by $711,870,144.

...of manufactures in the Unit... evidenced by the fact that ex... manufactured products largely ex... previous years, their value ... $433,851,733, against $339,... an increase of 28 per cent. ... products were also exported ... greater volume than in 1899, ... the year being $835,858,125, ... $702,142,146 in 1899.

...for the year amounted to ... an increase over 1899 of $212,... increase is largely in pro... Trade Com, and is negative ... development of manufactur... United States. While there was ... for use in the manufactures for ... value of $20,768,972 ... of 1899, it is reassuring to ob... return to a tendency toward dev... a portion of articles manu... for consumption, which in ... 1897 fell to 87.7 per cent of the total im... against 93.51 in 1899, and 21.46 in 1896.

Reduce War Revenue.

I recommend that the congress at its ... session reduce the internal rev... now imposed to meet the expenses ... with Spain to the sum of $... collection should be secured ... of those laws which ex... have shown to be the most bur... to the industries of the people. ... that there be included in ... repealed to make the heavy tax... to the users and in all exchanges.

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Merchant Marine.

...steam vessels during the past three ... increased about 9 per cent of our ... and imports. Foreign ships carried ... 1897, but the greater part of ... in trade. The remarkable growth ... coast industries, the progress of ... for the domestic trade, and ... steady maintained expenditures for ... have created an opportunity to ... the United States in the first rank ... commercial maritime powers.

...declaring a proper national aspir... this will mean the establishment and ... growth along all our coasts of a ... national industry, expanding the ... for profit the employment of labor and ... It will increase the transportation ... and reduce freight charges on the ... bulk of products brought from the ... to the seaboard for export, and ... operation on some of the natural de... upon which the founders of the gov... and their successors have relied. ... saving immediate action by the ... measures to promote American ... and foreign trade, I direct atten... to the recommendations on the subj... in previous messages, and particularly ... opinion expressed in the message of 1899.

...submit the judgment of the coun... for the policy of and to our next ... which will broaden our ... markets and upbuild our ... capacity for the products of agri... and manufactures, which, with the ... of labor, mean more work and ... American laborers in every part of ...

...attention of the congress is invited ... consideration of the necessity of ... in the annual report for last ... of the navy department for legi... further action is urged.

The Trusts.

...the last annual message to the con... attention to the necessity ... action to remedy such evils as ... to exist in connection with ... of capital organized into ... and again invite attention to my ... of the subject at that time ... with these words: "It is ... that uniformity of legislation up... subject in the several states is ... desirable. It is to be hoped that ... can be secured, founded in a wise and ... discrimination between what is injur... and what is useful and necessary in the ... operations, may be obtained, and ... may be found for the congress, ... limitations of its constitutional ... to supplement an effective code ... legislation as to make a complete ... of laws throughout the United ... congress to compel a general obe... of the salutary rules to which I have ...

...question is so important and ... that I am sure no part of it ... carefully considered, but every phase ... have the studied deliberation of the ... resulting in wise and judi... upon such combinations as are ... which are within federal ... should be promptly applied by ...

The Philippines.

...annual message I dwelt at ... upon the condition of affairs ... Philippines. While seeking to ... that the grave responsibil... future government of those ... with the congress of the United ... abstained from recommending at ... time and final form of gov... the territory actually held by ... forces, and in which as ... control continues the mili... must necessarily be supreme. I ... purpose, until the congress shall ... by the formal expression ... the authority vested in ... constitution and the statutes ... sovereignty of the United ... those distant islands as in all ... where our flag rightfully ... to that end, at the disposal ... and navy all the means which ... of congress and the people ... No contrary expression of ... congress having been made, ... faithfully pursued the purpose so ... accomplishing the civil arts as well ... accomplishment of pacification, ... institution of final governments ...

...within the limit of authority and law.

Progress in the respective directions has been favorable. Our forces have successfully overcome the greatest part of the hostile organizations, overmastering the scattered forces of the insurgents and occupying order and administration, practically in all quarters. What might otherwise remain to be the most part settlement, shaping to understand that of strategic action, operating only by the methods common to the conflicts of guerrilla warfare, which, while ineffective to affect the general control now established, are still sufficient to render it exceedingly slow the progress of the work of reconstruction and pacification. The insurgents have failed to gain the sympathy of the people, who, distrusting their promises and realizing the power of the United States, are now manifesting toward our soldiers a feeling of confidence which is growing as rapidly as the natural resentment toward an invader can be expected to subside. Many of the insurgent troops have surrendered and returned to their homes, resuming the occupations of peace. Others are following their example as fast as the opportunity is offered to them.

By the spread of civil government throughout the islands, under the direction of the military authorities, the relief of the people from the burdens of war and the restoration of productive industry are greatly promoted. The condition of the commercial ports, chiefly of the Philippines, where the effects of war are most severely felt, is improving, and trade is steadily increasing. Manila, Iloilo and Cebu are reoccupying their former relations with the interior districts, and the exchange of products is gradually reviving. The progress of the work of pacification has been such as to warrant the withdrawal from the islands of Luzon and Panay of a considerable number of troops, whose presence is no longer required for military purposes, and whose return to the United States has been accordingly ordered. The troops remaining in the islands are constantly employed in the active offensive operations which are still necessary against the insurgents who refuse to accept the conditions offered them by the commission, and who are being pursued with vigor and success. The expeditions which have been undertaken against the Moros in Mindanao and Jolo have resulted in the complete submission of the sultan of Sulu and many of the subordinate chiefs, who have accepted the provisions of the treaty of August 20, 1899, and are settling down to the pursuits of peace under the authority of the United States. The work of the commission in the establishment of municipal governments, the selection of capable officials, the opening of schools, the improvement of roads and highways, the encouragement of commerce and industry, and the inauguration of measures for the relief of the people from the famine which has prevailed in certain districts, has received my full approval and support.

Cable to the Orient.

I renew the recommendation that congress provide for the establishment of a cable to the Philippines, by way of Hawaii, Guam and Manila, as the necessity for such a cable has been fully demonstrated by the events of the past two years. The importance of the islands to the commerce of the Pacific ocean and the vast interests there developing make it the duty of the government to lay such a cable at the earliest practicable moment.

Some time in the present month the Philippine commission will leave Manila for the United States. The entire body of the commission will return to the islands, except Messrs. Taft and Ide, whose presence is desired here.

Since their appointment the commissioners have devoted their time to the study of the existing conditions in the islands, and to the preparation of such recommendations as they deem necessary for the establishment of civil government. Their work has been performed with marked ability and success, and the reports which they have submitted are exceedingly interesting and valuable. They will be communicated to congress with my message, and I commend them to the careful consideration of congress. They contain much information which will be found useful in the framing of legislation for the islands, and I am sure congress will be glad to learn from them of the progress made by the commissioners in the performance of the duties assigned to them.

In the message communicated to the congress on the 5th of December, 1899, I said, speaking of the Philippine Islands: "As long as the insurrection continues the task before us will necessarily be exacting. We must be prepared to see difficulties arise and must not be disheartened thereby. We should not be taken from that to them to transfer governmental responsibility to the people as fast as they are willing to bear it and are fitted for it, and to assist them in the adjustment of all the complex questions which must arise in the readjustment of their relations toward the world and toward themselves as they develop the strength for self-government and the capacity for self-control. As fast as they show the ability to govern themselves and to govern others we shall gladly welcome them to their rightful position among the free peoples of the earth. Our aim is not to govern them against their will, but to govern them in such a way as to make them desire to be governed." I am glad to say that the progress made in the direction indicated has been encouraging.

Under the instructions issued by the secretary of war on the 7th of April last, the military governor of the Philippines has extended the operations of the civil authorities throughout the islands, and practically the only portions of the archipelago where the military power is still exercised are those inhabited by the Moros and other non-Christian tribes. In the department of Mindanao and Jolo, where the military force is chiefly employed, the establishment of municipal governments is in progress, and the people are manifesting a disposition to accept the new conditions. The courts established by the commission are in operation throughout the islands, except in the districts occupied by the Moros and other non-Christian tribes, and the defendants in criminal cases are generally given the benefit of counsel. The constabulary force, composed entirely of natives, under the command of officers detailed from the army, has proved very efficient in the maintenance of peace and the prevention of brigandage. The relations between the military and civil authorities have been harmonious, and the best results have been secured by their co-operation.

Agriculture.

The department of agriculture has ... extending its work during the past year ... lines, and has been actively engaged ... the introduction into the United States ... plants and seeds, the testing of new ... and the distribution of information ... subjects to the people. The ... of publications and correspondence ... during the year 1900 was 20,... 1899. Inquiries and requests for ... have been answered, and ... have been sent out. Experiments ... in the study of the ... and the diseases of ... Investigations have been ... the chemistry of soils and ... and the losses caused by ... Experiments in the ... of sugar beets have been ... and the industry has been ... Investigations in the ... of forestry have been ... and the planting of ... in the treeless regions of the ... has been encouraged. Inquiries ... the forests and forestry have ... during the year. Experiments ... have been undertaken, and ... of cotton in the United States ... Investigations in the ... of animal industry have been ... and the causes and ... of many diseases of ... have been ascertained. ... of the diseases of ... and the losses caused by ... have been investigated. ... of the diseases of ... and the losses caused by ... have been investigated. ... of the diseases of ... and the losses caused by ... have been investigated